

Lawson aims at tax and base rate cuts

Upbeat message for City after crash

By Robin Oakley and Rodney Lord

Mr Nigel Lawson is expected to give MPs an optimistic picture of the economy in his autumn statement today which will show him with room for manoeuvre for a further round of tax cuts in next spring's Budget.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer's statement could also be the trigger for a further cut in base rates.

Mr Lawson is planning a characteristically upbeat counter to the gloom spread by the recent stock market connotations.

Allowing for the effect of the stock market slide, Mr Law-

son is expected to shade downwards his previous forecast of economic growth. But he will also outline lower expectations for inflation.

The Chancellor, who can do little wrong in Conservative eyes at the moment after his effective role in the election campaign and his triumph over the BP flotation on Thursday, will not give any direct indication of the scope for tax cuts in his statement.

But he is known to be aiming for a reduction in the higher rates of income tax early in this Parliament and he promised at the Conservative

year is likely to be 2.5-3 per cent while inflation is now expected to be 4 per cent or below.

Conservative economists are arguing that the stock market collapse has reduced the demand for credit and the risk of the economy overheating in response to further tax cuts which might otherwise have had to be held back for that reason.

The Chancellor is expected to tell MPs that the spending limit agreed by the public expenditure Committee back in July of £154 billion has been exceeded by about £2 billion-£3 billion, but that it will still meet the Government's aim of a reduction in spending as a proportion of gross domestic product.

Pay awards to nurses, teachers and other public sector workers will cost more money. But the overall total will fall as a proportion of GDP in line with the Cabinet's agreement in July.

MPs believe that the main victims of squeeze in a public spending round which has done much to boost the growing reputation of Mr John Major, the Chief Secretary to the Treasury, are likely to be the Ministry of Defence and the Department of Health and Social Security.

Ministers have been saying that Mr Major has displayed in his first public expenditure round an effective combination of firmness and political judgement. Mr Lawson's success in public finance is one factor which could lead to a cut in base rates. But markets are also looking very closely at international developments.

"It's 50-50 this week for a cut in base rates", Mr Stephen Hannon, of County NatWest, said yesterday. "It is very much dependent on the Bundesbank and the Fed."

Today's weekly repurchase rate by the Bundesbank which is expected to be reduced from 3.80 per cent to perhaps 3.60 per cent will be a crucial influence.

Markets are also watching carefully the US Government's quarterly refinancing which begins today to see what degree of support it secures from Japanese investors. If the Bundesbank cuts its rate and US refinancing receives at least moderate support UK rates are more likely to fall.

The autumn statement is expected on balance to reassure markets. An increase in the public expenditure planning total of £154 billion of up to £3 billion has been discounted.



Mr Lawson: Can do little wrong in Tory eyes.

Stock market survives its Settlement Day

By Our City Staff

Settlement Day on the stock market passed without drama yesterday, when investors had to settle their bills for the previous two-week stock exchange trading account, which included "Black Monday".

There had been fears that a number of smaller brokers would be forced to cease trading because of the heavy losses clients had suffered, after the collapse in share prices around the world over the past couple of weeks.

A Stock Exchange spokesman said last night that all member firms due to make payments through the central settlement system had met

their obligations. But it is possible that failures may occur in the next few days, if clients who have been given extra time to pay up fail to do so.

Share prices spent a quiet day. The FT-SE 100 index fell 26.1 to 1,723.7, while the narrower FT 30 share index lost 18.2 to 1,342.7. On Wall Street, the Dow Jones industrial average was up 13.93 at 2,007.46 in afternoon trading.

The dollar fell again, amid concern over slow progress in talks on the US budget deficit. In London, the pound gained 1.7 cents, closing at \$1.7390.

Stock market, page 26

Peter Brooke named new Tory party chairman



Mr Brooke leaving his Treasury office last night. (Photograph: Alan Weller)

MPs stunned by low-key appointment

By Nicholas Wood, Political Correspondent

Mrs Thatcher disappointed Tory MPs and ministers yesterday by naming the little-known Mr Peter Brooke, the Paymaster General, as the new chairman of the Conservative Party.

One minister described the appointment as "bizarre" and predicted that his tenure of office in Smith Square would end in tears.

"You need a big political figure in charge in what is going to be a difficult couple of years for the Government with the legislation over the poll tax, the education reforms and housing."

"The party faithful will need to be buoyed up and Peter Brooke is not the man to do it. He's a very nice, very amiable, very worthy man with a lot of friends, but he lacks that spark, that determination."

"She should have put in a hatchet man to sort out Central Office. Peter's part of the system."

A former senior minister said Mr Brooke had a "safe pair of hands" and would do and say nothing to cause an uproar.

Tory backbenchers were also generally disappointed that Mrs Thatcher had not chosen a more dynamic figure to replace Mr Norman Tebbit. One said he was

"dumbfounded" and could only assume that after the "debacle" of the withdrawal of Lord Young of Graffham, the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, no front-line minister wanted the job.

Lord Young, the Prime Minister's first choice, ruled himself out of contention when he refused to relinquish any of his current responsibilities at the Department of Trade and Industry.

Staff at Smith Square, however, generally welcomed Mr Brooke's appointment, saying that the former whip and

junior education minister was a solid, honest politician with excellent leadership qualities.

"He will be quite a good figurehead", said one senior insider.

They acknowledged that he was hardly a household name among the party rank and file and would have to devote much of his energies to becoming better known.

It was widely believed that Mr Brooke would be in post for only a couple of years before making way for a more senior figure in the run-up to the next election.

Mr Brooke, aged 53, takes Continued on page 24, col 3

Gorbachov rounds on Kremlin extremists

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

Mikhail Gorbachov yesterday used the symbolic occasion of his key-note speech launching celebrations of the 70th anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution to try and heal the rapidly growing rift between conservatives and reformers inside the Soviet Communist Party.

He made two tactical concessions to the opponents of reform. In a move which severely disappointed many Soviet intellectuals he conspicuously failed in the

keenly-awaited history section to spell out the grimmest details of the Stalinist terror. But he also delivered a sharp attack on those inside the party hierarchy whom he accused of "impatience" by demanding that the pace of reform be accelerated.

The marathon three-hour address to 6,000 delegates in the Kremlin was broadcast live on Soviet television. It came as Mr Gorbachov was faced by what senior diplomats here regard as the most serious political crisis of his career caused by deep dif-

ferences inside the Politburo.

The speech came less than a fortnight after Mr Boris Yeltsin, the abrasive chief of the Moscow Communist Party, threatened to resign both his party and Politburo posts because of what he alleged was a campaign against the reforms being waged in the Communist hierarchy.

"It would be a mistake to take no notice of a certain increase in the resistance of

the conservative forces that see perestroika (restructuring) simply as a threat to their selfish interests and objective," declared Mr Gorbachov.

"This resistance can be felt not only at management level, but also in work collectives."

His warning followed reports of two recent strikes mounted by bus drivers and assembly-line workers against the economic reforms.

These are regarded by Western embassies as representing what one diplomat called "the tip of the iceberg" of industrial discontent sparked off by new, Western-style work methods.

In addition, Pravda last week published a front-page article urging its 10 million readers not to indulge in the wave of panic buying which it said was sweeping through many Soviet cities as a result of malicious rumours of impending price rises resulting from the reforms.

Speaking under a giant statue of Lenin, Mr Gorbachov said pointedly: "Nor can one really doubt that the conservative forces will seize upon any difficulty in a bid to discredit perestroika and provoke dissatisfaction among the people."

In what was seen as an indirect rebuff to Mr Yegor Ligachev, the Kremlin number two and the leading conservative voice inside the Politburo, the Soviet leader added angrily: "Naturally,

Continued on page 24, col 4

Irishman paid too much for coaster

By Christopher Mosey in Stockholm, Philip Jacobson in Brest, Roger Boyes in Valletta and John Cooney in Dublin

The fifty-year-old coaster seized by the French authorities yesterday at his home in the port of Kalmir in the south-east of the county, said the buyer of his vessel was "a nice Irishman in his fifties", who said he represented a Panamanian shipping line. He said he was shocked to hear about the arms haul.

Mr Schott described the Irishman as "sympathetic". "He said the big advantage of the Eksund was that she could negotiate shallow waters and that he intended to use her on rivers in West Africa," Mr Schott said.

As they spoke the Eksund's current master, Mr Adrian Hopkins, an Irishman, was still being questioned with his four-man crew by French detectives in Brest about the 150-tonne booby-trapped haul of arms, ammunition and explosives found on their ship, the unloading of which

CBI chiefs condemn poll tax

By Edward Townsend

Business leaders yesterday called on the Government to scrap the proposed uniform business rates and introduce a new, less expensive system to allow businesses to opt out of paying for the social services.

Delegates at the Confederation of British Industry's 11th annual conference in Glasgow made clear their opposition to the Government's proposals, which would "lead neither to greater accountability nor to a clear connection between spending and local taxation."

The CBI wants industry to contribute to the running of local services, such as the police and education, but wants to opt out of "bottomless pits" such as social services.

This, it believes, could achieve its aim of a 25 per cent cut in rates at a saving of about £2 billion on industry's £8 billion a year rates bill.

Fighting fit, page 25

Conference report, page 29

Woolwich Arsenal may be rescued from ruin

By Martin Fletcher Political Reporter

The Ministry of Defence is to dispose of scores of listed historic buildings which it cannot afford to maintain or restore.

It has set up a Historic Military Buildings committee of government officials, heritage organizations, architects and developers to find alternative commercial uses for listed properties which are redundant and in several cases falling down.

The properties range from old naval roperies to Victorian barracks to gunboat yards. Top of the list come the Royal Arsenal at Woolwich, the Grahame White hangar at RAF Hendon where modern military avi-

ation began, the Napoleonic East Barracks at Deal, and Fort Rowner at Gosport built by Lord Palmerston.

The move follows fierce criticism of the MoD's stewardship of its estate from the all-party Commons environment committee and others.

In a report on Britain's historic buildings and ancient monuments earlier this year, the Tory-controlled committee said the MoD was not following the highest standards of conservation expected of government departments and spoke of "the scandalous neglect suffered by some historic buildings at Woolwich Arsenal".

In a separate report on the Government's Property Services

Agency the committee recorded the MoD's admission that many of its unused historic buildings receive "absolute minimum maintenance".

It continued: "We understand why MoD claim that they must spend their money on primary defence purposes, rather than maintaining the some 500 historic buildings on their estate. But we do not consider that such buildings should have been allowed to fall into such decay."

The committee, to be chaired by Mr Roger Freeman, Under Secretary of State at the ministry, will examine each site in turn and decide on the most appropriate use. If no military function is possible and if no heritage organization is interested in taking it

on, the private sector will be invited to buy it for commercial, industrial or residential use on condition that it is properly restored and maintained.

While proceeds from the sales would in many cases be paltry because of the dilapidation of the properties, the MoD would derive considerable benefit from being freed of these substantial liabilities.

The committee includes Professor William Whitfield, a leading architect, Mr Stuart Lipton, an eminent commercial property developer, and representatives of the MoD, the Department of Environment and English Heritage. The Woolwich Arsenal will be the first site examined early in the New Year.

IN PART 2

TSB approval

A six-hour meeting of TSB shareholders approved the takeover of Hill Samuel despite strong protests. Page 25

Soccer charge

Terry Butcher, of Rangers and England, became the fourth player charged with conduct likely to cause a breach of the peace during the recent Rangers-Celtic game. Page 48

TIMES FOCUS

Plastics touch all our lives. A Special Report looks at this £140 billion worldwide industry. Pages 17-19

Portfolio

● The £4,000 prize in The Times Portfolio Gold competition was won yesterday by a reader from Dunstable, Bedfordshire. Details, page 3. ● Portfolio list, page 33.

INDEX

Home News	2-3, 6
Overseas	7-10
Business	25-34
Sport	44-48
Appointments	38-39
Arts	16
Births, deaths, marriages	15
Bridge	15
City Diary	27
Court	14
Crosswords	11, 24
Diary	22
Entertainments	20, 21
Fashion	11, 12
Features	22
Information	40
Law Report	40-44
Legal appointments	13
Leading articles	13
Letters	14
Obituary	4
Parliament	4
Sale room	15
Science	23
TV & Radio	24
Weather	14
Wills	14

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NEWS SUMMARY

Judge and jury hail child screens

Three child molesters were found guilty yesterday of a series of sexual attacks, thanks to a device which spared their victims from facing them in court.

Five abused youngsters gave evidence at the Central Criminal Court from behind a wooden screen which was later praised by both judge and jury.

Judge Pigot, the Common Sergeant, described the case as "harrowing and nauseating". The men, one of them the stepfather of four of the victims, will be sentenced today.

Rag dolls were used to help the children to describe the more explicit details of their abuse. Social workers sat near by, ready to comfort the children if they became upset.

Call for inquiry

Ministers yesterday demanded an inquiry into how a cross-Channel ferry left Boulogne for Folkestone on Sunday carrying 238 passengers more than its legal limit.

As soon as the error was detected, when tickets were double-checked on board, the captain turned round the Horsa and the extra passengers were left at Boulogne.

Sealink British Ferries, owners of the ferry, said it had not left the harbour when it turned back. The company held an inquiry yesterday.

Car theft charge

A businessman aged 33 was charged yesterday with stealing a car owned by Mrs Shirley Banks from Bristol who disappeared 26 days ago, just four weeks after her wedding.

John Cannan, of Bridge Road, Leigh Woods, Bristol was charged with stealing Mrs Banks's Mini Clubman. He was also accused of assault with intent to rob at a women's fashion shop in Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.

Mr Cannan was remanded in custody until Friday by Bristol magistrates.

Move to boost post

The Post Office has begun talks to see whether the standard of postal deliveries can be improved on Saturdays. Sir Bryan Nicholson, the chairman, is hoping staff will agree to a pilot scheme as part of his campaign to improve the service.

However his hopes of reaching agreement with staff on later collections and deliveries on Saturday are threatened by the threat of a strike by the Union of Communication Workers over a shorter working week which could seriously disrupt Christmas mail.

As the union ballots its members on the issue, Sir Bryan has said he would be prepared to see the Post Office monopoly surrendered rather than to give in to the union.

Promise for ANC

Two members of the African National Congress went to the High Court yesterday to ensure their personal safety and protect documents held by the police which may provide evidence for a damages claim against three men in an alleged kidnap plot.

Mr Solly Smith and Dr Frene Giniewala won legally binding promises from lawyers acting for the three men who had been accused, until charges were dropped last month, of planning to kidnap them and other leading ANC members.

5,000 support strike

The 5,000 staff of Manchester's social services department staged a half-day strike yesterday in support of their director who is being forced to take early retirement.

The strikers, who were not called out by their unions, are campaigning to save the job of the city's Director of Social Services, Miss Irene Walton, aged 57, who has been told to leave her post by left-wing leaders of the city council.

About 1,000 workers demonstrated outside Manchester Town Hall and only emergency services operated. Workers say any shortcomings in services have been caused by council-imposed cuts and are not the fault of Miss Walton.

Two RAF pilots killed as Harrier jets collide

By Harvey Elliott
Air Correspondent

Two RAF pilots died yesterday when their Harrier GR3 jets collided over the Otterburn firing range in Northumberland.

The aircraft were making their second practice attack of the day against a series of simulated targets, using practice cluster bombs, rockets and cannon when, it is believed, they clipped wings and plunged into the ground.

The Harriers, from No 3 Squadron, had taken off from their home base at Gütersloh

in West Germany and joined dozens of other aircraft from Nato air forces in Exercise Mallet Blow, held four times a year by the RAF to enable pilots to practise ground attack.

After a successful morning sortie the aircraft had flown to Lossiemouth, in Grampian, to rearm and refuel. They then joined a six-man formation attacking a simulated runway with penetration bombs. In a runway attack the aircraft fly in pairs in line astern with about 50 yards between them and each then breaks clear. The aim is to get all six aircraft

through the target within 20 seconds.

Something went wrong, possibly as the aircraft split to avoid simulated missile sites, and the two planes crashed into the ground from less than 300 ft and at more than 300 mph.

The RAF immediately launched an inquiry into the accident, which brings to at least 35 the number of aircraft lost in low flying accidents over the past five years and the deaths of nearly 30 air crew.

The Harriers of 3 Squadron

are briefed to combat any sudden Soviet ground attack. They each cost about £11 million and are armed with bombs and rockets designed to penetrate heavy armour.

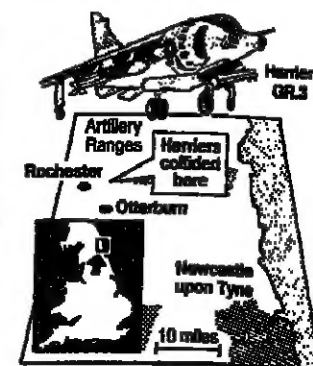
Crews regularly practise very low level high-speed attack runs against hulks of cars or buildings on the firing range at Otterburn.

The Harrier collision led to renewed calls for a full inquiry into low flying exercises. Mr Alan Beith, Liberal MP for Berwick on Tweed, said that he would be calling for a review. Pressure has been growing for some months for

the RAF to seek low flying training areas overseas.

The inquiry on the pilot of the Harrier GR5 which flew unmanoeuvred for more than 500 miles after he was sucked out of his seat, has been put back to late January. The inquiry board believes that only if the Harrier's wreckage is raised from the bed of the sea off Ireland can it establish the facts in detail.

That will be a difficult task and the Royal Navy is still not convinced that the recovery vessel, HMS Challenger, can do it. Because the jet fell from



30,000 ft it is thought it may have broken up on impact and wreckage could be scattered over a wide area.

London may avoid poll tax switch in one go

By Philip Webster, Chief Political Correspondent

Mr Nicholas Ridley, Secretary of State for the Environment, is working on proposals designed to allow most of the country to switch to the poll tax in one go but to introduce special arrangements to mitigate the effects in central London.

With support for a one-off introduction growing, but little apparent backing among MPs for giving local authorities the discretion to decide whether to phase, Mr Ridley is again examining the London factor, which has always presented the biggest obstacle to his long-held desire for a straight introduction across the country.

With the Inner London Education Authority precept falling on top of the rates, there is deep opposition among MPs to a phased introduction of the poll tax in one go. In Camden, north London, it has been estimated that each adult would pay a community charge of £782.

MPs from the outer London area are thought to be keener on the idea of a single introduction. A Cabinet committee chaired by the Prime Minister will look at the latest options today but there is unlikely to be a final decision.

One possibility being considered by Mr Ridley is the introduction of general rules which would mean that only those councils whose rate income went above a certain fixed level would have to phase in the poll tax.

By setting the figure high, only the high-spending councils in inner London and certain pockets elsewhere would phase and the rest of the country could scrap rates earlier or even go for a single introduction.

The Government is proposing a £30 million bail-out for the inhabitants of the City of London to save them from poll tax bills that could total £9,000 a head (Our Public

Administration Correspondent writes).

The government scheme, the Association of Metropolitan Authorities said yesterday, would mean "effectively all poll tax payers will be subsidising the City's expenditure".

In the first year of the community charge residents in the City, which has only 4,400 permanent residents but the wealthiest tax base in the country, face bills of £8,995 compared with a projected national average in England of £224.

Those large bills are because in Whitehall's eyes the City is a consistent overspenders. If the City cut its spending to what the Government says it needs to spend, then its future poll tax bill would only be £178 a head.

Within three years of the poll tax being introduced, City residents could face bills of £9,512 a head.

The Department of the Environment has been seeking ways of saving the City from the consequences of the new system. Under poll tax, every pound a council spends above government-approved levels has to be met directly by the adult population. The City's overspending this year is about £37 million. Divided by the small resident population, that would produce huge individual bills for the residents of the Barbican and the few flats and houses elsewhere in the City.

The department's solution is to let the City keep some of the huge amount it collects in rates from City businesses. The Government proposes to take over business rates from every other council and then redistribute the proceeds, except in the City.

The problem is that such a scheme would cut by £30 million the money available to redistribute to other councils.

Plastic bullets fired at funeral



Mourners clashing with the RUC, who fired stones and glasses, at the funeral of the IRA men in Londonderry yesterday.

By John Cooney

Police in riot gear fired plastic bullets at Irish republican mourners after six shots were fired by a masked gunman during the funeral procession of two IRA terrorists in Londonderry yesterday.

The gunman fired six shots from a handgun into the air as the coffin of Edward McSheffrey and Patrick Deery were within reach of the city's cemetery.

After the gunman disappeared into the crowd, the Royal Ulster Constabulary quickly moved forward to surround the coffins. As stones and glasses were thrown at them, the RUC fired plastic bullets and used batons.

First reports indicated that four men and three women were admitted to hospital for injuries ranging from severe bruising to superficial cuts. Two RUC men also sustained injuries.

The procession had been held up for three and a half hours as police insisted that the mourners should not go through the republican Bogside area. The police feared

that a provocative paramilitary display might be staged there.

Earlier the IRA and Sinn Féin had forced the local Roman Catholic Church authorities to allow the two coffins into St Eugene's Cathedral for the requiem Mass. That was in defiance of a ruling by Bishop Edward Daly forbidding the remains of IRA men to be present in the church during the service.

As the bodies approached the cathedral the diocesan administrator, the Rev Neil

McGoldrick, told the families that the bishop was allowing the funerals under protest. He was allowing them admission to avoid "unbecoming scenes".

After the Mass, Irish tricolours were put on both coffins. Police were taken aback when the cortege began to move towards another exit. There was scuffling between police and mourners.

Mr Gerry Adams and Mr Martin McGuinness, Sinn Féin leaders, took part in the one and a half mile journey to the cemetery.

Taxmen press on with jockey inquiry

By Tony Dawe

Tax investigators are determined to complete their detailed inquiries into "under the counter" payments in horse racing before they accede to the Jockey Club's request to help put its house in order.

The taxmen believe it would be wrong to co-operate with racing's ruling body when leading jockeys still face possible prosecution in the wake of the Lester Piggott scandal.

Investigators from the Inland Revenue and Customs and Excise interviewed a

dozen top jockeys during their inquiries, which led to the three-year jail sentence imposed on Piggott.

Customs officers, who were probing the failure to pay value added tax, have completed their investigation and say no further action will be taken. However, an Inland Revenue official said yesterday: "The investigation into the racing world, out of which the Lester Piggott case sprang, has not been concluded, but no prosecutions are pending at the moment".

The Jockey Club wrote to

the Inland Revenue after the Piggott case, requesting advice on its rules governing payments to jockeys. Earnings, including riding fees and percentages of prize money, are laid down under the rules of racing and jockeys' retainers must also be registered with the club.

However "presents" to jockeys from grateful owners are not controlled and can include cash payments or even a share in a race-winning colt when it goes to stud.

One of the Jockey Club's aims is to produce a leaflet for jockeys telling them which of

their earnings and presents are taxable.

The jockeys themselves are in dispute with the Inland Revenue over "owners' betting accounts" which were revealed during Piggott's trial. He had amassed £2.2 million in 12 years from the proceeds of bets placed by owners on winning horses he had ridden.

Other jockeys have similar but less well-endowed accounts and argue that no tax should be paid on them since the owners paid gambling duty when placing the bet. The dispute could yet end in the High Court.

Men in the news

A man 'too nice' for Central Office

Mr Peter Brooke, the new Conservative Party chairman, faces a formidable task (Our Political Editor writes).

Tory MPs were disappointed by his appointment yesterday. One after another said how nice he was and most went on to emphasize the need for somebody who was not very nice to be installed in Central Office to cut out the deadwood and reinvigorate the system.

"It has interim appointment stamped all over it", said one senior Tory. Another said: "Peter will be marvellous at soothing the National Union, but that isn't what we need".

One MP with working experience in Central Office, said: "This is a safety first appointment when what we need is a vigorous company doctor from outside".

Few men in Government are considered straighter than Mr Brooke. He is unfailingly courteous and it is doubtful if he has an enemy in politics. But no one can recall a Brooke speech which has made the headlines. His style is sober, verging on the ponderous.

The son of the former Conservative Home Secretary, Lord Brooke, Mr Brooke was educated at Marlborough, Balliol and the Harvard Business School. He was president of the Union in his Oxford days.

Mr Brooke, a widower with three sons, is a former Camden councillor and a former vice president of the National Union of Students. He was picked as candidate for the City of Westminster seat on the departure of Mr Christopher Tugendhat to become a Common Market Commissioner and has been an MP since February 1977.

He served in the Whips Office through the 1979-83 Parliament and then became an Under Secretary for Education in 1983.

In 1985 Mrs Margaret Thatcher switched him to the Treasury as Minister of State and he has made his mark there as a solidly reliable performer, gaining the additional title of Paymaster General in the post-election reshuffle.

A high-flyer who knows No 10 well

Sir Philip Woodfield, the retired Civil Servant appointed yesterday by the Prime Minister as the new security ombudsman, has had an operational relationship with M15 and worked with several Prime Ministers (David Walker writes).

For seven months after Mr Harold Wilson, now Lord Wilson of Rievaulx, first became Prime Minister in the 1960s, Sir Philip served as his private secretary, specializing in parliamentary and home affairs. He left Number 10 in April 1965 to become secretary of the special committee headed by Lord Mountbatten of Burma that investigated immigration into Britain and prison security.

As a Civil Service high-flyer, Sir Philip had worked as a private secretary at Number 10 since 1961, under the late Lord Stockton (Mr Harold Macmillan) and Lord Home of the Hirsel. The Home Office was the department in which he made his career; he moved in 1972 to help Lord

Whitelaw establish the Northern Ireland Office.

Working as a deputy secretary at Stormont during the 1970s, it is virtually certain that he dealt directly with the security service in the battle against IRA terrorism. Sir Philip later became permanent secretary at the Northern Ireland Office.

Mrs Thatcher has appointed a man who - judging by his membership of the Garrick club and his reputation among former colleagues as a "keen party-goer" - does not lack humanity.

Since his retirement he has been useful to his former department and others as a "fireman". He headed the Staff Commission looking after the interests of local government officials displaced by the abolition of the Greater London Council and the metropolitan counties; most recently, he entered the legal minefield surrounding charities to conduct a scrutiny of the way they are regulated.

Fines for drivers in thick fog

Motorists driving without dipped headlights in thick fog on the M25 yesterday were stopped by police and given fixed penalty tickets (Our Motor Industry Correspondent writes).

Slow-moving traffic on the M25 and M3 made it easier for police to pull drivers over to issue £12 penalty tickets.

Police in Warwickshire equip motorway patrol cars in foggy conditions with signs instructing motorists to switch on their lights.

At Heathrow Airport yesterday morning visibility was down to 100 yards. More than 100 flights were cancelled, with 37 in-bound services diverted to other airports.

It was after midday before airlines began to clear the backlog. Birmingham airport was also affected, visibility falling to 300 yards.

Mr Brian Smith, aged 39, was crushed to death when a crane driver failed to see him through the swirling mist as he supervised the loading of a ship at Felixstowe Port in Suffolk.

Weather forecast, page 24

Urban regeneration

East End prosperity sought

A brass band playing the BBC's *EastEnders* theme tune heralded the rebirth of Glasgow's own East End yesterday.

Mr Michael Forsyth, Under Secretary of State at the Scottish Office, and Mr Donald Dewar, shadow Scottish Secretary, inaugurated the East End Executive, the team which has accepted responsibility for renewing an area that was once synonymous with deprivation.

The executive is the successor to Gear, the 10-year-old renewal project run by the Scottish Development Agency, Strathclyde Region and Glasgow District Council.

Using a mix of public and private sector finance, it aims to attract new enterprise and jobs to the area. At the launch, in the Winter Gardens of the People's Palace in Glasgow, both Mr Forsyth and Mr Dewar emphasized the importance of combining private enterprise with individual flair and public support.

Mr John Hooper, the executive's chairman, said: "The executive has come into being to energize this area of Glasgow and encourage the

creation of an economic climate that will, in the long run, see a more prosperous East End".

A message of support from Mr Charles Wilson, editor of *The Times* and himself an *EastEnders* fan, would like to think that Glasgow's East End will continue to be the standard against which other inner city projects are measured.

More than 5,000 acres of inner London worth potentially around £5 billion lie derelict and unused, and against that background, the Association of London Bor-

oughs, representing 15 Labour controlled councils, meets today to consider land development.

Planners involved with the development of inner London say that the same investment methods that transformed docklands from dereliction into some of the most highly valued real estate in the country, could develop land now lying fenced off and unrequited to provide industry, jobs and housing, particularly with a financial crisis looming next March when the new rates are set and council spending is cut.

Prisoners to move from camp

Rollstone Camp on Salisbury Plain, used to house prison inmates as an emergency measure, is to be handed back to the Army, Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, said yesterday.

The Home Office expects police cells to be emptied of Prison Department inmates in about a fortnight. At present 910 people are still held in police cells.

Mr Hurd said that more than 400 prisoners had stayed at the camp.

Self-destructing viruses to replace insecticides

By Pearce Wright, Science Editor

Scientists are developing a genetically engineered virus that will kill insect pests and then destroy itself.

Successful laboratory experiments for modifying the genes of a microbe known as a baculovirus so that it will "self-destruct" once its task is completed were described yesterday by Professor David Bishop, of the Institute of Virology at Oxford.

Professor Bishop believes it will be about five years before a modified baculovirus and a number of other genetically altered microbes come into general use as an alternative to

chemical sprays for controlling agricultural pests.

He was speaking to a meeting called by the Royal Society, to discuss the risks and benefits associated with the release into the environment of genetically altered micro-organisms, plants and animals.

He said a method of biological control could be aimed at one particular pest without worrying if it would affect other wildlife, animals or people. Chemical insecticides were more indiscriminate, with the additional hazard that chemical residues persisted in the environment.

Professor Bishop said it was prudent to make sure new genetically created organisms released for biological control would eventually kill themselves.

The Oxford research team has applied for permission from the new government committee for the release of genetically engineered organisms to try out the self-destruct virus in Scotland for infecting a moth caterpillar that attacks pine trees.

The experiment would be the second part of a three-stage research programme to

make control of infestation of pine trees more effective.

The types of viruses chosen by Professor Bishop's group already exist in nature. Two have been used in their non-altered form for biological warfare against the caterpillars of the pine sawfly moth and the pine beauty moth.

The micro-organisms are sprayed over the leaves and swallowed when a hungry caterpillar chews a leaf.

The object of genetic engineering is to make the virus a more potent toxin to the caterpillar.

Scientists had first to show that they could identify a strain altered in the laboratory from a naturally occurring one and, second, cause it to self-destruct.

The self-destruct mechanism occurs because viruses have a "protected" and "naked" form. Protection is given by a surrounding coat of protein that protects the viral particle.

By deleting one of the genes in the virus, the protein coat is absent. With no protection, the microbe is easily destroyed when it is shed by a dead caterpillar.

Labour criticizes curb on benefit payments

By Richard Ford, Political Correspondent

Proposed curbs on the payment of several social security benefits were yesterday criticized by the Labour Party which argued that 700,000 people would have their benefits reduced or withdrawn.

Mr Robin Cook, Labour spokesman on health and social security, condemned the plan to stop paying unemployment benefit to anyone under the age of 18 who chose to remain out of work.

Speaking during the second reading of the Social Security Bill, Mr John Moore, the

Secretary of State for Social Services, outlined the Government's plan to strengthen the links between participation in work and the payment of benefits.

Any school-leaver under 18 who refused a Youth Training Scheme place would have his benefit withdrawn.

There will be tighter conditions before unemployment and sickness benefit is paid and stricter rules for the payment of unemployment benefits to those retiring at 55 with occupational pensions.

Birmingham pub bombings

QC faults forensic evidence that led to life term for six

By David Sapsford

Fundamental doubts surround the competence and credibility of a Home Office forensic scientist whose evidence was crucial to the convictions of six men for the murders in the Birmingham public house bombings, the Court of Appeal was told yesterday.

Lord Gifford, QC, told the court on the first day of the appeal — switched from the Law Courts to the Central Criminal Court on security grounds — that the findings of Dr Frank Skuse had "cast a blighting shadow" over the police investigation and the trial.

The judges, the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Lane, Justice O'Connor and Justice Simon Brown, were told by Lord Gifford that the six appellants had to be counted among the victims of the Birmingham bombings 13 years ago while those truly guilty remained free.

He said that in the wake of the bombings on November 21, 1974, in which 21 people died and more than 150 were injured when the Mulberry Bush and the Tavern in the Town public houses in Birmingham city centre were blown up, "the whole country was affected by the horror of these crimes".

There was enormous anger and attacks on Irish property. "The question was whether the process of law was free from that emotion or whether the police, expert witnesses and distinguished lawyers and judges have not given their best in this case."

Lord Gifford said fresh evidence would be presented in a challenge to the original scientific tests purporting to show that at least two of the six had handled nitroglycerine.

He also contended that the

written confessions made by four of the appellants had been extracted after beatings, threats and psychological pressure by the police during the first two days the six were held in custody.

Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, referred the case to the Court of Appeal in January after a campaign over the convictions and life sentences imposed on Hugh Callaghan, aged 57; Patrick Hill, aged 42; Robert Hunter, aged 41; Richard McKelvey, aged 53; William Power, aged 42; and John Walker, aged 32.

Lord Gifford said that five of the six, all of whom were republican sympathizers, were arrested on the night of the bombings at Heysham, Lancashire. They were on their way from their Birmingham homes to attend the funeral of James McDade, an IRA man who had blown himself up planting a bomb outside the Coventry telephone exchange. The sixth man, Callaghan, was later arrested in Birmingham.

Dr Skuse, then at the North West Forensic Science Laboratory, administered Greiss tests to the hands of the five originally held and found that Power and Hill both had positive readings.

That test, Lord Gifford said, is considered only a presumptive or screening test. "That is, you cannot make a positive diagnosis on the presence of nitroglycerine by the Greiss test alone."

Yet Dr Skuse had told the trial that he was 99 per cent sure that the tests proved the men had handled the explosive.

Lord Gifford questioned the way those and subsequent tests were conducted and claimed that recent work by scientists had shown that the method used by Dr Skuse could result in positive read-

ings from the nitro-cellulose used in such things as varnishes, paints, playing cards and cigarette packets.

"We submit that the whole history of this scientific dispute throws the gravest doubt on Dr Skuse's competence as a scientist and his credibility as a witness", he said.

The initial positive findings must have had "an electrifying effect" on the West Midlands officers who had travelled to Lancashire to interview the men, he said.

Between 9.30am on November 22 and 7.30pm the following day, four had made written confessions. "The appellants said they had been assaulted, threatened, abused, intimidated, deprived of food, deprived of sleep, and subjected to such physical and psychological pressure that four of them succumbed and put their signatures to false confessions that had been written out by police officers", he said.

He listed allegations by the six that they had been beaten in the body, face and genitalia after they had been taken to Birmingham; that their lives had been threatened by police officers, one of whom was said to have put a revolver in Callaghan's mouth; and that they were told their families were in danger of being lynched.

They were also not allowed to sleep and were given no food between breakfast on the November 22 and a pork pie 36 hours later, Lord Gifford submitted. "It was the overall combination of pressure which caused those who broke down and confessed in writing, to do so."

Observers in the court yesterday included Mr Andrew O'Rourke, the Republic of Ireland's ambassador in London, and Mr Christopher Mullin, Labour MP, whose book on the case, *Error of Judgement*, was one of the main reasons why Mr Hurd referred it to the Court of Appeal.

Others occupying the special section set aside for observers included the Bishop of Derry, Mr Paschal Mooney, an Irish senator; Mr Frank Doris, a Massachusetts state senator; and Mr Michael O'Riordan, chairman of the Irish Communist Party. The hearing continues today.

Appeal of Private Micklewite



Michael Caine, the film actor, launched the 1987 Poppy Appeal yesterday at the Banqueting House in Whitehall, London.

The former 22486547, Fusilier Micklewite, M (Mr Caine's real surname), said he was one of the lucky ones, who returned home "sound in mind and body" after service with the Royal Fusiliers in Korea.

He said he had agreed to take part in

the Royal British Legion appeal because he felt it was important to remember the battles of the past to avoid battles of the future.

Mr Ted Jobson, chairman of the appeal, said he hoped the week of fundraising, ending on Remembrance Sunday, would see record sums collected to help war victims and their families.

Mr Caine said he had no objection to

white poppies being circulated by the Peace Pledge Union if they were to provide money for the appeal fund.

However, General Sir Edward Burgess, former Deputy Supreme Allied Commander in Europe and current president of the legion, said the peace campaigners ought to choose an alternative time of year for their appeal. (Photograph: John Rogers)

Portfolio Gold
£4,000 win heralds festivities

Mr David Walker, winner of yesterday's £4,000 prize in the Portfolio Gold competition, intends to use his winnings to make Christmas an occasion to remember at his home in Bedfordshire. After that, he hopes to take his wife and young son on a new year holiday to Greece.

Mr Walker, aged 41, of Gainsborough Drive, Houghton Regis, Dunstable, Bedfordshire, is a commodity broker and occasionally has unexpected windfalls but never in competitions. However, over the past few weeks, he has been close to winning Portfolio Gold on several occasions and felt luck was with him.

He said: "I knew that my day wasn't far away and it's rather nice that it has happened; rather like having a good day at the office."

Readers wishing to play Portfolio Gold can obtain a card by sending a stamped addressed envelope to:

Portfolio Gold,
The Times,
PO Box 40,
Blackburn,
BB1 6AJ.

Guard lit fires

Paul Martin, aged 23, a security guard, of Chestnut Drive, Marton, Middlesbrough, was jailed for three years for arson and attempted arson by Teesside Crown Court after starting five fires on his first two nights at a £10 million oil installation.

Crash award

Mr Gustave Simonson, a teacher, who was left with severe brain injuries after a car crash in 1983 in which his wife died was awarded £250,000 damages in the High Court yesterday.

Lawyers are sued over divorce of Ringo Starr

The former wife of Ringo Starr, the Beatles drummer, is suing the solicitors who acted for her in the divorce for breach of contract and negligence.

In a High Court action in London which is expected to last three weeks, Mrs Maureen Starkey (her former husband's real name is Richard Starkey), alleges that the London legal firm Withers did not properly investigate Ringo Starr's means and financial affairs or the adequacy of the divorce agreement.

The couple were divorced in

BA fifth in poll on airlines

By Harvey Elliott, Air Correspondent

British Airways is the world's most improved airline but it has a long way to go before it can justify its claim to be "the world's favourite".

According to the most comprehensive survey yet undertaken of airline passengers' views, Swissair and Singapore Airlines consistently outshine all the rest.

Although British Airways is easily the most improved airline, it is still only fifth overall out of the 100 airlines mentioned in the poll.

"The survey is saying to BA 'you have come a long way,

but you have still got a long way to go", Mr Geoffrey Lipman, executive director of the International Foundation of Airline Passenger Associations, which conducted the survey, said.

The foundation, whose survey was largely funded by Boeing and McDonnell Douglas, interviewed more than 30,000 international passengers. It discovered there was a close link between the efficiency of an airport and the airline operating from it.

Singapore's Changi airport,

for example, figured prominently among the most widely preferred airports.

"In Europe passengers are becoming aware of the constraints imposed by a lack of airport space and we have somehow got to push for those constraints to be lifted", Mr Lipman said.

The survey shows that punctuality is by far the most important factor in influencing the choice of regional airline, with convenient scheduling topping the list for flights lasting between two and five hours.

Daughter was killed by mother

A mother who pushed her daughter, aged four, to her death from the window of the tower block in which they lived was jailed for five years yesterday.

The High Court in Edinburgh was told that a boy in a flat above saw what he thought was a doll falling from the fifth floor window of Georgina Walker's home 59H above the ground.

Walker, aged 31, a mother of two, of Cables Wynd House, Leith, Edinburgh, first claimed her daughter Michelle had fallen but later admitted pushing her from the window.

She was charged with murder on July 12 this year. However yesterday she pleaded guilty to a reduced charge of culpable homicide due to diminished responsibility.

Mr Donald Mackay, QC, for the defence, said Walker had found it extremely difficult to cope with her daughter when she had another baby, a boy currently awaiting adoption.

European art sets world records

By Sarah Jane Checkland, Art Market Correspondent

Two world records were set yesterday as the European art market showed few signs of reflecting the depressed state of stock exchanges.

A watercolour landscape by the English nineteenth century artist David Roberts, "The Pool of Bethesda", went for a record £39,600 to Agnews at Phillips. The sale of English drawings and watercolours achieved a total of £320,045, although 26 per cent remained unsold.

A disappointment was the set of five murals of birds and cats by Edward Burne-Jones, estimated at up to £10,000 each, which failed to sell.

In Amsterdam, at its annual Dutch, Flemish and German drawings sale, Sotheby's was left with an important Rubens drawing in red chalk, "Moses Striking the Rock".

Top lot was a picture of dogs' heads attributed to Van Dyck which fetched £82,290. The world record at the sale was £24,687 for a drawing of a

male nude by the seventeenth century Dutchman Adriaen van de Velde, bought by B Haboldt, the New York dealer.

Mr George Gordon of Sotheby's said some Americans had been dissuaded from bidding, although he added: "The stock market hasn't had

SALEROOM

an effect in Holland, and so they were fairly unruffled."

The total takings for the sale were £341,753, with 21 per cent unsold.

A fine Chinese export punch bowl dated about 1805, possibly made for Sir Charles Price, Lord Mayor of London and Master of the Ironmongers' Company, was bought at Christie's by the same company for £26,400. It is considered one of the finest punch bowls in the world.

The world record at the sale was £24,687 for a drawing of a

Blackmail fear over race Bill

By Clifford Longley, Religious Affairs Correspondent

A campaign supported by the church to oppose proposals in the forthcoming Immigration Bill was begun yesterday.

The Bill, which has not yet been published, is expected to deny persons claiming welfare benefits the right to be joined from abroad by elderly members of their family. A church conference at the weekend deplored that as an attack on family life.

Mr Paul Boateng, Labour MP for Brent South and chairman of the conference called by the British Council of Churches, said yesterday it would be "fraught with danger" to change the law so that overstaying in Britain beyond the permitted period of residence would be a criminal offence.

The conference felt it would encourage blackmail. Now, the law limits the offence to the first 12 months of overstaying.

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Storm-struck fruit growers seek help

By John Young, Agriculture Correspondent

Horticultural industry leaders lobbied the Ministry of Agriculture yesterday, seeking help for growers faced with bills for millions of pounds after hurricane force winds struck South-east England 19 days ago.

Mr Jeremy Sayers, chairman of the central horticultural committee of the National Farmers' Union, told Lady Trumpington, Parliamentary Secretary at the ministry, that at least 250,000 fruit trees had been blown out of the ground and a further 500,000 badly damaged.

About 14,500 tonnes of fruit had been blown off the trees and a further 8,500 tonnes in cold stores were at risk because of power failures. The worst affected areas were Kent, Sussex and parts of Hampshire.

Hop growers have also been badly affected. In Kent, seven or eight hopfields are reckoned to be total losses. Elsewhere trees planted to protect

Plans to revive the English hop industry after a quarter of a century of decline at the hands of Continental lager were announced yesterday.

Mr Hugh Philbrick, chairman of English Hops Ltd, said that in 1963, English and West German production of hops was roughly equal at about 13,000 tonnes a year. Since then, output in England had fallen to around 5,000 tonnes, while in Germany it had increased to some 35,000 tonnes; in the past five years alone the English hop acreage had halved.

the plants from high winds have fallen across the supporting wires.

Mr Sayers said his delegation had received a sympathetic hearing. The industry's assessment of the damage more or less coincided with the ministry's assessment.

He and his colleagues were asking for an extension of the grant scheme for replanting fruit trees and rebuilding

In an attempt to reverse the decline, English Hops has formed a new partnership with Hopunion Dower Wood Ltd, itself a joint venture by a firm of East Anglian barley merchants and a Nuremberg company which has interests in the United States, Denmark, Switzerland and Australia.

The new company has acquired what is described as the only large hop extraction plant in Britain from Paols Hop Products, in Reigate, Surrey which will shortly be moved to Paddock Wood, in Kent.

Mr John Gummer, Minister of State for Agriculture, said yesterday that there was likely to be more sympathy for those who had suffered uninsured losses, such as the destruction of fruit trees, than for glasshouse growers, for example, who should be covered by insurance.

glasshouses, which was introduced to encourage growers to modernize and which was due to expire next April.

Mr John Gummer, Minister of State for Agriculture, said yesterday that there was likely to be more sympathy for those who had suffered uninsured losses, such as the destruction of fruit trees, than for glasshouse growers, for example, who should be covered by insurance.

November 2 1987

PARLIAMENT

Parkinson rejects CBI fears on power price rises

Electricity is provided to British industry at very competitive prices, Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Energy, said at a question time. He did not share the view attributed to Mr John Bannan, Director General of the Confederation of British Industry, that privatization would lead to a £1.2 billion increase in industrial electricity prices.

Mr Denis Campbell-Savours (Warrington, Lab) had asked Mr Parkinson how he responded to Mr Bannan's remarks, that there would be such an increase and that it would reduce industry's competitiveness.

Mr Parkinson said that he did not share that view.

The electricity industry provided power at competitive prices to industry, which needed a secure supply. That meant a huge investment programme between now and the year 2000. "We are concentrating on having a modern supply for the years ahead. That must be a great boon to industry."

In reply to a question about capital investment plans, Mr Parkinson said that the electricity industry was entering a period of intensive growth and re-equipment and during this period intended to spend £1,300 million on capital investment. In 1988-89, capital investment would increase and should rise thereafter on an increasing trend.

Mr David Atkinson (Bournemouth East, C) said that power workers had done and were doing a tremendous job in restoring power supplies after the hurricane, which had demonstrated the vulnerability of overhead power lines as well as their detrimental effect on the environment.

They should spend capital on distribution as well as on generation.

Mr Parkinson echoed the tribute to power workers. They had repaired in two weeks the rural network, which had taken 20 years to build.

This year and next year they would be spending more on the transmission system than on generation and they recognized the need to reorganize the transmission system.

He could not promise that all power lines would be put underground because the cost was huge, about ten times more than overhead lines.

Mr Peter Rost (Gwent, C) said that the CEBG should not

The Government and the Opposition clashed during Commons questions over privatization of the electricity industry.

Mr John Prescott, chief Opposition spokesman on energy, asked if the Government agreed with Lord Marshall, chairman of the CEBG, that privatization would mean the industry would lose the benefits of economies of scale, that it would seriously prejudice security of supplies and would increase prices?

Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Energy, said that he did not accept such conclusions.

be permitted to build new power stations unless they could be justified by the commercial rates of return on the money borrowed.

Mr Parkinson agreed that the electricity industry should raise its money on the market and make its investment on a sound commercial basis. The present generation of nuclear power stations was getting old and many coal-fired stations required replacement. They were entering a period of massive re-equipment and reinvestment.

Asked about the implications for coal of the proposed privatization of the electricity supply industry, Mr Parkinson said that the taxpayer was funding a large and continuing investment programme for the modernization and development of British Coal which, if



Mr Cecil Parkinson, Energy investment programme.

properly utilized, should result in British Coal being a most efficient supplier, able to meet the demands of a privatized electricity supply industry efficiently and effectively.

Mr Kevin Barron (Rother Valley, Lab) said that about sixty million tonnes of coal were now supplied to the CEBG at less than current prices. In any break up of competitive generation industry, would the CEBG be instructed to carry on this supply to protect the mining communities of Britain?

Mr Parkinson said that he could not bind a privatized industry to buy coal from any particular supplier. But if British Coal was a reliable, efficient and competitive supplier, there would be no reason for the supply industry to look elsewhere for coal.

The Government was looking to British Coal to use investment in the industry well. Management and unions should stop wasting time on useless work-to-rule and overtime bans and get down to the business of developing modern working methods.

Mr John Marshall (Hendon South, C) said that the price of coal had a big impact on the price of electricity. If the electricity industry were to buy coal at world prices instead of being a captive customer of the coal board, the price of electricity to everyone would fall significantly.

Mr Parkinson said that British Coal paid a higher price than the most marginal world price, but that cost could be over-stated.

If the CEBG stopped buying supplies from British Coal and went into the market for 70 million tonnes, the price would move.

British Coal had realized its future was not dependent on any agreement between industries, but on its performance.

Mr Allan Rogers (Rhondda, Lab) said that if the Government were to shut down every firm that was inefficient, where consumers, including coalminers, had to buy at well over world prices, that would stop the hypocritical cast of Tory members.

Mr Parkinson said that the Government did not want to close down either coal or agricultural industries. British Coal had a bright future, depending on its performance and not on any understanding with the CEBG.

Overtime ban 'is mindless'

The Labour Party should ask its friends in the National Union of Mineworkers to think again about their mindless and damaging overtime ban, which was the most ridiculous aspect of British Coal's industrial relations at present, Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Energy, said during questions in the Commons.

He was answering Mr Alex Eadie, an Opposition spokesman on energy matters who had condemned British Coal for "the bad state of industrial relations" in the coal industry.

Mr Eadie, who is sponsored by the NUM, said that the board of British Coal had been found to be deceiving the public by claiming that its code of conduct for mineworkers was based on a formula worked out by Acas, whereas it had not.

It was bad industrial relations — and it was ridiculous — for the

COAL

board to say on the one hand that the NUM's industrial action was not effective, but, on the other hand, to deny NUM members their 4.8 per cent pay increase because of that action.

Mr Parkinson replied: The overtime ban is unnecessary, damaging to the interests of the miners and damaging to the industry.

He said that British Coal had made clear that it was prepared to discuss the details of the disputed code. But for a long time the NUM had refused.

The only point now outstanding was whether such disputes in future should be referred to pit umpires or to industrial tribunals. Over and over again,

miners had shown that they preferred tribunals.

There had been a big improvement in coalmining output and there was a great deal of potential for further improvements in the next couple of years, Mr Michael Spicer, Under Secretary of State for Energy, said during Commons questions.

He said that for the week ended October 10, average deep-mined revenue output a man-shift was 3.62 tonnes, an impressive increase of 30 per cent on the average of 2.43 tonnes for 1983-84.

Mr Spicer agreed that there had been considerable redundancies and feared that there would be more. But much of the productivity increase in Britain was due to the huge investment in heavy duty equipment that was now going on at the rate of £2 million every working day.



Miss Pauline Barrie (left), of the Women Artists Slide Library, Miss Miriam Karlin and Miss Alice Mahon, the MP who raised in the House yesterday the question of women artists (Photograph: Ros Drinkwater).

Luce is attacked on equal rights

WOMEN

Labour MPs launched a concerted attack on the Government in favour of equal rights for women during question time, with Mr Richard Luce fending off their charges, first in his capacity as Minister of the Arts, later as Minister for the Civil Service.

Mr Luce dismissed allegations of discrimination against women in the arts as nonsense. He later pointed out a number of women occupying senior positions in his department, saying that others might follow his example, although he emphasized that people should be promoted on the basis of merit.

Conservative backbenchers jeered at the points being made by Labour, which were described as "feminist gone mad".

Mr Mark Fisher, Opposition spokesman on the arts, said that there were very real anger and frustration among female audiences about the bias against women. The jeering response of Conservative MPs was a display of male prejudice. He urged the minister to ask the Arts Council to do some research and to consult women artists.

One example was the fact that there had never been an exhibition by a woman artist at the Hayward Gallery.

Mr Luce said that a more fruitful approach was to encourage more women to participate in the arts. Women would be included on any grounds other than merit.

He pointed out that four out of the six artists whose work had been chosen to adorn Civil Service offices were women. There had been 10 exhibitions in the past five years at the Hayward Gallery that had included work by women artists.

The issue was first raised by Miss Alice Mahon (Huddersfield, Lab), who said that in 1910 only nine women had had shows at the Tate Gallery, compared with 200 men. That was blatant discrimination.

Mr Luce said that more than half of all exhibitions supported by the Arts Council included work by women artists.

During questions on the Civil Service, Mr Christopher Butler (Warrington South, Lab) asked what progress had been made in encouraging women to apply to the Public Appointments Unit.

Mr Luce: A year ago the number of women was 18 per cent. It has gone up to 20 per cent. I regard it as an encouraging sign that more and more women who are willing to have their names on the list.

Miss Hilary Armstrong (North West Durham, Lab) wanted to make sure that the (the minister) is supported in ensuring that women are able to make a full contribution. That 20 per cent is not a full contribution. If they were serious about appointing women on merit, the figure would be 52 per cent.

Mr Luce said that Parliament might set a slightly better lead. Other organizations should follow his example. He had a permanent secretary, an assistant permanent secretary, an assistant private secretary, a special adviser and a press secretary, all women.

Social Security Bill an attack on the poor, minister is told

The Social Security Bill was an attack on the poor, the Opposition said when the Bill came up for second reading in the Commons.

Mr Robin Cook, an Opposition spokesman on health and social security, strongly attacked all aspects of the Bill, which he said was the Government's annual exercise in excluding groups of claimants from benefit.

Mr John Moore, Secretary of State for Social Services, said that the Bill, which stops unemployed school-leavers from obtaining social security benefits if they refuse to go on youth training scheme, and amends other social security arrangements, achieved much in only a few clauses.

Opening the debate, he said that before 1979 Britain had no national programme for training young people.

Now, every 16 and 17-year-old was guaranteed a place of quality training. The programme had helped well over a million youngsters. Financial commitment to youth training was more than £1 billion a year.

Mr Robin Cook, chief Opposition spokesman on health and social security, said that the Bill had a familiar ring to it.

It provided the annual amendment to the 1986 Act, which had been hailed by the Government at the time as a major piece of social security legislation comparable to Beveridge and which would last 40 years.

There had been only two parliamentary sessions since then, but in each the Government had presented a Bill to pour mortar in the cracks that had been discovered in the original Act. The Opposition had uncovered a further crack, but would not disclose it, preferring to wait until the amending Bill next year.

The Bill ran in well worn grooves in that the Government was presenting yet another social security Bill that excluded further groups of claimants from benefit.

One result would be that 170,000 unemployed claimants would be dropped off the un-

BENEFITS

employment register. The House was once again being asked to vote for a cut in the registered unemployed, not by providing employment, but by providing even more obstacles to obliging the Government to count them as unemployed.

The only good news was that the severe weather payments would continue until at least 1989, although the minister was given a degree of discretion in the amount he could pay and to whom.

But the seven-day period of cold weather had to start on a

school leavers had been able to obtain work. Yet this was the moment the Government chose to remove benefit from them.

The Bill would remove benefit from 92,000 16 and 17-year-olds because they were unemployed. The largest proportion of those, about 32,000, were those taking advantage of the 21-hour rule to study in college or part-time education to get qualifications that they would not get on YTS.

Then there were the homeless, many of whom left home because of violent or sexual harassment.

Certainly the Government had decided that those who left

Monday. Unfortunately frost often chose to ignore the administrative convenience of starting on the first working day of the week. The Government ought to relate payments to any seven consecutive days.

The remainder of the Bill was objectionable. Since 1948 the qualifying age for social security had been 16; now the Bill proposed raising it to 18. It was an odd moment in history to choose for such a change.

Few school leavers in 1948 had not been able to go straight into a job, so if there had been a time for removing benefit from the works, it had been then. Even in the mid-1970s three out of five school leavers went straight into work.

Last year, less than a fifth of

the parental home because of sexual harassment would still be able to claim benefit, but how would girls be able to prove that? If the light of the Cleveland experience that would be very difficult.

It would hardly be appropriate for young girls to have to discuss such matters with DHSS officers.

Even if successful, the payment would last for only a short time, until they joined the YTS. The problem this raised was that there was no board and lodging allowance attached to YTS, so that no worker should be penalized for refusing to work on Sundays and for double time off in lieu for those who do work on Sundays.

How would that enable

them to maintain an independent existence?

Most of the remaining 16 and 17 year olds in this group, far from being workshy, were desperate to find work and were taking whatever they could for as long as they could. They were demonstrating exactly the flexibility that the Government kept preaching to the rest of the workforce.

He rejected the principle that YTS should be made compulsory by the Bill and there were many other good reasons for opposing the Bill.

The first clause, concerning the attendance allowance, would affect the smallest number of people but it was the meanest.

Having been beaten in the courts by Mrs Moran, the Government was using its majority to beat Mrs Moran in Parliament. Among the losers would be mentally handicapped children and those who suffered from epilepsy. It would be difficult to think of any more vulnerable people who needed as much help as they could get.

Six thousand people had applied for attendance allowance on the basis of the Moran judgement. In all previous cases where new legislation would remove benefits, those who had already lodged applications had been entitled to have them assessed.

That was not so in this case. Mrs Moran's own allowance had not yet been determined. Even if her case got through, what about the other 5,999?

Mr Moore intervened to say that the Government would look sympathetically at appropriate amendments to the clause to deal with cases already in the pipeline.

Mr Cook said it would be churlish not to welcome what Mr Moore had said.

The Bill would remove unemployment benefit from 350,000 claims by tightening the contribution rules. It would remove the entitlement to welfare food or free milk from 220,000 mothers and children. Pregnant girls under 16 would lose their entitlement to free milk.

Bill 'thin end of wedge'

Peers fight Sunday racing

By Our Political Staff

Keep Sunday Special campaigners are planning an assault on Thursday on Lord Wyatt's Bill to allow racing and other sporting events on Sundays.

They have tabled 11 pages of amendments, which would emasculate the one-page Bill by:

- Continuing the ban on the Sunday opening of off-course betting shops;
- restricting racing to seven Sundays a year;
- writing in statutory protection for workers, such as stable lads; and
- setting up a local authority licensing system so that residents, the police and other

likely opponents can make their objections to Sunday events.

Lord Graham of Edmonton, a senior Labour peer, and Viscount Brentford, chairman of the Keep Sunday Special campaign, will lead the opposition to Lord Wyatt, chairman of the Lords, during the Bill's detailed committee stage.

If they succeed, the Bill could leave the Lords in a much more restricted form.

Lord Graham said yesterday that his main objection is that the Bill would be the thin end of the wedge, leaving the way open for a major Bill to allow all

shops to open on Sundays.

He pointed out that in Ireland, where horse racing on a Sunday is now legalized, off-course betting shops cannot operate. The Jockey Club has also argued that it plans to hold fixtures on only seven Sundays a year.

Lord Murray of Epping Forest, the former general secretary of the TUC, is backing the call for protection for workers. He is urging that no worker should be penalized for refusing to work on Sundays and for double time off in lieu for those who do work on Sundays.

Research ignores 'unpopular' diseases

By Sheila Guna, Political Staff

Medical conditions that do not benefit from the support of well known charities are ignored by researchers because of lack of funds, a House of Lords select committee has been told.

Instead, research focuses on what is "solvable, interesting and popular", rather than related to the health problems of greater importance to the community.

The Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals (CVCP) also told the peers investigating priorities in medical research that there may be a long time before new discoveries can help patients.

It stated: "We are seriously concerned about the inadequate funding of the dual-support [University Grants Committee and the Medical Research Council] system and we were glad to see that the select committee indicated in its report on civil research and

development that it considered both parts of the system were inadequately funded."

Between 1981 and 1985 the number of clinical academic staff paid for entirely out of university budgets fell by 12.7 per cent. The National Association of Health Authorities calculated that the loss of staff was equivalent to one complete medical school, which the CVCP considered an underestimate.

"Posts have been downgraded and chairs lost. Research has suffered as clinical academic staff understandably put their obligations to patient care and teaching first."

Lack of funds had made the universities turn to charities and foundations for help.

"The balance of university medical research is therefore, in current circumstances, of an inadequately funded dual-support system, heavily weighted

towards projects funded by the medical charities.

"The well known priorities of charities whose funds derive from public subscriptions undoubtedly influence the focus of applications, as do those of the pharmaceutical industry. Medical conditions which do not have public appeal will be ignored because of a lack of funding."

The CVCP argued for more research: to prevent disease with high mortality rate among those aged under 50; to improve the quality of life of old people who suffer, for example, from dementia and incontinence; and in nutrition, degenerative arterial disease and cardiac and transplant surgery. However, it did not want basic research to suffer any more as a result.

In its blueprint to improve both the quality and quantity of medical research, it called for:

Debate is ruled out on Iranian family's plea

The Speaker (Mr Bernard Weatherill) refused to allow an emergency debate on the case of an Iranian family seeking political asylum in Britain having had it denied to them in Sweden. The family was granted a temporary stay in Britain on Saturday when one of them slashed her wrist as she boarded an aircraft bound for Sweden.

Mr Jeremy Corbyn (Islington North, Lab) said that Behvand Abdul Hosseini had been in active opposition to the Iranian regime in promoting trade unionism. Three of his colleagues had been executed. He and his family had been sent from Sweden on a flight for Iran, which had stopped at Heathrow.

Here an application for asylum had been made. They had been taken to a detention centre and allowed to remain until Saturday when they were told to report to Heathrow for an interview.

When they arrived there, the courts were not sitting and lawyers and MPs could not be contacted. They were told that their application had been rejected and that they would be returned at once to Sweden.

When they boarded the aircraft, Parvaneh Moosavi, Mr Behvand's wife, had slashed her wrist.

The Speaker said the matter was not appropriate for discussion.

New oilfield proposals are approved

The Government had approved 10 new oilfield developments this year, and another 11 were being considered, Mr Peter Morrison, Minister of State for Energy, said during Commons questions.

The latest estimates of remaining recoverable oil reserves were between 710 million tonnes and 2,050 million tonnes, compared with between 750 million tonnes and 1,880 million tonnes a year ago.

Mr Edward Rowlands, an Opposition spokesman on energy, wanted steps to be taken to ensure the development of contracts for British-owned supply companies.

Mr Morrison said: "The most important thing is that most employment should arise because UK-based companies get the orders."

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MILTON KEYNES

Tory group calls for private tenders on new NHS hospitals

By Jill Sherman, Social Services Correspondent

All new National Health Service hospitals should be put out to competitive tender for management and clinical services as well as construction, the Centre for Policy Studies, the Conservative think-tank, said yesterday.

New capital projects costing more than £5 million, which have to be submitted to the Department of Health and Social Security for approval, should be tested against the private sector to see whether they could be provided more cost-effectively, Mr David Willets, director of the centre, said.

Speaking at a CPS conference on competition in the health service, Mr Willets said the department should also provide model long-term contracts which district health authorities could take out with the private sector. For example, a district could award a contract with a private hospital to provide hip operations for 10 years.

When health authorities needed new facilities, they should first decide whether those could be provided by the private sector more cost-effectively.

In Wales, a private medical company built, staffed and now manages a renal dialysis unit for NHS patients. The

conference was told that while the company, Community Psychiatric Centres, delivered the service in Wales at a cost of £78 a patient, Yorkshire Regional Health Authority was spending an estimated £140 on each patient.

When the same company tried to build an acute psychiatric hospital for central Birmingham, the scheme failed due to local opposition from health authority members and unions, although the company undercut NHS costs by 30 per cent.

"The creation of new facilities for the health service does not have to be confined to the public sector", Mr Willets said. "When new developments are submitted to the DHSS and Treasury for appraisal, long-term contracts with private hospitals should be considered."

As that trend developed, private hospitals could use and create spare capacity specifically for NHS use, he added.

He also suggested setting up "social" health maintenance organizations, whereby the over-65s could be given individual grants for health care, to be spent on private, state or voluntary services.

"Payments made to an in-

dividual from the public purse, which could be spent on whatever provision they wanted, could get around the logjam which was identified by the Audit Commission", he said.

Debating the CPS report, *Healthy Competition*, published days before the Conservative Party Conference, the conference supported moves to introduce more competition to the NHS by implementing an internal market, where health authorities buy and sell services to and from each other and the private sector.

Mr Ray Robinson, deputy director of the King's Fund Institute, said that the scheme, which has the support of the Prime Minister and Mr John Moore, the Secretary of State for Social Services, should not be imposed nationally.

"I think the idea is a sound one, but it should be introduced through a series of demonstration projects. I think it should be possible to identify a particular region within the NHS which would be prepared to set up a limited internal market between its districts. We could then assess the impact on GP referrals and on the patients themselves", he said.

Young designers start on the right road



Two winners in the 1987 Schools Design Prize, organized by the Design Council and sponsored by British Aerospace, which aims to encourage the young to design products showing creative ability and potential for manufacture. Prince Edward presented prizes in the Science Museum, London. Catherine Powell (left), aged 16, of Woodbridge, Suffolk, wears the "crazy rhythm" duffle coat she designed while Simon Evans, aged 19, of Chesterfield, Derbyshire, rides his electrically assisted bicycle. (Photographs: Graham Wood)

Reformers seek more seats on Bar Council

By Frances Gibb, Legal Affairs Correspondent

The group of barristers who took the Bar Council by storm when they stood for seats on an aggressive, reformist ticket two years ago are attempting to increase their representation in the elections this week.

The Campaign for the Bar already has 20 seats on the Bar Council, just over half the 39 "open" seats directly elected from the Bar and not reserved for specialists.

Thirteen of those are up for re-election and the campaign needs to retain its six if it is to hold an influential place on the council.

The candidates are: Mr Robin de Wilde, a founder member of the campaign, Mr Anthony Scrivener, QC, who is the silk representative, Mr Julian Mallins, Miss Catherine Newman, Mrs Clare Tritton and, for juniors under seven years' call, Miss Marie Anderson.

The elections will also see a fierce contest for the key post of vice chairman, to succeed Mr Robert Johnson, QC, who will be next year's chairman of the Bar. Front runners are Mr Mark Potter, QC, London, and Mr Desmond Fennell, Midlands and Oxford circuit.

New standard to be published on car security

Crime prevention: 2

It is an infuriating thought that today's highly sophisticated cars can be broken into with such simple tools as a thin strip of metal, packing-case tape or a hammer and centre punch.

For years, car manufacturers ignored basic design flaws that made their models easy prey for thieves. However, a new British standard will be published in January which should help to deter the opportunist thief, if not the skilled professional.

The guidelines are the result of two years of talks between car makers and police. To

In the second article on the growing problem of car theft, *Daniel Ward, Motor Industry Correspondent, considers what action must be taken by car manufacturers to make life more difficult for thieves.*

become a legally enforced standard for new cars, they must first be adopted by the EEC and so for the moment it will be left to public pressure to determine the measures adopted by manufacturers.

Improved locks and the introduction of dead-locking are undoubtedly the most important changes. Most cars are broken into by releasing the lock using a "Slim Jim"

Cars already fitted with shrouds in the door protecting the locking linkages have proved ineffective and both Ford and Austin Rover have had to improve their pioneering designs. Thieves are nothing if not ingenious and determined.

Under the new guidelines, key numbers should no longer be stamped on the lock barrels and the ignition lock will have to be made from hardened steel so that it cannot be removed using a slide hammer. Improvements to locks will spread in the next two or three years to most new British cars

but other features will be costly and restricted to options for which owners must pay extra.

Those include dead-locking, essential to prevent the thief from opening the door from the inside once the side glass is smashed. A dead-locked door has to be opened with a key but in the foreseeable future will be a feature only of central locking systems fitted to top models. The Vauxhall Senator is currently the only car with dead-locking.

The BSI also requires radios to be locked in place so that they can no longer be lifted out in seconds. Concluded

Airline wins libel damages

Korean Airlines won "substantial" undisclosed libel damages yesterday in settlement of a High Court action over an article in *The Guardian* about the passenger plane shot down by Russian aircraft in 1983.

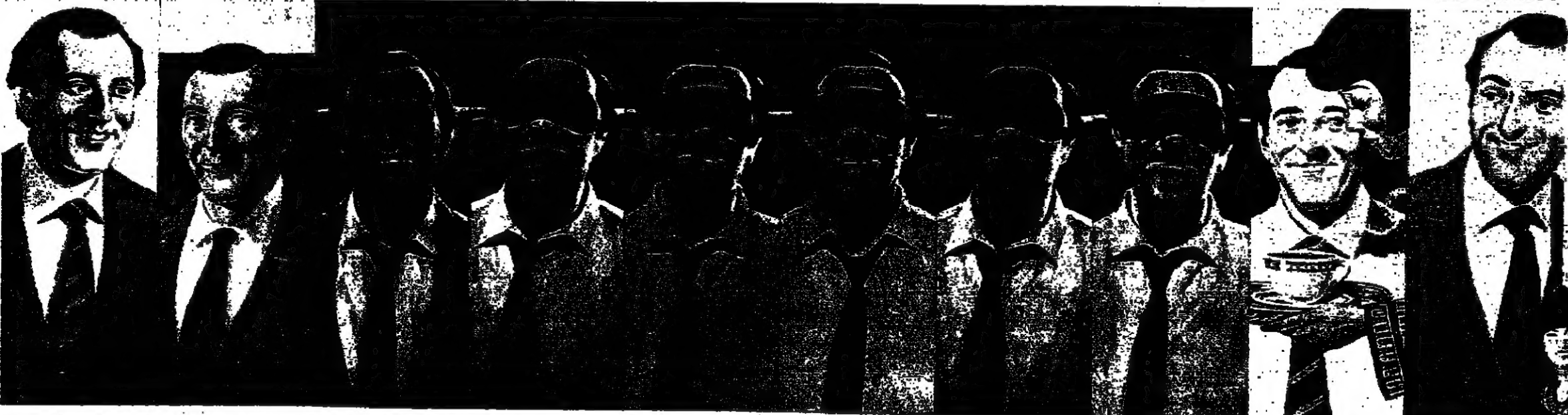
The company sued *Guardian* Newspapers and Mr Richard Johnson, a fellow in politics and sociology at Magdalen College, Oxford, who wrote it.

The airline said the article suggested that the company permitted its plane to be used for intelligence-gathering.

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SINGAPORE AIRLINES

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WORLD SUMMARY

Attack on Swapo base 'kills 150'

Johannesburg — The South African armed forces yesterday claimed to have crossed into southern Angola and killed 150 guerrillas of the South West Africa People's Organization (Swapo) in a "pre-emptive attack" on one of their bases on Saturday (Michael Hornsby writes).

A communiqué issued by the South African Defence Force in Pretoria said that nine of its own men, mostly young white conscripts and two members of the locally recruited South West Africa Territory Force were killed. This is the biggest number of casualties South Africa has admitted inflicting in a single contact with Swapo in several years. The communiqué did not say where the engagement took place, nor how the casualties were inflicted.

Swapo has been fighting since 1966 against South African forces which occupy Namibia — as South West Africa is now more commonly known — in defiance of international law, and resolutions by the UN Security Council calling for the territory's independence.

Gaddafi's Rebels captured

Amman — King Hussein's hopes of using the summit meeting of the League of Arab States, which opens here on Sunday, to heal divisions in the Arab world suffered a setback yesterday when the Libyan leader, Colonel Gaddafi, announced that he would not attend (Our Diplomatic Correspondent writes).

Western diplomats assume that the decision was prompted by growing Arab hostility to Iran.

Demonstrations on the 70th anniversary of the Balfour Declaration, which Arabs see as the foundation of the state of Israel, were fewer than expected and failed to embarrass the Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, who is here for talks with King Hussein.

US fires on gunboat

Washington — A US Navy guided-missile frigate fired on an Iranian gunboat speeding towards an American cargo ship in the Gulf after its crew failed to heed warning shots, the Pentagon announced yesterday (Michael Binyon writes).

The gunboat then turned back without apparent injury to its crew. The incident happened in the southern Gulf near the Iranian-held island of Abu Musa on Sunday, the statement said. The cargo ship, Patriot, was being escorted by the frigate USS Carr towards the Strait of Hormuz after having delivered supplies to US forces in the region.

Multiple Tahiti riot charges

Papeete (AP) — Two union leaders have been charged following the dockyard riots in Tahiti last month in which a dozen people were injured and many buildings were set on fire.

M Rara Colombel, president of the Union of Polynesian Dock Workers, and M Slim Pukoki, vice president of the union, were both charged with destroying property by fire. The dock workers have been on strike since October 22, demanding an extra crew to work on the docks at Mururoa, the French nuclear test site.

Money hoarding ban

Freetown (Reuters) — Residents of Sierra Leone were barred from hoarding money and essential commodities under a state of emergency declared yesterday. President Momoh said that people would not be allowed to keep more than 150,000 leones (about £3,900) cash for more than three days, in effect ordering them to deposit their funds in banks. Sierra Leone is experiencing a severe liquidity crisis.

Asian leaders meet

Kathmandu — King Birendra of Nepal, left, who took over from the Indian Prime Minister, Mr Rajiv Gandhi, as leader of the South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation, opened the third annual summit meeting of seven south Asian leaders here yesterday (A Correspondent writes). The meeting opened amid tight security with pledges on anti-terrorism co-operation and calls for new directions in regional programmes.

Socialists fear ballot-box cost of shells sold to Iran

From Philip Jacobson, Paris

At the time the deal was struck the Government had already prohibited the sale of military material to the Iranians. The cries of outrage from the left at the timing of these latest revelations tend to confirm the view of astute political observers that this may turn out to be a particularly damaging election issue.

One particularly sensitive allegation is that Luchaire's sales to Iran also included large quantities of the powerful explosive known as C4 — the same type of explosive that was used in the bloody terrorist bombings that struck Paris in 1985 and 1986.

It is now almost two years since l'affaire Luchaire first surfaced in the press. Although there was never any question that the company had not enjoyed unusually close links with the French defence establishment, the government promptly announced it was initiating legal proceedings for violation of the Iran arms embargo. A file was opened by the public prosecutor and the case assigned to an investigating magistrate.

According to reports in two influential news magazines, an official investigation has concluded that some of these alleged under-the-table payments were known to at least one senior Cabinet minister.

Zhao's party toasts its confidence in the future

From Mary Dejevsky, Peking

The congress-wearied press corps was yesterday invited to a "cocktail party" at the Great Hall of the People to celebrate the end of their labours.

What the invitation did not say was that all five members of the new Chinese leadership would be there, too.

Security was tighter than on any previous occasion at the Great Hall. Uniformed guards checked everyone with metal detectors, bags were pained.

13th PARTY CONGRESS

takingly searched, cameras and tape recorders were tested to ensure that they were nothing more sinister.

At 5 o'clock sharp, in a blaze of television lights and a mass clicking of cameras, China's new leaders entered the East Reception Hall to face the press.

All wearing lounge suits — not a Mao suit in sight — they appeared cheerful and relaxed as Mr Zhao Ziyang gave a short address, reiterating that China was absolutely intent on pursuing its policies of economic reform and opening up.

The group, with Mr Zhao and his interpreter in the lead, then progressed slowly past the long, low refreshment table — they on their side, we on ours — shouting answers to shouted questions which were

interpreted into the microphone for the benefit of all.

Was his suit made in China, one reporter asked of Mr Zhao's snappy double-breasted number in dark blue. Indeed it was, Mr Zhao replied, and so was Comrade Li Peng's — and wasn't it smart? We should all go back and promote the Chinese clothing industry, he laughed.

The single correspondent from Taiwan was accorded special attention as Mr Zhao began his round. Glasses were clinked (the Standing Committee was on soft drinks only), the Chinese leader said he hoped that Taiwan could be reunited with China during his time in office.

One of a large contingent of Soviet journalists asked for comparisons between the Soviet and Chinese reform programmes.

Your optimum formula may not be the same as ours, he said. We can benefit from each other's experience, but cannot copy each other's model. To another Soviet reporter, he said: You pursue your reforms and we shall pursue ours. We are not having a reform competition.

Such confidence vis-à-vis the Soviet Union is in sharp contrast to China's earlier deference towards its "elder brother in the north" and suggests that the Chinese leadership secretly thinks it has stolen a march on the Russians so far as reform goes.



Home made: Mr Li Peng, left, shows the label sewn into his jacket to Mr Zhao Ziyang, who took delight in confirming that their Western-style suits were manufactured in China.

Mr Zhao was asked about the "trout of the anti-reformists" at the elections for the Central Committee. That, he said, was a "very big question". He then took the opportunity to berate outsiders for their simplistic understanding of Chinese politics.

There are no pro-reform and anti-reform factions, he insisted. The congress had voted unanimously. Of course, he said, not all the leaders had identical views on specific issues, but that was true of any country. It was nothing remarkable.

Mr Zhao's remarks were

both supported and contradicted a little later by Mr Li. Asked about plans for political reforms, he said there had been different opinions.

Everyone had agreed on the need for party and government functions to be more distinct, but they could not agree on how to do it. The proposals in Mr Zhao's report last week, he said, had been the compromise solution.

What about Tibet, shouted one American. What about it, retorted Mr Zhao in a sharper tone than he had used before. Why did US congressmen insist that Tibet should return to the days of serfdom, he

said, because that was what their proposals amounted to.

After telling someone else that he would, of course, be consulting Mr Deng Xiaoping on important issues because no one had his experience and wisdom, Mr Zhao called to his colleagues that it was time to leave.

It was one minute to six. Mr Li shuffled from the behind to join him. Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Hu Qili followed.

They left with their entourage as promptly as they had entered, the long table with its Chinese snacks, sweetmeats and bananas still between us.

Leading article, page 13

US judge heading for trouble in Senate

From Michael Binyon Washington

The nomination of Judge Douglas Ginsburg to the Supreme Court appears to be heading into trouble after allegations at the weekend that he had invested in a television firm that benefited from his government work and that his wife had performed abortions while training to be a doctor.

Leading senators said yesterday they would look very carefully at reports that Judge Ginsburg had \$139,000 (about £81,000) invested in a cable television company when, as an assistant attorney-general, he argued a case before the Supreme Court involving the expansion of cable companies.

Controversy also surrounded revelations that his second wife, Dr Hallee Morgan, performed abortions as part of her obstetrics training seven years ago. Opposition to abortion is one of the key tenets of Judge Ginsburg's vocal conservative supporters in the Senate.

As the Justice Department official from 1985-87 in charge of the Anti-trust Division, Judge Ginsburg handled the successful push to reduce government regulation of cable television companies. The Justice Department said yesterday this had not led to any conflict of interest or affected the outcome of the case.

Leading Democratic senators, however, said they would question him closely. "Every judge has to avoid even the appearance of a conflict," Mr Patrick Leahy, chairman of the Senate judiciary subcommittee, said yesterday.

President Reagan, meanwhile, has begun an intensive campaign to secure nomination for the 41-year-old judge.

D-Day in US gutter politics

From Christopher Thomas New York

Philadelphia voters have a stark choice today: whether to re-elect as mayor Mr Wilson Goode, who is undeniably incompetent, or to replace him with Mr Frank Rizzo, the flamboyant former police chief who left a bitter legacy of brutality and corruption as mayor in the 1970s.

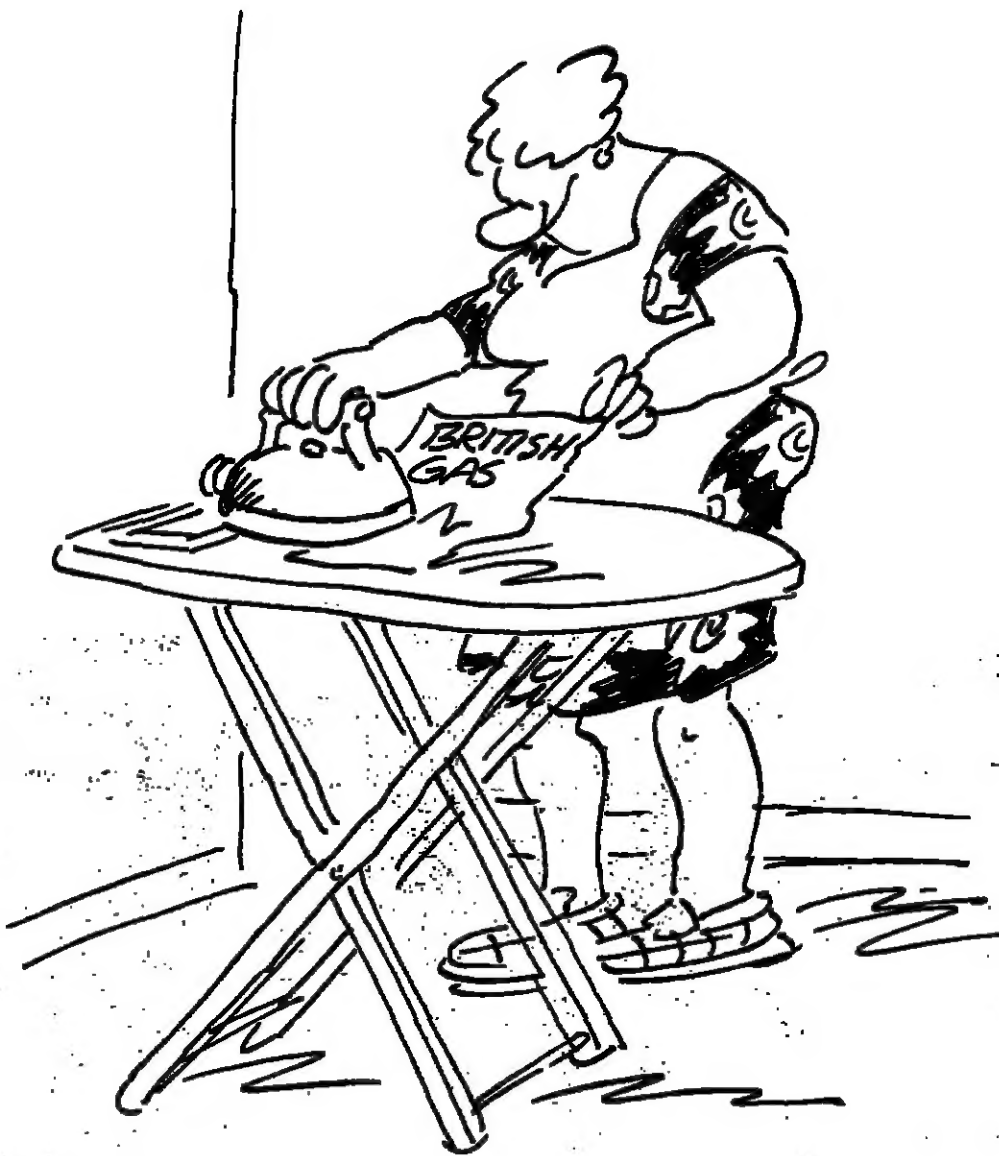
Voting for Bad Wilson and Big Frank, as they are known, will be mainly along racial lines. Mr Goode is black, Mr Rizzo is white. Issues are of little consequence.

The campaign has been a model of gutter politics. "Frank Rizzo never killed 11 people," Mr Rizzo said in a television debate, referring to the day in May, 1985, when the police dropped a bomb on a house occupied by the radical group MOVE, leaving a trail of dead and injured and destroying 81 homes.

The two-bit campaign low in a television debate when they traded charges of "liar", giving the impression of two scrapping schoolboys rather than candidates for one of the top political jobs in America.

Although issues have not been exactly dominant, the campaign has focused on what government the city will have as it advances through the prosperous 1980s from 1970s depression.

Polls indicate voter turnout will be extremely low because of disgust with both men, and put Mr Goode in the lead today. However, much depends on an electorate that clearly wishes it did not have to vote for either of them.



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Tightrope speech to avert conservative backlash disappoints intellectuals

Gorbachov soft-pedals his criticism of Stalin terror

From Christopher Walker, Moscow

Mr Mikhail Gorbachov disappointed many Soviet intellectuals yesterday with his reappraisal of Soviet history in a much-heralded speech to mark the official opening of celebrations for the 70th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution.

Having raised expectations by promising to fill in the "blank pages" of Soviet history, the Kremlin leader accused Stalin of gross political mistakes but stopped short of a complete denunciation of the dictator.

Reading the speech which he prepared during the summer, Mr Gorbachov declared that Stalin had known of crimes committed under his rule in the 1930s and announced that a new commission had been set up by the Politburo to renew the process of rehabilitating his innocent victims. This rehabilitation stopped in the 1960s.

"It is sometimes said that Stalin did not know of many instances of lawlessness. Documents at our disposal show that this is not so," the Soviet leader told an audience of nearly 6,000.

The guilt of Stalin and his immediate entourage for wholesale repression and

lawlessness was "enormous and unforgivable".

Despite the ringing condemnation in this section of the 101-page speech, Mr Gorbachov also argued that Stalin's collectivization of agriculture had been correct and described the dictator's rival, Trotsky, as a promoter of "anti-socialist ideas".

The historical section of the address was judged by diplomats as the most sensitive

Amman — Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, said the speech was "a major statement ... it confirms ... Mr Gorbachov is determined to press ahead with perestroika, that he regards the search for an improvement in East-West relations as a sensible accompaniment ... we wish him well."

speech Mr Gorbachov has had to deliver since coming to power. The verdict of most Western experts was that he had skilfully fudged his overall view of Stalin to avoid a conservative backlash.

Mr Gorbachov made no attempt to quantify the extent of Stalin's terror, beyond a statement that "many thousands of people inside and outside the party were subjected to wholesale repressive measures". In the West it is estimated that those who were killed, who starved to death or who perished in labour camps ran into several millions.

To the surprise of Western diplomats watching the speech live on Soviet television, Mr Gorbachov also barely mentioned Stalin's liquidation of almost the entire Red Army command in the late 1930s. Many historians consider that this action was a crucial factor in the Soviet Union's inability to offer effective resistance to the Nazi invasion of 1941.

Much of Mr Gorbachov's most stirring rhetoric was

devoted to praising the fortitude of the Soviet people and its leadership during the war, including a controversial section in which he declared: "A factor in the achievement of victory was the tremendous political will, purposefulness and persistence, ability to organize and discipline people displayed in the war years by Josef Stalin."

The dismay of Soviet intellectuals voiced after the speech was partially caused by its failure to rehabilitate any old Bolshevik heroes, or even to mention that such veterans of the revolution as Bukharin,

Zinoviev and Kamenev had been executed under Stalin on trumped-up charges of espionage and terrorism. But his mere mention of their names was seen as a step forward.

"Perhaps we had been led to hope for too much from the speech," one member of the Moscow intelligentsia remarked. "But what it told me was that Gorbachov is still having to perform a balancing act. He did not dare go as far against Stalin as many of us had wanted."

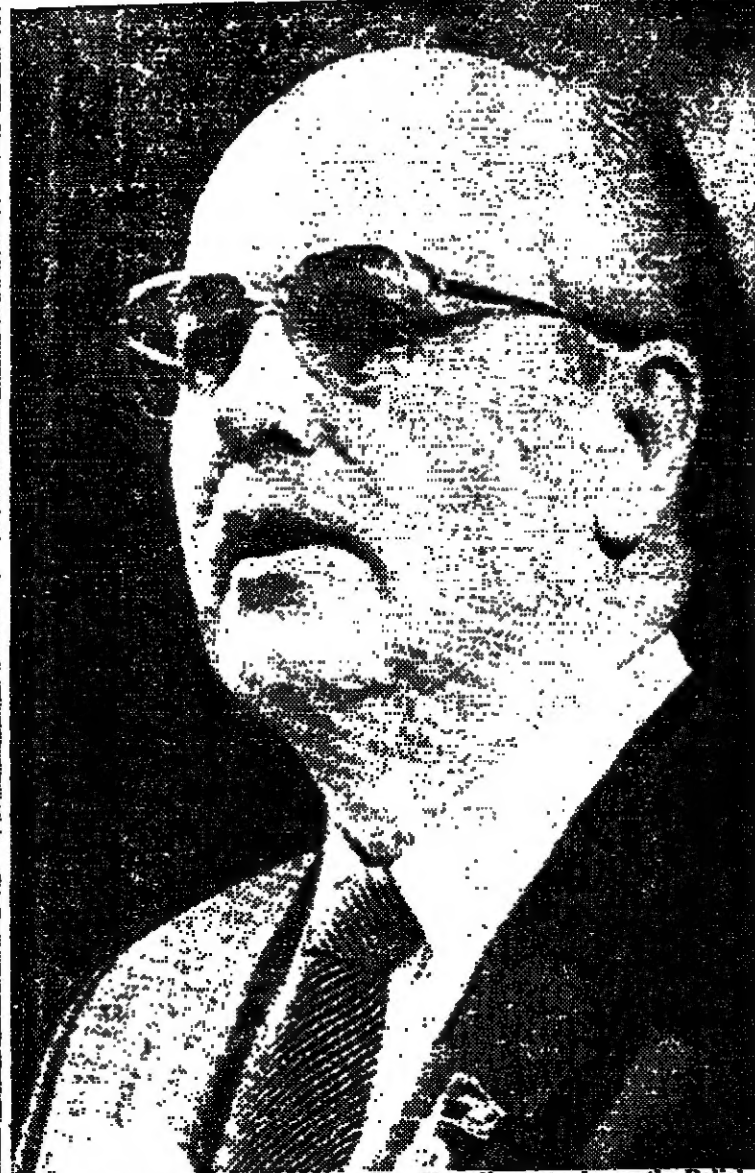
The historical role of Bukharin, Stalin's chief political opponent of the 1920s and 1930s, had been trailed in advance as the key point to watch in the speech. But as it turned out Mr Gorbachov made clear that the party had not altered its view that Bukharin — executed after a show trial in March, 1938 — was wrong to oppose Stalin's forced collectivization.

Speaking under a giant statue of Lenin, the Kremlin leader broke a little new ground by naming Nikita Khrushchev, the late leader who was expelled from official histories after being ousted in 1964, as a man who had shown courage by criticizing Stalin.

Leading article, page 13



President Ortega of Nicaragua, top left, applauding Mr Gorbachov during his speech at the Kremlin yesterday as the Polish leader, General Wojciech Jaruzelski, looks on impassively. Mr Gorbachov delivered an appraisal of 70 years of communist rule and pledged himself to work for a ban on space weapons and reductions in nuclear arms.



Looking back on the 'bitter truth'

Key excerpts from the speech delivered yesterday by Mr Mikhail Gorbachov:

Stalin and collectivization

People had begun to believe in the universal effectiveness of rigid centralization, that methods of command were the shortest and best way of resolving any and all problems ... In industry such a system of management generally produced results. However, an equally rigid centralization-and-command system was impermissible in tackling the problems of refashioning rural life ...

A conviction had arisen that all problems could be solved at a stroke, overnight. Whole regions and parts of the country began to compete: who would achieve complete collectivization more quickly. Arbitrary percentage targets were issued from above. Flagrant violations of the principles of collectivization occurred everywhere.

Nor were excesses avoided in the struggle against the kulaks. The basically correct policy of fighting the kulaks was often interpreted so broadly that it swept in a considerable part of the middle peasantry too ...

But, comrades, if we assess the significance of collectivization as a whole in consolidating socialism in the countryside, it was in the final analysis a transformation of fundamental importance ...

But the aforesaid does not give a full picture of how complex that period was ... An atmosphere of intolerance, hostility and suspicion was created in the country ... All this had a dire effect on the country's socio-political development and produced grim consequences.

Quite obviously it was the absence of a proper level of democratization in Soviet society that made possible the personality cult, the violations of legality, the wanton repressive measures of the Thirties.

I am putting things bluntly — those were real crimes stemming from an abuse of power. Many thousands of people inside and outside the party were subjected to wholesale repressive measures. Such, comrades, is the bitter truth ...

It is sometimes said that Stalin did not know of many instances of lawlessness. Documents at our disposal show that this is not so. The guilt of Stalin and his immediate entourage before the party and the people for the wholesale repressive measures and acts of lawlessness is enormous and unforgivable ...

Rehabilitation of Stalin's victims

The process of restoring justice was not seen through to the end and was actually suspended in the middle of the Sixties. The Politburo of the Central Committee has set up a commission for comprehensively examining new facts and documents pertaining to these matters, and those known previously. Corresponding decisions will be taken on the basis of the commission's findings. All this will also be reflected in a

treasure on the history of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, whose preparation is to be entrusted to a special commission of the Central Committee.

The West and the Second World War

The Soviet Union made great efforts to build up a system of collective security and to avert a global slaughter. But the Soviet initiatives met with no response among the Western political leaders and politicians, who were coolly scheming how best to involve socialism in the flames of war and bring about its head-on collision with fascism ...

As I said, the Western ruling circles, in an attempt to blot out their own sins, are trying to convince people that the Nazi attack on Poland and thereby the start of World War Two was triggered by the Soviet-German non-aggression pact of August 23, 1939.

As if there had been no Munich Agreement with Hitler signed by Britain and France back in 1938 with the active connivance of the USA, no Anschluss of Austria, no crucifixion of the Spanish Republic, no Nazi occupation of Czechoslovakia and Klaipeda, and no conclusion of non-aggression pacts with Germany by London and Paris in 1939 ...

Soviet Union in the postwar years

It required no small courage of the party and its leadership, headed by Nikita Khrushchev, to criticize the personality cult and its consequences and to re-establish socialist legality.

However, no small number of subjectivist errors were committed, and they handicapped socialism's advance to a new stage, moreover doing much to discredit progressive initiatives ...

At the October, 1964, plenary meeting of the party Central Committee there was a change of the leadership of the party and the country, and decisions were taken to overcome voluntaristic tendencies and distortions in domestic and foreign policies ...

The country had at its disposal extensive resources for further accelerating its development. But to utilize these resources and put them to work, cardinal new changes were needed in society and, of course, the corresponding political will. There was a shortage of the one and the other. And even much of what had been decided remained on paper, was left suspended in mid-air. The pace of our development was substantially retarded.

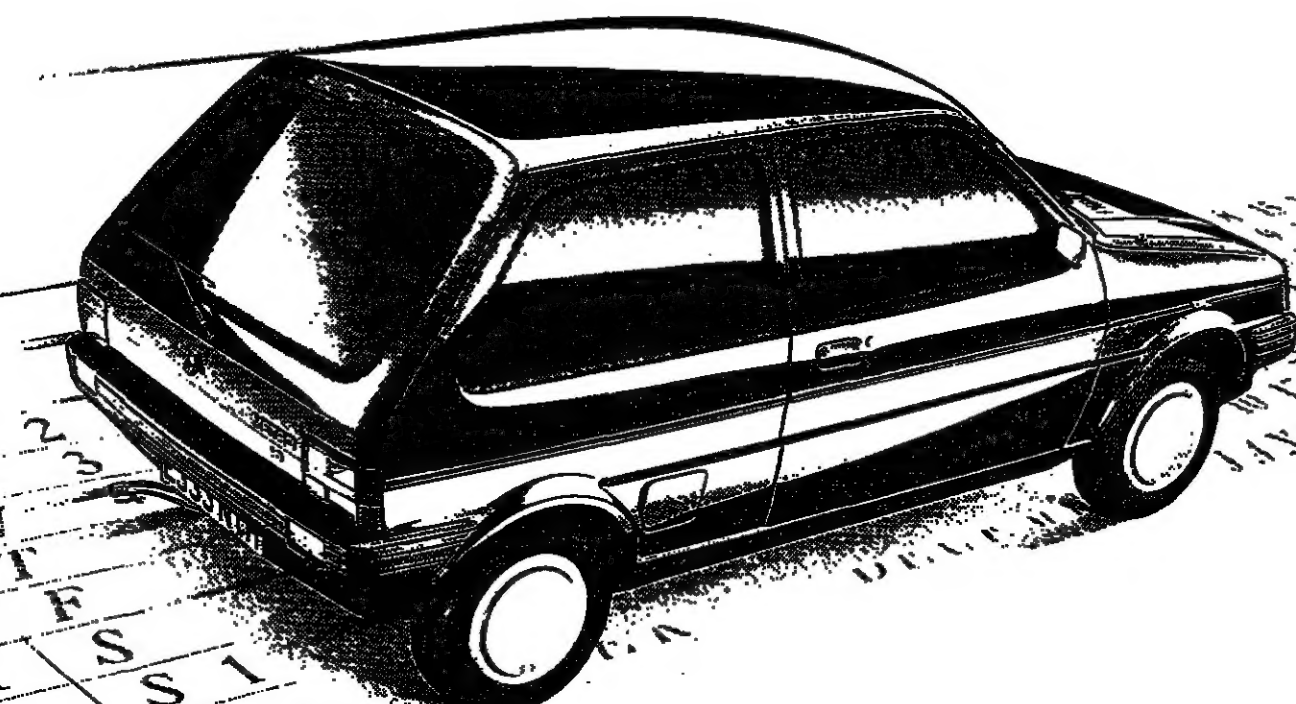
Gorbachov and perestroika

Comrades, we have been led to the conclusion about the necessity for perestroika (economic and social reform) by pressing needs brooking no delay ...

Two key problems of the development of society determine the fate of perestroika. These are the democratization of all social life and a radical economic reform ...

We should learn to spot, expose and neutralize the manoeuvres of the opponents of perestroika — those who act to impede our advance and trip us up, who gloat over our difficulties and setbacks, who try to drag us back ...

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Central America deadline

Peace hopes persist in spite of hard Ortega line

From Charles Bremner, Managua

With days to go before the Thursday deadline for all conditions of the Central American peace plan to be set in place, groups of youths spent a sunny weekend nailing posters to palm trees in Managua that declared: "The people's power is not up for discussion."

Not far away, boys were selling copies of the newly reopened opposition newspaper, *La Prensa*, that editorially abandoned hope of concessions from the Sandinista Government and exhorted God to save Nicaragua.

On the face of it, there appears little chance that the deadline will be met, and there are few signs of an imminent end to the long agony of bloodshed and economic collapse that has afflicted this Central American state.

Foreign aid for rebels must end

But although the plan that won the Nobel Peace Prize for President Arias of Costa Rica seems threatened in Nicaragua and El Salvador, diplomats and local observers have not given up hope. Some believe it still provides the best available chance for winding down the Contra war, and at least a dilution of the Sandinistas' authoritarian hold on power.

Sandinista leaders have said they will announce further measures on Thursday, the day that the Central American governments must have cease-fires operating, amnesties declared, political prisoners freed, and full freedom of the press. So far the reopening of *La Prensa* and the Catholic radio station, and the declaration of a one-sided ceasefire in certain zones with a limited amnesty, have been the only clear steps towards compliance.

The prospects have looked bleakest since the Sandinistas, who took power in 1979 after leading a popular uprising, hardened their stance last week. In a tough statement, the ruling directorate refused to talk with the US-sponsored Contra rebels, and said that it would not lift the state of emergency and introduce a broad amnesty for political prisoners.

Yugoslav bank fraud

Bosnian's dream became nightmare

From Richard Bassett, Sarajevo

The Bosnians, as any Yugoslav will assert, are the nation's dreamers. Living where the Orient meets the West, they know what different worlds can offer.

It was, after all, a young Bosnian whose dream of a new order sealed the fate of the old with a few well-aimed shots at a visiting archduke in 1914.

A more recent Bosnian dreamer, with only marginally less explosive results, is the disgraced Mr Filaret Abdic, who has provoked the country's most serious financial scandal since the war.

As the former head of Agrokomprom, Mr Abdic is responsible for having swindled 63 Yugoslav banks out of some \$500 million (£290 million), a sum which is about half the value of the Federal Government's annual budget. More devastating, however, than this purely financial sleight of hand has been the degree of involvement among the country's politicians.

Already the Yugoslav Vice-President, Mr Hamdija Pozderac, has been forced to resign. More than 100 party members are under investigation and scores more have been arrested in the past few weeks.

Mr Abdic made use of other republics' funds, issuing promissory notes without collateral and, it is alleged, enlisting political support among the leaders of the Republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina to build Agrokomprom into one of Yugoslavia's largest enterprises.

A Muslim who dreamt of a Bosnian industry which could match the wealthy concerns of the more prosperous republics of Croatia and Slovenia, Mr Abdic's career would have been, until recently, the envy of any City yuppie.

In 1967, at the age of 28, he took over the ailing Agrokomprom's executive board. Within a few years, he had quadrupled production, increased the number of people employed by a factor of 25, and raised wages to among the highest in the republic.

He was a millionaire, travel-

President Ortega flew to Moscow on Saturday saying Nicaragua could not be expected to fulfil its part of the bargain until the Contras pulled out and the US stopped backing them. An end to outside aid for insurgency is a key element in the accord.

Last week in Costa Rica the foreign ministers of the five Central American countries softened the deadline, saying that it marked the date for the start of compliance. But President Arias has been publicly voicing his exasperation. The President, who feels he has staked his own credibility on the plan, said intransigence by the Sandinistas had caused the impasse and the whole process was in danger of losing its way.

"No one expects the Sandinistas to start up an American-style democracy," one European said. "But they need breathing space so badly they'll have to give ground." The government forces are now under heavy pressure from the Contras, who have some 10,000 men in the field.

The war, the American economic blockade, and mismanagement have brought the economy to its knees. Inflation is almost 2,000 per cent, raw materials and basic foodstuffs are in short supply. The oil shortage is so desperate that the Government appealed publicly on Friday to Moscow and its allies for an additional 50,000 tonnes by the end of this year.

Sanctions may be imposed

The Sandinistas are also aware that they cannot depend indefinitely on the largesse of the East bloc, already supplying 80 per cent of its income.

Though President Reagan's officials say that Moscow wants to turn the country into a Soviet foothold on the American mainland, the Russians are widely believed to be telling the Sandinistas they must compromise and put their economy in order.

The Central American Presidents are to meet in January to review the process, and, although there are no enforcement clauses, President Arias has indicated that there could be moves towards sanctions.

Royal visit affords relief to scandal-weary Germans

From Alan Hamilton
Bonn

As fond as any other nation of a thoroughgoing political scandal, the Germans welcomed the arrival of the Prince and Princess of Wales in Bonn yesterday as light and welcome relief from their media's obsession with the lugubrious "Borscht-Pfeiffer affair".

German press and television have been conducting a relentless inquest into how Dr Uwe Barschel, the Christian Democrat candidate for Prime Minister of Schleswig-Holstein, came to hire a certain Herr Reiner Pfeiffer to conduct a smear campaign against his Social Democrat opponent and was then found dead.

After three weeks of muck-raking, the media has seized on the Prince and Princess as a breath of fresh air.

An editorial in West Germany's largest-selling newspaper, *Bild*, yesterday described the visit as "a positive event in a world of Khomeinis, bear markets and political scandals". It went on to explain that the Princess was charming and casual, the Prince a gentleman and an example to lots of men, and added: "We Germans are convinced republicans, but for many of us Diana and Charles personify a lost dream."

The Bonn daily, *General-Anzeiger*, commented: "Perhaps some older Germans might feel something like envy because we no longer have such a monarchy which is far removed from partisan



The Princess of Wales casting a cheerful glance at her husband as the royal couple posed for photographs at the presidential palace in Bonn yesterday.

quarrels." The paper noted the Prince's German ancestry, and said "he does not think much of Thatcher's strict regime and her tough policy of economy measures".

After arriving in Bonn from West Berlin, the Prince and Princess had lunch with President von Weizsäcker and his wife at their official residence - a 19th century mansion in leafy grounds that is a White House-on-Rhine, with barges puttering by at the bottom of the garden. Bonn is one of the less frenetic.

The royal couple appeared with their hosts on the steps of the residence for a photograph, and reappeared for an encore shortly afterwards on a high balcony, having been persuaded that there is now an insatiable media appetite for shots of them together after the Prince's lengthy summer sojourn at Balmoral.

At the Bonn town hall, where the Prince delivered a four-minute speech in German and provoked two bursts of laughter from the guests, the mayor presented the

couple with a collection of 20 Beethoven and Schumann records.

In the afternoon the Prince and Princess took tea with Chancellor Kohl in his official residence. While any political discussion was not recorded, elsewhere the principal topic of conversation was the Princess's black above-the-knee skirt under a bright red jacket and hat.

Earlier this year the Prince paid a private visit to the opera at Bayreuth, and both have previously visited the

Federal Republic to meet British troops stationed there.

But this week's programme is the first official visit since that of the Queen in 1978, and follows an invitation issued by President von Weizsäcker during a state visit to London last year.

Although the visit is providing Germans with some badly needed glamour and entertainment after the Schleswig-Holstein scandal, its underlying purpose is, as usual, trade: the royal couple

will visit a British trade fair and fashion show. Britain's balance of trade with West Germany has worsened in the last year, chiefly as a result of currency movements and the world oil price.

In the first half of this year, bilateral trade was DM 8 billion (£2.7 billion) in Germany's favour, compared with DM 6 billion in the same period last year. British exports to Germany dropped by 10 per cent in the same period, while trade in the other direction dropped by 3 per cent.

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M'Bow diehards in rearguard fight for Unesco throne

By Rosemary Richter

The future over the election of Unesco's next director-general, on which the future of the organization depends, is far from over as its 158-member government prepares to vote next Saturday in Paris.

Señor Federico Mayor, the Spanish biochemist, nominated to succeed the controversial Mr Amadou Mahtar M'Bow by Unesco's executive board last month after an acrimonious 12-day series of votes, is fighting a backlash by Mr M'Bow's supporters which could overturn the nomination.

By custom, the vote to confirm the board's choice by the full membership is a formality; but diplomats at Unesco's general conference believe it will turn into an ugly dispute reopening the political and ideological rifts which have been Mr M'Bow's principal legacy to the organization he has run for 13 years.

A group of francophone Africans, smarting from the "humiliation" of Mr M'Bow's enforced withdrawal, was last week preparing a legal challenge to the board's decision taken under a suspension of

the normal rules of procedure. Mr M'Bow himself, by accusing "certain governments" of "perverting the democratic processes", inspired the move.

Even if the challenge fails, it would ensure an extensive filibuster, allowing Third World representatives at the choice of a European to emerge. Four of Unesco's six directors-general have been Europeans and the Africans are attempting to muster the support of the Asians — whose "turn" for the job it was, under the UN custom of geographical rotation — against Señor Mayor, who could be presented as unable to heal Unesco's wounds.

Nobody expects Mr M'Bow to achieve a last-minute comeback, but his hostility to the man who defeated him for the nomination is such that his close aides are vigorously promoting an "anyone but Mayor" campaign.

Western governments have so far publicly resisted suggestions that a "compromise" alternative to Señor Mayor should be sought, although the French, who voted for Mr

M'Bow last month, are thought to favour Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan. The Latin Americans might be persuaded to drop Señor Mayor in favour of Uruguay's Foreign Minister, Señor Enrique Iglesias.

Neither of these is formally in the running, but both would be favourites if Señor Mayor were defeated. Sabezzada Yaqub Khan, Mr M'Bow's main challenger before being overtaken by Señor Mayor, resigned as Foreign Minister on Sunday — a move which would reduce opposition, should he re-enter the race, from Scandinavian and Latin American governments.

Under Unesco's rules the executive board has only 48 hours to come up with another candidate if Señor Mayor is defeated, so there is even the outside chance of a deadlock leaving Mr M'Bow's French deputy, M. Michel de Bonne-corse, running Unesco in "acting" capacity until the 1989 general conference or even — as Mr M'Bow's most headline supporters hope — lead to a two-year extension of Mr M'Bow's term.

Weathering tempest of Tamil Tiger violence



Sinhalese women and children queuing for food yesterday at the Dambulla refugee camp as the first monsoon rains came.

Boat people rescued from rock

By Nicholas Beeston

A British merchant vessel yesterday plucked 17 Vietnamese boat people, seven of them children, from a rock in the Gulf of Thailand, where they had been marooned without food for several days after their ship's engine failed.

The refugees are expected to arrive in the Thai port of Songkhla today after the British Embassy in Bangkok ac-

cepted responsibility for them.

According to the captain of the SS Restless M, Mr Michael Hatcher, two of the refugees are in urgent need of medical attention and are suffering from exposure, exhaustion and lack of food.

Speaking to the BBC on ship-to-shore radio, the captain said he spotted "a person waving a white flag" at his ship and on closer inspection

discovered the tiny rock "littered with all these people".

In addition to their poor physical state, he said the Vietnamese had severely lacerated feet from the barnacles which covered the rock.

A Foreign Office spokesman said the immediate welfare of the boat people would be handled by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.

Recipe for turmoil in Sinhalese south

From Michael Hamlyn, Tangalle, Sri Lanka

To travel in the far south of Sri Lanka is to get an eerie echo of what the far north was like only four short years ago.

Today the north is a battlefield, but in 1983 the Sri Lankan Army patrolled the streets, barbed-wire guarded police stations, posters and slogans defaced walls and guerrillas took pot shots at security forces. Politicians antagonistic to the guerrilla cause were assassinated.

Today in the south 38 members of the United National Party, the ruling party of President J.R. Jayewardene, have been killed since the Indo-Sri Lankan peace accord was signed in July.

Slogans such as "JR is a monkey" and "end the accord" are painted on roads, bridges and walls. Army units patrol in the steel-plated Buffal armoured cars developed from a South African model to provide landmine protection in the north. Platoons of soldiers man temporary posts on street corners.

Threatening letters are dispatched to public servants or wealthy traders — "donate one lakh of rupees... or else!" "I put them straight in the waste-paper basket," declared one brave soul.

But the Janatha Vimukthi Peramuna (JVP), meaning People's Freedom Front, has got the entire government structure in a turmoil, such is the effect its campaign of violence is having.

The President devoted a good deal of his press conference on Friday to discussing the threat posed by the JVP and its allies. And when he spoke to me privately a week ago he was even more anxious about it, encouraging the police to take the law into their own hands to deal with members who might be freed by the courts.

Here in Tangalle, as far south as you can get without floating away into the great empty space between here and Antarctica, the residents are more philosophical about the threat than they are in the capital.

"They want to demolish the Government, but they will fail," said Mr M.D. Weerasinghe, the local MP. Unusually these days, Mr Weerasinghe still lives in the south — many other MPs are afraid to do so.

But he has probably more cause for fear than the others: his father, Jinadasa Weerasinghe, was killed by a JVP gang at the end of July, and the 29-year-old appointed to his seat. "Some people are afraid because they can't live safely," he admits. "But it is not a real problem. We all have bodyguards, five persons with repeaters."

Mr Daya Herath, the government agent down the road in Hambantota, has done away with his bodyguards, though, to set a fearless example to his men.

"To me it has never been a

problem," he said. There are no guards on his gates, no passes are checked, no cars are inspected. "I stopped all that," he explained. "When you do all this you scare the public. When the big man does this, they see the Government has got panicky."

Now, perhaps under pressure from the Government to eradicate the JVP, the police are beginning to use heavy-handed tactics of their own. When a known JVP goes missing the police will arrest his wife, or his aged parents, a sort of hostage-taking that is becoming much resented.

"That's wrong, I think," says Mr Weerasinghe, the new MP. "If you want to catch the man, do that. Don't take his family: it's not legal."

Guerrilla movements thrive on injustice, and the JVP probably be no exception. Opposition to the Indo-Sri Lankan accord, which gave away too much to the Tamils,

Colombo — The Sri Lankan naval rating charged with the attempted murder of Mr Rajiv Gandhi has been refused permission to summon the Indian Prime Minister to give evidence for his defence (A Correspondent writes).

Vijayamuni Rohana de Silva, who attacked Mr Gandhi when he was inspecting a guard of honour after signing the Indo-Sri Lankan peace accord, was also refused permission to summon Sri Lanka's Prime Minister, Mr Ranasinghe Premadasa.

and damaged Sri Lanka's own sovereignty in the eyes of the Sinhala chauvinists, is already improving recruitment to JVP ranks.

The movement itself is — like the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) in the north — essentially a vehicle for the ambitions of one man. In this case a young left-wing agitator, Mr Rohana Wijeweera, who led an armed insurrection in 1971. He is now 43 years old, not so young and not so left.

The JVP these days regards the Buddhist clergy and patriotic groups within the armed forces as likely wells of support from which to draw. Neither of these groups has been noticeably left-wing, rather the reverse.

President Jayewardene said that he would remove the proscription against the JVP — "I've done it before" — if only Mr Wijeweera would give up violence and apply himself to trying to persuade the Sinhalese to give him democratic support. "I am prepared to give him an unconditional pardon," he said, which is a sizeable step for a man who has had 38 of his party men killed, including ministers.

But Mr Jayewardene also said that it was possible to live with terrorism. "The British have for almost 100 years," he said, "and the Irish. The Indians, too."

Filipino gunmen seize arms near US base

Manila (Reuters) — Unidentified gunmen attacked security guards yesterday near the US Clark air base in the Philippines where three Americans were shot and killed last week.

Police said the gunmen, suspected members of the communist New People's Army (NPA), seized weapons from private security guards policing an area where several American personnel live, about half a mile from the US base. The incident heightened tension inside the base itself.

The American Embassy in Manila, which has advised Americans to keep a low profile, had no comment on the latest incident, in which no Americans were involved.

A Philippines police spokesman, Captain Nardo Ramos, said security forces chased the gunmen, spraying possible hiding places with gunfire, but failed to find them.

Clark air base and the adjacent Angeles city, north of Manila, have been heavily patrolled by Filipino and American troops since last Wednesday, when two US airmen on active service were shot and killed, along with a retired airman and a Filipino. A third American was shot at but escaped unhurt.

US military authorities have clamped a curfew on the base and banned non-essential travel outside the camp.

Police blamed the NPA for the Clark attacks and others in Manila in which 10 Filipinos died, mainly police and soldiers. No group has yet claimed responsibility for the attacks around the base, home for about 96,000 Americans, including dependants. Clark and the nearby Subic Bay naval base, are the two largest American military installations outside US territory.

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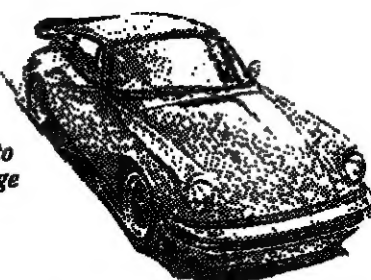
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SPECTRUM

The past could be Britain's growth industry for the 21st century. Peter Davenport found jobs galore in the heritage business

A fine future behind us?

From the outside, the low, red-brick building looks as uninspiring as its original use, a warehouse for refrigerators and freezers. Enter Unit Four off Walmgate in York, however, and you step into the Heritage Projects workshop, a virtual time laboratory, a magical world where the past is re-created before your eyes.

Here people long dead are brought "back to life" with uncanny realism. The sights, sounds and smells of their projects are re-created with painstaking accuracy: the pockmarked face of a drunken reveller from Chaucer's *Canterbury Tales*, earnest luminaries from Oxford University, the family of a poor 16th-century Edinburgh housewife, the stench of an open Viking lair. All are researched, designed and created in York.

The workshop is the centre of the new, fast-growing industry of re-creating the past. So successful has the 100-strong workforce become that the workshop has orders worth £50 million on its books.

"What we have created here," says John Sunderland, creative director of Heritage Projects, "is a new medium for the 21st century. The possibilities are limitless—entire environments can be brought alive."

The company was born out of the remarkable success of the Jorvik Viking Centre, York's unconventional underground museum. Developed at a cost of £2.6 million, it annually attracts

about 900,000 visitors and pours £16 million into the local economy.

When curators and directors of other museums saw what was happening, they were eager to acquire the expertise. Heritage Projects decided to exploit the market and so perfected its skills that it has attracted inquiries from around the world, including a kibbutz in Israel and a Canadian museum of Indian archaeology.

Its three newest ventures are British-based. Two will open in

Over in the corner of the workshop a beery, blowzy Wife of Bath sits astride a sagging horse. The realism of the figures is uncanny

March next year. They are the £2.2 million Oxford Story project, tracing the history of the university through the ages, and the Pilgrim's Way in Canterbury, where Chaucer's band of travellers will be brought to life, wars and all, in a programme costing £1.35 million. The third venture, the £2.3 million Edinburgh Story, will, through the eyes and experiences of a skinner's wife, Margaret Lock, provide a glimpse of life in the city in the 1590s. Housed in the

Highland Tolbooth Kirk at the head of the Royal Mile, just a few yards from the castle, it is due to open in 1989.

Sunderland calls such projects "pop-up books on a human scale", but that is to belittle the painstaking research and attention to detail that characterizes the work of his team. The secret of turning museums— it is a word which barely describes the experience—into places children will willingly queue for hours to get in to lies in the presentation. A rich mix of talent has been brought together: actors, sculptors, a designer from Madame Tussaud's, a senior props man from the Royal Shakespeare Company, electrical engineers, taxidermists, craftsmen in wood and metal, and designers who can re-create the exact clothing of centuries ago and even order up the right mix of smells that would have coloured the air.

Inside the York workshop, the floor is littered with tools, equipment, half-finished models, partly-built costumes, Chaucerian stables. Robin Burch, 29, a former actor, is a senior technician with the company. He is building a wattle and daub wall that will surround a gently steaming dung heap in a tumbledown stable that is to be one of the sets for the *Canterbury Tales* exhibit.

"I prefer," he says, "splitting another length of willow, 'to re-create things using modern, substitute materials, such as making old beams from papier mâché and dye, or seemingly solid stone walls



Don't forget the smallpox scars: sculptor Peter Donohoe puts the finishing touches to a drunken medieval reveller

from polystyrene. But sometimes there is no modern alternative material; then you have to use the real thing and study the old techniques that would have been used at the time."

Peter Donohoe was with the Royal Shakespeare Company at Stratford-upon-Avon for 15 years, ending up as deputy props manager, before joining the company in February. He is putting the finishing touches to the twisted features of a drunken reveller from Chaucer's tales, a face that comes wickedly alive when the false eyes

are popped into the head. Over in the corner, a beery, blowzy Wife of Bath sits astride a sagging horse.

"I wanted to do more sculpture work, and that's what attracted me here," he says. "The main thing is to get the characterization exactly right, and that means reflecting the deformities and the diseases that would have been around at the time. They had poor dentistry, so the teeth were in bad condition and the skin was probably pockmarked by smallpox. We try to reflect all that accurately."

Nena Parkes, 40, the production

manager, worked with the National Theatre and the RSC before helping in the development of the Jorvik Centre and assembling her present workforce in York. "When we started I suppose the idea was more of a theatrical impression of history," she says, "but now there is much greater emphasis on ensuring every possible accuracy, and that will only get stronger. It takes time and effort, but the results are there to see."

The skilled hands of members of the team in the workshop are backed up by designers who work

from the most detailed historical research and archaeological records. A planned £6 million dinosaur world housed in a 33,000 sq ft dome in Sheffield, for example, will feature a prehistoric landscape based on advice from the former head of the palaeontology department of the Natural History Museum.

After all, a rampaging *tyrannosaurus rex* would hardly look right with its feet trampling the type of grass grown in the local park. To the time travellers of Heritage Projects, that would never do.

Hisses of hate in the land of death

In Quechua, Peru's native language, Ayacucho means "corner of the dead". Here in the bone-dry mountains, where each man's annual income is around \$70 (about £40), the populace engaged in bloody combat with the Incas.

In 1824, helped by the Hussars of General William Miller, a native of Kent, they put paid to the Spanish in a battle that liberated the whole of South America from colonial rule. Now, in an extraordinary display of collective hysteria, they are reacting against any and every outsider.

The bitterness of Ayacucho is tangible as soon as you enter the sloping colonial square. Eyes glide off you. Women giggle after they pass, releasing what sounds like an expletive. Sometimes they speak louder, in a hiss. After a while you realize it is the same word they are mouthing. *Pistaco*.

A *pistaco* is a tall, white foreigner. He sleeps by day, drinks lots of milk and carries a long white knife under his coat. With this knife he cuts up Indians, lopping off heads and limbs and keeping their trunks for the human grease with which he oils his machines. Europe's industrial revolution was lubricated by the fat made from helpless Ayacuchoans. So were the Korean and Vietnam wars. The only reason Challenger blew up was that it lacked this *aceite humano*.

What frightens most is the fact that the whole town believes it. I climb on to a truck heading for the market town of Huanta. "Let the *pistaco* walk," says one of the eight Indians under her breath. I stand and talk to Aurelia, a plump woman with gold teeth and a pony tail. She points at the ink spots on my jacket where a pen has run. "Indian blood," she says, and then opens the jacket to look for a knife.

Why the Indians in the mountains of Peru are after the white man's blood



A man in a Coca Cola cap perching on the driver's cabin tells me with a grim expression that *pistacos* have recently backed the limbs off 30,000 people. Had he any evidence?

Oh no, but he'd seen it in the newspapers. The *pistacos* were government mercenaries employed by President Garcia to pay off his \$15 billion debt. The blood he sold to the blood banks, the oil to Western industry. The man thought Garcia's *pistacos* were Argentines.

No, said a taxi driver later. They were definitely Swiss. He was driving me to the com-

tery where the last white man to visit Ayacucho had been interred. On September 10, Luis Angel Huaranga Calderon was returning from a brothel in Avenida Cuzco when he was set upon by a crowd looking for *pistacos*. Calderon, a commercial traveller from the town of Huancayo, had studied at the Superior Institute of Education in Lima. But nothing he said could persuade his captors that he was anything other than a *pistaco*.

He had a knife in his pocket, a studded leather bracelet on his arm—obviously for protection—and a plane ticket in his briefcase made out in another person's name. His head was duly crushed by stones (you cannot shoot a *pistaco*), his eyes pulled out and his body dragged through the district of La Victoria until the bones showed.

"I saw the torchlight that night," says Juan Granda, a professor at Ayacucho University, nodding at the hill opposite. "But I hear the people searching every night with whistles, lanterns, and pan lids. They are worried the *pistacos* are robbing their children." Professor Granda says that the myth is a recurrent one, in operation since the Spanish conquest.

"It's a myth explaining the domination. Now it's a social movement against everything. It's not organized. It's a spontaneous phenomenon. A community under threat turning against strangers. There are even professors at the university convinced that *pistacos* exist."

It is easy to understand why the people of Ayacucho are fed up. For centuries they have been ignored by the Spanish-speaking *Limenos*, who refer to this part of the country as "the Indian blot". Life expectancy is just 45 years. Conditions are not much above subsistence level. For the last seven years, Ayacucho has been the battleground between the armed forces and the Maoist guerrilla movement, *Sendero Luminoso*. The conflict has claimed 9,000 lives.

Ayacucho residents are sickened by both the military and *Sendero*. They are also wary of President Garcia's intention to lift the state of emergency which would mean another influx of outsiders.

Not surprisingly, the local press has been quick to reflect the heartbeat of the city. "Ayacucho lives in terror", runs a frequent headline. So too does any stranger to the place on hearing the clash of pan lids.

Perhaps Luis Calderon's blood will be enough to assuage this mass terror, but for the moment gringos are not advised either to try the night life—or ask for milk shakes.

Nicholas Shakespeare

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THE TIMES DIARY

On the ball with Moore

John Moore, the debonair workaholic Health Secretary, has surprised even the most zealous of his civil servants. In the run-up to the election, when the DHSS was wondering who would take over at the Elephant and Castle, the main brain behind the controversial White Paper on primary health care — due to be published in the next two weeks — was anxious that the new boss should see the report as soon as possible after his arrival. Leaving a copy on Moore's desk, the mandarin was amazed when he discovered that the Health Secretary had read the recommendations — which call for a reduction in family doctors' professional autonomy — by 10 am on his first morning, when he held an initial meeting on the proposed changes.

Old adversary

Sir Philip Woodfield's appointment as security complaints commissioner is not going to please Tony Benn. His paths have crossed before. It all goes back to November 1964 when Benn had just taken his tea mug and sleeping bag along to the Post Office after Harold Wilson had appointed him Postmaster General. With Peter Shore and Marcia Williams (Lady Falkender) he used to go into little huddles to moon about the dire influence of the civil servants at No 10 who prevented them getting access to Harold Wilson. In Benn's diary entry for November 10 he notes how Sir Philip, then Wilson's private secretary, phoned up his counterpart behind his back to stop a Benn manoeuvre. "This was the inner Civil Service network in action," he grumbles.



My money was on Deng Xiaoping

Burnt up

I wonder how far Nicholas Fairbairn's faded sense of humour will stretch once he sees the publisher's publicity for his forthcoming autobiography, *A Life Is Too Short*. Volume One — from the "increasingly restricted, bumpy and suffocating" existence in the womb to the moment he opts for a career as "one of those people who wear wigs in court" — is due out later this month. The Perth MP's publisher, Quartet, promises that the reminiscences of the castle-dwelling Baron of Fordeil make rich and varied reading. Alas, no fewer than five times on one sheet his name is misspelled as Nicholas Fairbairn.

Bearing fruit

Lobbyists take note: in politics the adage that flattery gets you nowhere does not apply. During the agriculture debate at last month's Tory conference Barbara Smith of the Women's Farming Union described John MacGregor, the Agriculture Minister, as a "strong-minded, handsome man of decision" and hinted that her organization would hold him in still higher regard if he ironed out a capital gains tax iniquity affecting dairy and potato farmers. And lo, yesterday MacGregor announced that he was now hurrying through just such a change, ahead of next year's Budget. The dairy farmer's wife from Cheshire tells me flattery is a tactic she will remember next time she wants to influence politicians.

© The first foreign paperback edition of *Spycatcher* has arrived in Britain. It is probably not destined for great readership here since it is in Danish. Unusually, only Peter Wright's name appears on the cover, though collaborator Paul Greengrass is credited on the title page. Listed on the reverse are no fewer than 12 translators.

Women's world

Environment Secretary Nicholas Ridley has brought in an old ally from his days at the Department of Transport to persuade the nation to stop worrying and learn to love the poll tax. He has tempted Jean Caines to leave her job as Transport press chief to become his director of information. It is a similar story at Transport, where her successor, Gill Samuel, has been brought in by Paul Channon after catching his eye when she worked at Trade and Industry. With Mrs Thatcher plucking Christine Wall from No 10's press office to make her deputy press director at Tory Central Office, and at least four women now deputy heads of Whitehall press rooms, a woman must now be odds on to become No 10's next press secretary — though, it must be said, Bernard Ingham has no intention of quitting until Mrs Thatcher herself calls it a day.

PHS

Stake for all in the tax cake

by Oliver Stanley

Tax reform has been eluding government for the last 30 years. But why does Britain lag so far behind in devising a fiscal system appropriate for the 1980s?

The record of successive governments is lamentable. Married couples are still treated as they were in the 19th century. Capital Gains Tax is still a charge on inflation. Capital Transfer Tax has succeeded Capital Duty and Inheritance Tax has succeeded Capital Transfer Tax, but neither introduced any real reforms, merely a new string of complex, badly drafted amendments. A series of valuable exploitations of the tax system, to encourage saving and make pensions more transferable, have been neutered. How does this happen?

The influence of officialdom should be analysed, and this requires an understanding of the tax making process. In opposition, politicians have time and commitment to think out tax reforms and promise to introduce them in the first year of office.

Once in office, their basic reforms on which they will have been advised by eminent private practitioners are passed to Treasury and Revenue departments for their comments. Despite all efforts, government departments are still fiercely resistant to change. The public

service view, in general, is that the best possible way of doing things has long since been found, and that no viable alternatives can conceivably exist. In support of this complacent and idealised view, senior public service officials draw upon the resources of the departments in marshalling their arguments; usually ministers have at their disposal only a personal private secretary and their own political — not technical — expertise. They are at a profound disadvantage in debate with their Sir Humphreys.

Given the official capacity to impede, it is hardly surprising that so little progress has been made. What requires investigation is why this determination to impede progress should exist in the first place. It clearly has not existed in the revenue collecting agencies of the United States or Germany, where fundamental change in tax collection has recently been introduced.

A choice of explanations is available. The kindest is to recognize the under-resourcing of the tax collection agency, so that any change

inevitably makes demands simply by reason of its introduction. But there is a deeper reason. Working in the Revenue department induces a deep psychological suspicion of change. By the very nature of the work, the spirit of adventure or creativity in the individual is weakened or destroyed. Revenue officials work closely to precedent.

How is it then that the Inland Revenue department has provided so valuable a training ground for business and political careers? The answer is that those who have had personal capacity for change have been drained away. The department has been a forcing house for talent, permitting Revenue officials to acquire skills readily marketable elsewhere. Those who have not left have taken refuge in cynicism or eccentricity to mask their incapacity to beat the system.

If ministers are again to become again the masters of the tax system, they must find a new breed of servants. The obvious solution is for them to privatize the agency, for tax collection is one of the biggest businesses in the country.

The author, a former Inspector of Taxes, is chief executive of Comprehensive Financial Services plc.

David Owen argues for closer scrutiny of the security services

Give us a real watchdog

It is a sensible, if minor, reform of the Prime Minister to appoint an internal complaints commissioner for the security services. But this is not an Ombudsman in any true sense of the word. It is a counselling mechanism, not an independent complaints procedure. It is a useful confidence building measure in the sense that anyone in the security services worried about any activity can confide in an independent and wise person, but miles away from democratic scrutiny. That the Prime Minister shows little sign of conceding.

Within the closed community of the security services it is possible for practices to build up which should cause concern but to which senior staff have become indifferent. The safety valve of an internal commission may lead to a reappraisal of some current practices and to greater peace of mind outside the security services, and this can be no bad thing.

If Mrs Thatcher wants to undertake another sensible tidying up measure, she should introduce something similar to the US CIA security agreement. This imposes on their employees a contractual obligation sustainable in a court of law, not to disclose, without approval, classified or classifiable information obtained in the course of their employment. Despite my suggesting such an arrangement, the government appears to want to continue to rely on employees of the security and intelligence services being bound by their terms and conditions of employment which, though debarring them from publishing, without authority, information obtained in the course of their duties, seems ineffective.

Why else did the government not take any action against Viking Penguin in the US for publishing Peter Wright's *Spycatcher*? The CIA's security agreement would have been sufficiently strong in a US court to ensure that the book could not be published. Perhaps the government is waiting for a final legal defeat before recognizing publicly the inadequacy



Hard: his 'security' objection does not stand up

of the present contractual arrangements. Let us hope that it does not delay long before making this change.

Another much-needed reform is a Freedom of Information Act. Though it is becoming pretty clear that the government will resist the private member's bill drawn up by Tory backbencher Richard Shepherd, this issue will not go away and legislation is urgent. It would be a splendid revolt if sufficient Conservative MPs were prepared to support this important though necessarily limited step towards freedom of information.

The fundamental reform, however, remains to introduce an acceptable mechanism for Parliament itself to have greater oversight of the security services. At present the main democratic safeguard is the personal scrutiny which the Home Secretary and Foreign Secretary exercise in their respective ministerial capacity responsible for the different parts of the security services. They are supplemented by No 10 Downing Street and the Prime Minister's overall responsibility for the security services.

It is important, however, that some prime ministers' interest in taking for themselves direct control continues to be resisted, for there are grave dangers in concentrating all power in one minister and the spread across three senior ministers is itself



Wright: would have been felled by an American-style law

important in any democracy. But it has to be acknowledged that different ministers give different levels of attention to the day-to-day scrutiny of the security services. A few, in the past, have taken little interest and, in effect, the security services have then been monitored almost solely by the relevant departmental permanent secretary.

One of the most immediate effects of introducing parliamentary oversight would be to force those senior ministers always to devote a considerable part of their time to the security services — if for no other reason than that they would face questioning by senior colleagues and would not want to appear ill-informed.

Parliament technically exerts most of its democratic control over the executive by scrutinizing expenditure. The security services vote has been traditionally exempt from any parliamentary select committee or parliamentary debate. Indeed, successive governments have massaged the vote in ways that have not been strictly compatible with conventions.

Almost everyone in the Commons accepts that the security services cannot be scrutinized in the same manner as other government departments. But what has been interesting is to watch over the last decade the number of senior parliamentarians who have become converted to the case for

parliamentary scrutiny. They have witnessed the complete breakdown of the previous convention that issues relating to the security services should not be raised on the floor of the House.

That rule, for which there is much merit, is now flagrantly broken. Yet it would now be impossible to return to that earlier desirable convention without a few senior parliamentary colleagues being vested with the scrutiny capacity on behalf of the whole House. Such scrutiny, conducted in private in special rooms with special facilities for handling classified documents, occurs in the US Senate and House of Representatives and in many other parliaments.

It would involve questioning the Home Secretary, the Foreign Secretary and key officials. It would not involve knowledge of day-to-day security operations but should deal with the broad outline of the security services' activities. The Home Secretary, Douglas Hurd, has said this would mean the representatives sitting inside the barrier of secrecy, and that that would put up a barrier between them and the rest of Parliament. In a sense that is true, but it is because Parliament senses the need for some of its number to go behind the barrier of secrecy and question the executive that they are prepared to delegate that responsibility to a few of their number well-qualified to do so.

There would be merit in such a committee being composed of members from both Houses of Parliament, for this would allow a mixed committee, composed not just of party politicians, but leavened with people of experience from the judiciary, the Civil Service, or the Armed Services.

As happened with the Franks Committee investigating the Falklands, the members of the committee could be made Privy Counsellors and this would obviate the need for positive vetting. Though even this might exceptionally be conceded if Parliament felt it necessary.

Ben Pimlott

Terminate this dangerous bill

David Alton's Abortion Reform Bill, presented to Parliament last week and due for a second reading in January, is a clever and pernicious device aimed at undermining one of the most enlightened and important legal changes since the war.

It is the more sinister for being gift-wrapped as a modest proposal when it is nothing of the kind.

By setting a legal limit of 18 instead of 28 weeks, without exceptions, the bill aims to make abortion much harder to obtain. It is only sensible, Alton's backers argue, that a law passed in the permissive Sixties should be adjusted in the post-permissive Eighties. Even those who support the 1967 Act appear to have been half persuaded. "The rhetoric of the Right to Choose lobby is now rather out of tune with the times," cautions *The Guardian*. "There is more of a recoil now from 'social abortions'."

Guilt plays a key role. "Are you proud that three million fetuses have died in your country since 1967, or are you ashamed?" asks *The Spectator*. "If ashamed, support Mr Alton." Or, to put it another way, do you have a vague feeling that there is too much decadence around? Then back something that looks like a moral prohibition.

In fact, however, the bill has nothing whatever to do with morality and a great deal to do with a principle, "that all abortion is murder," which most British people do not support; and with the illness, suffering, crime and death that the intended change would bring about.

In law, the key issue is "viability" — whether the foetus might survive outside the womb. The increased chance of viability at 24 weeks strengthens the case for making this the limit (which, in general, it already is).

Alton's proposed reduction to 18 weeks, however, is of a different order and would prevent many women from terminating pregnancies that had gone seriously wrong.

Of 172,288 registered abortions in 1986, only 29 were carried out after 24 weeks. On the other hand, 5,865 were performed beyond 18 weeks, and upon this large group the bill's impact would be drastic. In practice, other women would also be affected. Doctors would be reluctant to operate beyond 16 weeks, to allow a margin of error, and some women who fear that they might need abortions later are likely to have them earlier in order to beat the gun.

Such tests as serial scanning and amniocentesis (for Down's Syndrome) are best carried out late. If the bill is passed, unnecessary and subsequently regretted operations might be performed, based on an over-hasty interpretation of the evidence. Even when foetal abnormality is diagnosed by the 18th week, a period for cancelling, and for considering options, is desirable. Some women, after all, are able and willing to raise a severely handicapped child. But they need time to think.

Where foetal abnormality is not involved, a majority of women seeking a late abortion do so for

one or more of the following reasons: extreme youth, poverty, ill health, low intelligence, sexual assault, ignorance or a failure to cope with official obstacles early in pregnancy.

There are some cases of women or young girls seeking what *The Guardian* calls "social" abortions. Here there is room for a difference of opinion. Some may feel that a 16-year-old heroin addict made pregnant through prostitution is getting her just deserts. It is worth pointing out, however, that the bill would also make it illegal to operate on a raped teenager who had been too scared to come forward before the deadline.

Of course, not all women would be equally affected. The better off and more articulate would find ways around the law (as happened before 1967) or will go to clinics abroad. It is unlikely, for example, that many of the daughters of the MPs who support the Alton bill, if unlucky enough to need an abortion, would be prevented from having one.

But for others there would be the grim choice, once again, between feeding the orphanages and residential homes for which the Alton bill makes no financial provision and a resort to a lethal back-street industry which, mercifully, the David Steel Act has put out of business for 20 years.

One of the religious groups calls itself "Life". A fact that doesn't feature much in its propaganda is that abortion, the biggest cause of maternal mortality before 1967, is negligible as a cause of death today, but will presumably figure once more in the statistics if the bill goes through.

Despite a preference by some doctors for 24 weeks rather than 28, the medical consensus is that the Steel Act has been a success, and the BMA has been its most vigorous defender. Yet it is a misconception that in Britain there is something close to "abortion on demand". The requirement of two doctors' signatures, indicating clear physical or mental grounds, is a hurdle which it is difficult for many women to surmount. It is notorious that abortion is hard to obtain from some doctors and hospitals and in some towns.

If Mr Alton's desire was genuinely to reduce the number of late abortions he would be trying to make it easier for women to terminate their pregnancy, if necessary, early on. He would be demanding the establishment of a minimum level of abortion service in every district health authority. He would be insisting on better counselling services. Above all, he would be calling for increased spending on the means for early testing.

A serious abortion law would also be concerned about the care of women who undergo abortions or who decide, often courageously, not to do so. Mr Alton's bill has nothing to say on these things because its actual objective is to gain a point in a much more ambitious long-term plan.

It must be defeated.

The author is the editor, with Jean Seaton, of *The Media in British Politics* (Gower).

Amid the cannon roar, a disciplined desperation



The Times continues its selection from a new anthology of some of the most vivid reports in history with

front-line despatches from two of its own distinguished correspondents. William Howard Russell was at the Charge of the Light Brigade; Robert Fisk viewed a camp of carnage



VALLEY OF DEATH

On October 25, 1854, soon after the start of the Crimean War, a Russian force attacked the British-French supply port of Balaklava. The subsequent British counter-attack led to the most glorious disaster in military annals.

Now occurred the melancholy catastrophe which fills us all with sorrow. It appears that the Quartermaster General Brigadier Airey, thinking that the Light Cavalry had not gone far enough in front when the enemy's horse had fled, gave an order in writing to Captain Nolan, 15th Hussars, to take to Lord Lucan, directing His Lordship "to advance" his cavalry nearer to the enemy. I should premise that, as the Russian cavalry retired, their infantry fell back towards the head of the valley, leaving men in three redoubts. They had also placed some guns on the heights over their position. Their cavalry joined the reserves, and drew up in six solid divisions across the entrance to the gorge. Six battalions of infantry were placed behind them, and about 30 guns were drawn up along their line, while masses of infantry were also collected on the hills behind the redoubts on our right.

Lord Lucan with reluctance gave the order to Lord Cardigan to advance upon the guns, conceiving that his orders compelled him to do so. The noble Earl, though he

did not shrink, also saw the fearful odds against him. Don Quixote in his tilt against the windmill was not near so rash and reckless as the gallant fellows who prepared without a thought to rush on to almost certain death.

The only support our Light Cavalry had was the reserve of Heavy Cavalry at a great distance behind — the infantry and guns being far in the rear. There were no squadrons in column and there was a plain to charge over before the enemy's guns were reached of a mile and a half in length.

At ten past eleven our Light Cavalry Brigade rushed to the front. The whole brigade scarcely made one effective regiment, according to the numbers of continental armies; and yet it was more than we could spare. As they passed towards the front, the Russians opened on them from the guns in the redoubts on the right, with volleys of musketry and rifles.

They swept proudly past, glittering in the morning sun in all the pride and splendour of war. We could hardly believe the evidence of our senses! Surely that handful of men were not going to charge an army in position? Alas! It was but too true — their desperate valour knew no bounds, and far indeed was it removed from its so-called better part — discretion. They advanced in two lines, quickening their pace as they closed towards the enemy. A more fearful spectacle was never witnessed than by those who, without the power to aid, beheld their heroic country-

men rushing to the arms of death. At a distance of 1,200 yards the whole line of the enemy belched forth, from 30 iron mouths, a flood of smoke and flame, through which hissed the deadly balls. Their flight was marked by instant gaps in our ranks, by dead men and horses, by steeds flying wounded or riderless across the plain. The first line was broken — it was joined by the second, they never halted or checked their speed an instant.

With diminished ranks, thinned by those 30 guns, which the Russians had laid with the most deadly accuracy, with a hail of flashing steel above their heads, and with a cheer which was many a noble fellow's death cry, they flew into the smoke of the batteries; but they were lost from view, the plain was strewn with their bodies and with the carcasses of horses. They were exposed to an oblique fire from the batteries on the hills on both sides, as well as to a direct fire of musketry.

Through the clouds of smoke we could see their sabres flashing as they rode up to the guns and dashed between them, cutting down the gunners as they stood. The blaze of their steel, as an officer standing near me said, was "like the turn of a shoal of mackerel". We saw them riding towards the guns, as I have said; to our delight we saw them returning, after breaking through a column of Russian infantry, and scattering them like chaff, when the flank fire

BEIRUT MASSACRE

The Israeli army invaded southern Lebanon on June 6, 1982, and PLO forces were evacuated to Syria at the end of August under US supervision. The Israelis then gave the Lebanese militia the run of the Palestinian refugee camps of Chabra and Chatila, in Beirut.

They were everywhere, in the road, in lanes, in backyards and broken rooms, beneath crumpled masonry and across the top of garbage tips. The murderers — the Christian militiamen whom Israel had let into the camp to "flush out terrorists" 14 hours before had only just left. In some cases the blood was still wet on the ground. When we had seen a hundred bodies, we stopped counting.

Down every alleyway there were corpses — women, young men, babies and grandparents — lying together in lazy and terrible profusion where they had been knifed or machine-gunned to death.

The full story of what happened in Chatila on Friday night and Saturday morning may never be known. For most of the witnesses are either dead or would never wish to reveal their guilt.

What is quite certain is that at 6 pm on Friday, truckloads of gunmen in the uniform of the right-wing Christian Phalangist militia and Major Saad Haddad's renegade army from southern Lebanon were seen by reporters entering the southern gate of the camp. Israeli troops and armour

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around the perimeter made no attempt to stop them.

What we found inside the camps at ten o'clock next morning did not quite beggar description, although it would perhaps be easier to retell in a work of fiction or in the cold prose of a medical report.

Just inside the southern gates there used to be a number of single-storey concrete houses. All been dynamited to the ground. Down a laneway to our right lay a pile of corpses. There were more than a dozen of them, young men whose arms and legs had become entangled with each other in the agony of death. All had been shot at point-blank range through the right or left cheek. One had been castrated. The youngest was perhaps only 12 or 13.

On the other side of the main road we found the bodies of five women and several children. The women were middle-aged, and their corpses lay draped over a pile of rubble. One lay on her back, her dress torn open, with the head of a little girl emerging from behind her. The girl had short, dark curly hair and there was a frown on her face. She was dead.

Another child lay on the roadway like a discarded flower, her white dress stained with mud and dust. She could have been no more than three. The back of her head had been blown away by a bullet. One of the women held a baby to her body. The bullet that had passed through her breast had killed the baby too.

Below the low wall a line of young men and boys lay prostrated. They had been shot in the back against the wall in a ritual execution, and they lay, at once pathetic and terrible, where they had fallen. The execution wall and its huddle of corpses was somehow reminiscent of something seen before, and only afterwards did we realize how similar it all was to those old photographs of executions in Occupied Europe during the Second World War.

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These articles are included in *The Faber Book of Reportage*, edited by John Carey, which will be published next week by Faber & Faber (£14.95).

TOMORROW
Witnesses of courage

Magdalen disclaimers
Court sentencing
From Mr C. H. H.
seen to be a...
the community...



1 Pennington Street, London, E1 9XN Telephone: 01-481 4100

MAO'S HEIRS...

Over the past ten days, China's reconditioned publicity machine has provided a tantalizing glimpse of one fifth of the world in transition. The fading of the men who fought their way to power four decades ago has coincided with the advance of modern communications and the penetration of Western economic wealth to bring China to the threshold of a new age.

Before the 13th Party Congress, the will of the Chinese leadership to cross that threshold was in doubt. Now, the doubt must be less China's will — that has been unequivocally stated — than its ability to accomplish the task it has set itself.

The retirement of the elderly revolutionaries is a step in the right direction. It is rare for senior officials in a one-party state to relinquish any of their vast power voluntarily, and a development to be encouraged. The significance of the retirement of Deng Xiaoping and his old comrades in arms can, however, be exaggerated. So far it is a symbol rather than a fact.

Deng has retained his chairmanship of the party's Military Commission which leaves him China's de facto leader. He has long held no formal position in the Chinese leadership beyond his membership of the leading bodies. Yet he has been the ultimate arbiter in policy as in personnel matters. He is likely to exercise that authority so long as he is able.

The retirement of his colleagues has been similarly incomplete. They have all transferred to the Central Advisory Commission, a body of elder statesmen whose size and possibly influence will have been boosted by its new members. While the Commission has played little part hitherto in determining policy, it could none the less stall measures it disliked.

The chief merit of the changes formalized at the Congress is that they have established a framework which should prevent an unseemly struggle for power after Deng's death. The clearer lines of authority should also make policy more consistent. They do little, however, to solve the chief problem — for China as for any undemocratic state — of transferring power in future.

Nor is there any guarantee that without the eminence of Deng Xiaoping behind him, the new General Secretary, Zhao Ziyang, will necessarily be unchallenged, particularly in the event of economic failure or civil unrest. Constitutional amendments have gone some way to strengthen the top leadership in relation to other party bodies. But that awaits proof in practice.

Zhao Ziyang's recommendations for the restructuring of the party cadre system at the beginning of the Congress offer a similar test. If they are enacted, China may in the future have a professional civil service and party officials elected for limited terms of office. If they are not, however, China is unlikely to become, as its leaders have pledged, a constitutional state in which all are equal before the law. Recent

years have offered too much evidence of Chinese enjoying their absolute power over other Chinese for anyone to be confident about the prospects.

Certainly, Zhao's policy speech made the present advance towards a more market-orientated economy seem more secure. Even if the theoretical justification for it — Chinese existence in the primary stage of socialism — raises more questions than it answers. Nor should the importance of a formal congress document be underestimated. Even though many clauses only endorsed current practice the specific sanction given to controversial issues like private enterprise, share-ownership and leasing, will help to establish them as norms. In future it should be harder for local officials to hamper the ambitious risk-taker who abided by the law.

The leadership's nod in the direction of greater civil and human rights is also welcome, less because of the limited legal measures that are promised than because China has unusually acknowledged before the world that its record could bear improvement. The appreciation that individuals have rights in a society that has traditionally favoured the collective, is perhaps an encouraging product of China's opening to the world. It needs to be extended.

In its latest period of opening, China has been notorious for taking just as much from the West as will benefit its economic development while shutting the door firmly against the diversity of ideas that provide the conditions for innovation. If the Chinese leadership is no longer completely deaf to Western complaints about human rights abuses perhaps it will also open an ear to the complaints from its trading partners about corruption, lack of candour and attempts by China to gain a one-way advantage by keeping its domestic market closed.

During the congress, Deng Xiaoping, the shrewd peasant from Sichuan who bounced back from adversity innumerable times, was elevated into a paradigm for future leaders of China. His role as Mao Tse-tung's right-hand man in the disastrous "great leap forward" was forgotten, as were his ruthless power brokerage (which brought the removal of Hu Yaobang as general secretary this year), and the blind eye he turned, when it suited him, to the persecution of intellectuals and dissidents.

Deng is now exclusively the architect and pioneer of China's reforms, the wise leader who knew what was right for China and proceeded accordingly. So long as his successors do not forsake his teaching, it is implied, they are the right leaders and secure. But the most important tests still lie ahead. Will Deng's image and the authority which it has conferred on his successors survive once he passes on? If it does, will the new leadership recognize the need to prepare for its own succession in time?

...AND STALIN'S

China's Communist Party "liberalizes" or "reforms". Meanwhile, the world's attention is also caught by the power whose leaders are old hands at "liberalizing" or "reforming", or rather at promising both. The first thing to keep in mind about Mr Gorbachev's speech yesterday is that its author is in a tradition of "liberalizing" Soviet leaders.

Most people remember that something similar happened in the Soviet Union under Khrushchev in the second half of the 1950s. By the autumn of 1964, Khrushchev — who had aroused great hopes in the West — was overthrown. Less well remembered is that it also happened under Lenin in the first half of the 1920s. The New Economic Policy (NEP), proclaimed in 1922, was a partial restoration of private enterprise. It went rather further than — so far — perestroika and glasnost put together. It lasted about six years.

By adopting the NEP, an earlier Soviet leadership thought it safe enough to encourage limited private enterprise just five years after the revolution, and at a time when official propaganda still depicted the Soviet Union as being under threat from the capitalist powers — the previous justification for "war communism". Now, 65 years later, the Soviet Union is one of the two most powerful states in the world. It has the world's largest army. It occupies half Europe. Yet it is still unclear whether its leader would be able to introduce private enterprise, and the liberalism which historically has always accompanied private enterprise in Western societies. It is even unclear whether he really wants to. Mr Gorbachev's speech yesterday should therefore be received by the West with extreme caution.

There is nothing cynical about saying that. It is Mr Gorbachev who, by convincing the West that he is a liberal, and luring it into arms agreements favourable to the Soviet Union,

may prove to be the cynic. Yesterday he delivered a vast oration touching on some of the most disputed events of the 20th century. It will have to be carefully studied for the mass of codes, signals and nuances embedded in it. At this stage, anything said about it should be tentative.

Mr Gorbachev is widely depicted as the Soviet leader who most resembles a Western politician. In yesterday's speech he did show some similarities with that breed. There must be more freedom in the economy, he said, as a rebuke to those old Stalinists — or at least Brezhnev appointees — who are absurdly described in the West as "conservatives", as if they were followers of Edmund Burke. But he also warned against those in the party who want to go too far too quickly — presumably a reference to those whom he regards as the more headstrong among his fellow "liberals". From all this, it might be inferred that he is just like the average skilful Western politician — a Macmillan, a Wilson, a Nixon, a Mitterrand, a devotee of the Middle Way, or one who tells his party what it wants to hear while doing the opposite. But if that is true, then — as with those famously adroit Westerners — we do not know what he intends to do until he does it.

Mr Gorbachev did behave like a Western politician in one respect yesterday when dealing with the problem of what the attitude of the Soviet Union should now be towards Stalin. Like any Western politician who does not want to take responsibility for something controversial, he set up a committee. In fact two committees will look into aspects of the problem. Khrushchev did not require even one. This raises the question: what kind of Soviet Union is it in which committees are still required to determine the merits and demerits of one of the great mass-murderers of history? Perhaps a Soviet Union with whose present leader the West should deal very cautiously.

Modest disclaimer

From Mr Uri Geller
Sir, In your preview of the TV programme, "Is There Anybody There?", on October 31 you quote me as saying, "My belief in gold is very important to me..."

What I said was my belief in God was very important, etc.

Up to a point I am a businessman, but my family's well-being, my spiritual and my religious beliefs dwarf any materialistic desires I might have.

Yours sincerely,
URI GELLER,
Sunning Court,
Thames Street,
Sunning, Berkshire.
October 31.

Court sentencing

From Mr C. H. Moiser
Sir, As long as the Government seem to be taking on board the point that their task, on behalf of the community, is to attempt to

reduce crime, which in itself might well not be synonymous with reducing imprisonment.

The probation service, (letters, October 22) always talks about successful remedial sentencing within the community, but the facts are quite different. Sentencing within the community, which has been with us for a decade or more, in its present form, has seen a 100 per cent crime rise in about eight years. Seventy per cent of crimes committed do not end with the offender being found even.

The Home Office Statistical Bulletin (November, 1986) reveals that overall 41 per cent of those on probation were reconvicted within two years of sentence and over 56 per cent were reconvicted within five years. Over 51 per cent made the subject of community service orders were reconvicted of further offences within two years.

In 1985, 40,880 offenders were placed on probation and 27,230 were made the subject of commu-

nity service orders. Forty-one per cent of the former and 51 per cent of the latter on community service were reconvicted of further offences during the periods of those orders. If that is success, I shudder to think what failure would be.

Of the "successful" percentage, it is highly likely half of them would not have re-offended anyway, whatever court order had been made, so why not choose cheaper (finer) alternatives? The real problem is how to sentence after a failed community-based sentence: more community sentencing?

Suspended sentences, probation and community service orders are not, nor are they seen by the public to be, punitive in the slightest degree, but "a let-off".

Yours faithfully,
C. H. MOISER
(Magistrates' Clerk),
Plymouth Magistrates' Court,
St Andrew Street,
Plymouth, Devon.
October 22.

Making good gale damage

From the President of the Garden History Society

Sir, Through the initiative of English Heritage in compiling a register of historic parks and gardens a valuable tool is now available for identifying those of greatest importance.

As grant aid from English Heritage will of necessity be for historical restoration, it is essential for landowners to record what has been lost before it is cleared away.

In cases where it has been established that a park was designed by Evelyn, Bridgman, Kent, Brown or Repton, it may now be possible to identify the actual location of the trees planted by them, as distinct from more recent plantings, thus giving a truer picture of their designed landscapes.

We would therefore encourage owners of damaged historic parks to indicate the location and species of the fallen tree on a map, which will show whether it is in woodland or open park, and if possible

1. Measure its height and girth at 1.5 metres from what used to be ground level.

2. Slice a 2in slab as low as possible, label it and store it so that, when time permits, the tree may be dated from its rings — easily done by an amateur.

Yours faithfully,
MAVIS BATEY, President,
The Garden History Society,
PO Box 27,
Haslemere, Surrey.
October 22.

From Mr Tom O'Connor

Sir, A tangible benefit to the Exchequer is going to be the amount of VAT charged on repairs which are the subject of insurance claims. Add the tax bonus resulting from the run on DIY shops etc and the Chancellor should be getting in quite a few extra millions.

Yours faithfully,
TOM O'CONNOR,
6 Wheatfield Drive,
Cranbrook, Kent.

What on Earth?

From the Secretary General of the European Geophysical Society

Sir, The letter from Dr R. M. Wood (October 5), entitled "Geophysics left out in the cold", exposed a truism, but creates a wrong impression. The truism is that in this country geophysics has long been regarded as a Cinderella of the sciences and generally had a poor deal. The wrong impression is that poor British geophysicists, shunned by the all-powerful geologists, have been forced into an unnatural marriage with astronomy.

Increasingly the space age is revealing a wealth of information on planets other than the Earth. It is no longer scientifically acceptable to restrict the study of geophysics to terrestrial physics. The prefix "geo" is having to become redefined. Purists may object, but one can talk about the "geology of the Moon".

There could never have been a more inappropriate time to suggest earthing geology by changing its title to "Earth sciences" (your correspondence, September 24), or to conceive that geology, geophysics and geochronology should be unified in a "British Earth Sciences Society" (your correspondence, October 5). It is perhaps, after all, not so unnatural for geophysics and its partner, planetary geology, to find a home under the umbrella of astronomy.

Dr Wood mentions the highly successful American Geophysical Union, but he seems unaware of the existence of the similarly-modelled, much younger, but expanding European Geophysical Society. This society has always been well supported by British geophysicists; indeed, it came into being largely through the activities of British enthusiasts.

Some years ago the society considered changing its name to avoid the embarrassment of terminology, but it finally opted to define geophysics on all its official documentation by adding the subtitle, "for the study of the Earth and planetary sciences".

Sincerely,
GEOFFREY M. BROWN,
Secretary General,
European Geophysical Society,
University College of Wales,
Department of Physics,
Aberystwyth, Dyfed.

Olympics application

From the Ambassador of Greece

Sir, I was saddened to see, in a report on your sports pages of October 16 concerning the 1996 Olympic Games, the assertion that "Greece has not been the most politically stable country in the recent past and another military coup similar to the one in 1967 could scupper its chances".

Your reporter is obviously not familiar with the functioning of democracy in Greece since its restoration in 1974, which has been a period of exemplary political stability. As you must be well aware, four general elections have been held in that time, each of which returned to power a party with an absolute majority in Parliament.

In these circumstances, reference to a possible military coup is neither credible nor in good taste.

Yours sincerely,
S. G. STATHATOS,
Greek Embassy,
1A Holland Park, W11.
October 21.

Placing blame for market drop

From Mr A. Doll-Steinberg

Sir, Lord Jay's letter (October 29) is based on a misconception. Until October, 1930, the crash and its aftermath, taken together, had the character of a severe but normal bear market — little worse, from the standpoint of the time, than the panic of 1907, after which both the stock market and the economy had recovered satisfactorily.

Moreover, quite unusually, a recession had started in August, 1929, i.e. actually before the peak and the crash. The US is not even in a recession at present.

The real damage, both to the US stock market and to the US and world economies, was in fact done from 1930 onwards as a result of two US banking crises, in October, 1930, and March, 1931. These crises were, of course, by-products of the crash; they could perhaps be compared with the secondary banking crises in Britain after 1974-75. Unlike the latter, however, they were mishandled by the monetary authorities, the then fledgling Federal Reserve, and exacerbated by the fact that the US was on the gold standard, culminating in the flight of gold from the US in autumn, 1931.

Roosevelt, whom Lord Jay praises, on coming into office did suspend the convertibility of the dollar as Nixon, whom he appears to criticise without mentioning by name, also did some forty years later but more thoroughly. However, any president could hardly have done less than either of them at those times.

Alliance merger

From the President of the Liberal Party

Sir, Reports of rows, let alone breakdown, between Liberals and Social Democrats over the issue of a policy prospectus (details, October 28) are a fiction. The issue was not even discussed at the last meeting of the joint negotiating team.

The facts are that over a period of about one hour Mr MacLennan and one or two of his colleagues set out the SDP argument for producing a policy prospectus as part of the constitutional "package" for a merger of our two parties.

Before he began, the Liberal team made it clear that we would prefer to give our considered response this week after Mr Steel's return from America. There was no argument. The meeting moved

Cathedral threat

From Mr Andrew Anderson

Sir, English Heritage and the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings (Diary, October 27) are not alone in hoping the dean and chapter will think again about knocking a hole in the north transept of Norwich Cathedral to create an entrance to a new store room.

When I began worshipping in the cathedral 35 years ago the floors were swept every morning by the old stoker, Hardy, who lived with his brooms and buckets of sawdust in the boilerhouse outside the north ambulatory door. I cannot believe that this dry, spacious room is unsuitable.

Access to papers

From Mr A. B. Phillips

Sir, Mr Chowdhury-Best writes (October 21) about delays in availability at the British Library Newspaper Library. His comments relate chiefly to UK provincial newspapers: national newspapers are bound and become available for use within three to six months. As far as provincial titles are concerned, almost all 1985's bound volumes are now available to readers.

Beginning with 1986 issues, the

Double trouble

From Mr Richard Usborne

Sir, Unless things have changed since my Oxford days, there is no "double first in Greats", such as Lord Halsbury took in 1930. What Quintin Hogg, as he then was, had taken was a first in Mods, followed by a first in Greats; a double first indeed, but not in Greats.

I remember that in the 1930s a new novel by Beverley Nichols (Balliol 1917, 19 and 20) ascribed a double first in Greats to one of his characters and I teased him about it in a review. I had checked

Telecom surveys

From the Director General of Ofel

Sir, You report (October 27) that I "stunned consumer organisations and politicians" by announcing that because Telecom was now publishing its own figures Ofel would stop its surveys. That is not an accurate report of what I said in my statement.

I said that it would not be sensible for Ofel to replicate every year measures of BT's performance which can easily be obtained within the BT network (emphasis added). However, the key statement was the one that followed:

"My objectives in continuing Ofel's work on quality of service will be to improve my understanding of consumers' attitudes to BT's performance, to obtain evidence about the reliability of BT's statistics, as necessary, and to cover topics that are not dealt with in BT's statistics."

Yours sincerely,
BRYAN CARSBURG,
Director General,
Office of Telecommunications,
Atlantic House,
Holborn Viaduct, EC1.

Classics helped

author of 'v'

From the President of the Classical Association of Great Britain

Sir, I was sorry to have been out of the country and to have missed what appear to have been lively discussions on the future of classics. I was glad, therefore, to have returned in time to read the letter from Mr Hector Thomson (October 31) affirming the central role of Latin in the continuity of English literature.

While I should like to remind him that English literature did not come to an end with T. S. Eliot, a former president of this association, I am very glad to be able to endorse all he said by saying, if I may be permitted, that without the many years I spent acquiring Latin and Greek I should never have been able to compose my poem v.

Yours faithfully,
TONY HARRISON, President,
The Classical Association of Great Britain,
c/o Department of Classics,
University College, Cardiff,
PO Box 78,
Cardiff, South Glamorgan.
October 31.

ON THIS DAY

NOVEMBER 3 1924

The British Empire Exhibition of 1924 was a runaway success in spite of the weather. As the Prince of Wales pointed out on the closing day some 18 million people had passed through the turnstiles.

CLOSING OF THE EXHIBITION.

SERVICE TO EMPIRE.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S SPEECH.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

On Saturday afternoon the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley was publicly closed by its President, the Prince of Wales.

It was like Ophelia's. It had too much of water. The English weather, which had done its best to ruin the Exhibition's life, did a final deed of spite by coming to insult its death. Thunder and lightning, a snowstorm, a true London fog — any of our other kinds of bad weather would have been more dignified, more impressive, more suitable to the occasion than that dull, relentless rain, that dismal November mist. Nevertheless, with the British keenness which we like to pretend is phlegm, some thousands of people had come to Wembley; and, wading through lakes and fording rivers, had advanced up to the Stadium. The covered blocks were pretty full. Down in the uncovered blocks beneath the stands were standing (because the benches were too wet to sit on) huddled together, seeking shelter under their own umbrellas and getting drenched by other people's.

Before the ceremony began they watched with faint curiosity some workmen, with fork and crowbar, searching for Atlantis in the largest of several oceans that had submerged much of the drive round the central bog. The last confetti was discovered just in time to save from death by drowning the matted pipes of the 1st and the 2nd Battalions, Scots Guards, and the 1st Battalion, Irish Guards, who stepped right on to it as they came in, to march, cheerily playing, all round the arena amid the enthusiastic condolences of the crowd. It seemed a pity that neither the British Navy nor the Mercantile Marine was represented in the ceremony. A few sailors, complete with ship, would have played an appropriate part.

When the pipes had done their march other musicians began to make a cheerful noise unto the bored. The programme told us that they were the two best bands of the Brigade of Guards; but from the opposite side of the stadium they were invisible, through the humid haze. Fortunately they were audible...

ATTENDANCE FIGURES.
The number of visitors to the British Empire Exhibition on Saturday was 97,499, and the total number who visited the exhibition from April 23, when it was opened, until the closing hour on Saturday night was 17,403,119. The highest attendance on any one day was recorded on White Monday (June 9), when the figure was 221,222. Saturday proved to be the most popular day apart from Bank Holidays, and the highest Saturday attendances were registered during the first three weeks of September — the period of the Military Tattoo.

From the opening of the Exhibition to its close, over 4,000,000 persons have been detained at the L.M.S. Wembley Station, and the handling of this abnormal traffic has been effected without incident. Including those who broke the journey at Euston and St. Pancras, the London Midland and Scottish Railway alone has dealt with approximately 6,750,000 Exhibition visitors. In addition to their ordinary service, the company have run 2,882 special trains, of which many came from distant parts of the provinces, and from places as far north as Inverness and Aberdeen. For the accommodation of these long-distance excursionists, dining cars were frequently attached to the trains, and 250 cooks, pages, and conductors were at times simultaneously employed on the dining cars throughout the L.M.S. system. The number of meals served on these during the period of the Exhibition reached a total exceeding 1,220,000...

Relative values
From Mr Alan Wykes
Sir, Two headlines on page 2 of The Times today (later editions, October 31) suggest an incongruity of priorities: "£250,000 grant for kidney wards"; "Spy book (Spycatcher, of course) law suits 'cost £2m'".

Yours with a cynical smile,
ALAN WYKES,
382 Tilehurst Road,
Reading, Berkshire.

Rate for the job
From Dr G. L. Taylor
Sir, This morning I received a cheque for £50: the fee for examining a PhD candidate in London for 3½ hours. This evening I parted with £51.75: the fee for a plumber to unblock my sewer, a task requiring 40 minutes.

Is this a further example of the brain drain?
Yours etc,
GARRY TAYLOR,
University of Oxford,
Laboratory of Molecular Biophysics,
The Rex Richards Building,
South Parks Road, Oxford.
October 21.



COURT AND SOCIAL

COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
November 2: The Duke of Edinburgh, Trustee of the Council, this afternoon attended a luncheon and meeting of the Council of St George's House at Windsor Castle.

His Royal Highness, Trustee, this evening attended a meeting of the Trustees of the Prince Philip Trust Fund for the Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead at Windsor Castle.

The Prince Edward this morning presented the 1987 Schools Design Prize at the Science Museum, London SW7.

His Royal Highness was received by the Director, Design Council (Mr Keith Grant).

Lieutenant-Colonel Sean O'Dwyer was in attendance.

The Princess Royal this morning opened SPP plc's enlarged manufacturing plant in Coleford, Forest of Dean.

Having travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight, Her Royal Highness was received by Her Majesty's Lord Lieutenant for Gloucestershire (Colonel Martin Gibbs) and the Chairman of the Company (Mr John Nutt).

The Princess Royal, Chancellor of the University of London, this afternoon inaugurated the University College and Middlesex School of Medicine.

The Princess Royal, Chancellor of the University of London, has accepted election to Fellowship of The Royal Veterinary College, London.

Birthdays today

Major-General Sir Allan Adair, 90; Mr Kenneth Baker, MP, 53; Mr John Biffen, MP, 57; Mr Jeremy Brett, actor, 52; Mr Charles Bronson, actor, 65; Lord Canning, 79; Sir Kenneth Corley, former chairman, Joseph Lucas (Industries), 79; Miss Violetta Elvin, prima ballerina, 62; Cardinal Tomás O'Fiaich, Archbishop of Armagh and Primate of All Ireland, 64; Mrs Jean Fife, former principal, Newham College, Cambridge, 72; Sir Philip Goodhart, MP, 62; Mr Larry Holmes, boxer, 38; Mr Ludovic Kennedy, broadcaster, 68; Sir Christopher Leach, former Lord Mayor of London, 80; Baroness Lee of Ashridge, 83; the Earl of Lonsdale, 65; Lulu, singer and actress, 39; Major-General Viscount Monckton of Brechley, 72; Mr Kenneth Morgan, director, Press Council, 59; Mr Conor Cruise O'Brien, journalist and author, 70; Mr Timothy Raison, MP, 58; Vice-Admiral Sir John Webster, 55.

Luncheon

Coal Industry Society
Mr Charles Wilson, Editor of *The Times*, was the principal speaker at a luncheon of the Coal Industry Society held yesterday at the Park Lane Hotel. Mr W.A. Dunn president, and Mr A.W. Ramsay, president, also spoke.

Reception

University College London
The Princess Royal, Chancellor of London University, attended a reception held yesterday at University College London, Gower Street, after the inauguration of the University College and Middlesex School of Medicine.

in the Edward Lewis Theatre in the Windyway Building, Mortimer Street, London, W1.

Her Royal Highness was received by the Vice-Chancellor (the Lord Flowers) and subsequently attended a reception in the Upper Hall of University College London, Gower Street, London WC1.

The Princess Royal, President, Royal Yachting Association, this evening attended a reception at Simpson, Piccadilly, London W1 during International Yacht Racing Union Week.

Mrs Charles Ritchie was in attendance.

KENSINGTON PALACE
November 2: The Duke of Gloucester today opened the New Buildings at New Lanark and the Abbeyfield House at Airdrie, Strathclyde.

His Royal Highness, attended by Lt Col Sir Simon Bland, travelled in an aircraft of The Queen's Flight.

YORK HOUSE
ST JAMES'S PALACE
November 2: The Duke of Kent today received the Right Hon Lord Pujol, President of the Catalan Government.

The Duchess of Kent, as Patron of the Samaritans and Benefactors International, today attended the launch of the Cape to Cape Expedition at Barclays Bank PLC, St. James's House, London EC4.

Miss Sarah Partridge was in attendance.

Viscount Linley celebrates his birthday today.

Today's royal engagements

The Queen will hold an Investiture at Buckingham Palace at 11.00.
The Duke of Edinburgh, President of the World Wildlife Fund, will visit Switzerland until November 6.
The Duchess of York will attend a cocktail party given by Floyd Oil Participations at the Natural History Museum at 7.15.
Prince Edward will attend a reception at New Zealand House at 7.15.

The Princess Royal, President of the Save the Children Fund, will attend the annual meeting of the fund at the Barbican Centre at 10.30.
The Duchess of Gloucester, as patron, will attend the annual meeting of BLDT (British Library of Tape Recordings for Hospital Patients) at Drapers' Hall at 5.00.

The Duke of Kent, Colonel-in-Chief of The Royal Regiment of Fusiliers, will visit the 2nd Battalion at Bulford, Wiltshire, at 11.00; and will attend the Britain-ASEAN dinner at the Dorchester hotel at 7.45.

Prince Michael of Kent will open the Comex '87 Exhibition at Sandown Park at 10.00.
Princess Michael of Kent will attend a gala performance of *Onegin* given by the London Festival Ballet at the Theatre de Champs Elysees, Paris, as part of the twenty-fifth Paris International Festival of Dance.

Forthcoming marriages

Dr D.J.W. Cooper and Miss D.A. Rees
The engagement is announced between David, elder son of Mr and Mrs Bryan Cooper, of Abinger Hammer, Surrey, and Deborah, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs L. Paul Rees, of Highgate, London.

Mr A.D. Deacon and Miss E.H. Grady
The engagement is announced between Ashley, elder son of Mr and Mrs A.J.R. Deacon, of Chichester, West Sussex, and Harriet, daughter of Mr and Mrs Richard Grady, of Shaftesbury, Dorset.

Mr R. Hughes and Miss P.C. Saxby
The engagement is announced between Richard, son of Mr and Mrs H.J. Hughes, of West Derby, Liverpool, and Caroline, daughter of Mr and Mrs M.C.C. Saxby, of Fulmer, Buckinghamshire.

Mr A. McCourtie and Miss G. Pratt
The engagement is announced between Alec, son of Mr and Mrs D. McCourtie, of Reading, Berkshire, and Gillian, daughter of the Rev K.W. and Mrs Pratt, of Mervasey, Cornwall.

Mr P.M.A. Merson and Miss K. Hildred
The engagement is announced between Philip, son of Mr and Mrs R. Merson, of Mongewell, Oxfordshire, and Kit, only daughter of Mr and Mrs D.J. Hildred, of Ipsden, Oxfordshire.

Lieutenant K.S. Mitchell, RE, and Miss S.A. Hines
The engagement is announced between Keith Stewart, youngest son of Mr and Mrs C. Mitchell, of Nottingham, and Sally Ann, daughter of Mr and Mrs M.E. Hines, of Newcastle, Staffordshire.

Mr J.M.W. Pauley and Miss S.P. Weston
The engagement is announced between Julian, younger son of Mr and Mrs John Pauley, of Stoke-by-Nayland, Suffolk, and Sara, only daughter of Mr and Mrs George Weston, of Trimpley, Worcestershire.

Mr A.E. Usher and Miss S.A. Rimmer
The engagement is announced between Antony, only son of Mr and Mrs T.R. Usher, of Wanborough, Wiltshire, and Sadie, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs M.W. Rimmer, of Bickerstaffe, Lancashire.

Mr J.A.H. Campbell and Miss A. Fallows
The engagement is announced between James, elder son of Group Captain and Mrs I.H. Campbell, of Edith Weston, Rutland, and Ann, only daughter of Mr and Mrs D.R. Fallows, of Potchefstroom, South Africa.

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OBITUARY

LORD COBBOLD

Governor of Bank of England in demanding times

Lord Cobbold, KG, PC, GCVO, Governor of the Bank of England from 1949 to 1961, died on November 1. He was 83.

His influence on post-war monetary policy covered a stirring period: the nationalisation of the Bank; the devaluation of sterling; the introduction of monetary policy; the convertibility of sterling; the Bank rate tribunal, and the Radcliffe Committee.

Cobbold became Governor only a few months before the devaluation of the pound. His main task in the years which followed was to superintend the long convalescence of sterling, the gradual removal of emergency wartime restrictions on the working of the financial machine, and the rehabilitation of the City of London.

He was, perhaps, the first Governor to realise that the Bank could no longer go its own way heedless of public opinion. He was the first to appear on television, and to make regular speeches up and down the country.

But he will be best remembered for his insistence that the nationalised Bank should retain its independence, and this he did with determination and discretion.

Cameron Fromanteel Cobbold was born on September 14, 1904, and educated at Eton, and King's College, Cambridge. After a year there he decided that he would not profit much from academic life and left without a degree.

At 21 he went into the City, entering the office of a chartered accountant, and later joined the associated firm in Paris. Thus began his connection with Continental affairs that was to prove invaluable.

In 1928, he returned to London to join the Excess Insurance Company and Messrs. C. E. Heath, at Lloyd's. Heath was quick to recognise Cobbold's talents and sent him to manage the company's Italian subsidiary.

Soon after he went to Italy, an important Italian bank, in which many British banks had interests, failed. Cobbold was used to unravel the extremely intricate financial position which the failure of the Italian bank brought to light. This brought him to the notice of Montagu (later, Lord) Norman, then Governor of the Bank of England.

In 1933, he joined the Bank as "adviser" in its overseas and foreign department. His arrival coincided with the final collapse of the gold standard, and he was thus thrown into the international field at a time when the whole future of money and foreign exchanges was in the melting pot.

He struck up friendships with members of the Bank of France's staff which greatly contributed to the Tripartite Monetary Agreement of 1936, which brought together the American, British and French



monetary authorities together to organize an agreed depreciation of various European currencies.

He was, from 1936 to 1939, active in preparing plans for meeting the impact of war, and led a group which worked out the procedures necessary to convert the country from a free exchange and trading nation into a totally controlled community as soon as war was declared. A new note issue was designed and printed to meet various contingencies, not least the suspected forging of British notes by Germany.

In 1938 he was elected a director of the Bank. From the outbreak of war he became the Bank's principal representative in all the ensuing international financial problems. In the early stages Franco-British relations were all-important, and Cobbold played a leading part in negotiating the Simon-Reynaud agreement of December 1939, which was designed - abortively as it proved - to integrate the British and French economic and monetary systems.

The replacement of Chamberlain by Churchill in 1940 had a rather unfortunate result for the Bank. Churchill had a grudge against Montagu Norman for having recommended the restoration of the pre-war gold value of the pound when he was Chancellor in 1925, and their relations were not good.

As a result Cobbold's rôle became more important. He worked not only on the financial problems which would be set by occupation of enemy territories but also on the post-war economic direction of the world. One of his most important contributions was his part in planning the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Then came the Labour Government of 1945, elected on a platform which included nationalization of the Bank of England. Catto had become Governor in succession to Norman in the previous year, and Cobbold, who was now Deputy Governor, played a special rôle in negotiating the nationalization terms.

In 1949 he succeeded Catto. It was no easy inheritance. A large number of both Socialists and Tories were suspicious of the new order at the Bank of England. But Cobbold succeeded in keeping the Bank

out of politics. Almost at once he was faced with a sterling crisis. Cripps and Bevin, then Foreign Secretary, were under the illusion that they could hold sterling at the rate of \$4.03 to the pound with the help of further loans from the United States Government. The loans were not forthcoming, however, and the British Government had no option but to accept the advice of Bank and Treasury to devalue the pound to \$2.80 and to try to persuade other sterling area countries to devalue to the same extent.

It was hoped that most European countries would also devalue against the dollar, and a mission went to Washington to ensure that the whole operation would appear as a general realignment of all currencies against the dollar. It was a success.

The Conservative victory in 1951 brought about a complete reappraisal of British monetary and economic policy. R. A. Butler, the new Chancellor of the Exchequer, set out to lead the economy back into the fields of international competition. Cobbold was actively involved in this policy.

Cobbold was reappointed Governor for a second five-year term in 1954, and in 1957 there was a disturbing episode when rumours of a leakage of prior information concerning a sharp increase in Bank Rate evoked much agitation. A judicial tribunal, however, cleared all members of the Court of any responsibility for any leakage or any complicity in taking advantage of their knowledge of the impending rise in Bank rate.

There was, however, one important consequence: thereafter the sole responsibility for changing Bank rate was transferred from the Bank to the Chancellor.

This experience, combined with a long period of pressure, convinced Cobbold that he should not seek a third term as Governor. However, the Radcliffe Committee's inquiry into the monetary system was still proceeding, and the Government did not want a change in the Governorship just then. Cobbold agreed to continue for the time being, but resigned on June 30, 1961.

Cobbold tended to organize the Bank on the "divide and rule" principle, so that it did not acquire any real corporate body of monetary policy and theory. He had a pragmatic approach to all issues.

He could be ruthless, and seemed unable and unwilling to engender an atmosphere of personal warmth, and he often failed to get the best out of his relations with his contemporaries.

He was elevated to the peerage in 1960.

Then, in 1963, he was appointed Lord Chamberlain.

He married, in 1930, Lady Hermione Bulwer-Lytton, who survives him with their daughter and two sons.

M RENÉ LÉVESQUE

M René Lévesque, who died in Montreal on November 1, at the age of 65, was Premier of Quebec from 1976 to 1985, and fought a forceful, but ultimately futile, campaign to make the province independent from Canada.

Elected on a rising tide of separatist enthusiasm, he and his Parti Québécois caused a frisson of alarm throughout Canada, and sparked off an exodus of English-speaking people from the province.

But Lévesque lived to see the aim of a separate state of Quebec was in the concerns of the province's electorate. And when he set aside the independence issue for a second election campaign he had to endure a cabinet mutiny that split the party.

Nevertheless, his Parti Québécois government enhanced the position of French in Quebec, and on matters of constitutional reform proved a difficult partner for the English-speaking provinces.

Lévesque was born on August 24, 1922, at New Carlisle, on the remote Gaspé coast. He dropped out of Laval University law school, in Quebec, in 1943, and absconded to New York rather than be conscripted into the Canadian Army.

He enlisted with the United States Office of War Information, as he put it, "anything to get overseas, but not in His Majesty's uniform". He ended up working in London, where he took part in broadcasts directed at occupied France.

He had a highly successful career in radio and television on his return home, but decided to go into politics in 1960, and was elected as a Liberal in the Quebec election of that year. As the province's Minister of Natural Resources, he single-handedly pushed through the nationalization of Quebec's huge hydroelectric power industry.

Lévesque broke with the Liberals in 1967 over the issue of Quebec's sovereignty. He had become an outspoken advocate of independence for the province, and he now formed the Parti Québécois out of two previously existing movements, both dedicated to that goal.



The PQ was soundly defeated in the 1970 and 1973 provincial elections, and Lévesque twice failed to win a seat. This brought out the pragmatist in him, and for the 1976 election he persuaded the PQ executive that the independence issue should be played down.

The party did not disavow their goal, but avoided the issue as much as possible, confining itself to a vague promise that at some point the question would be submitted to a referendum. Instead, it concentrated on economic questions and the issue of good government, on which the Liberals, with their record of scandals, were particularly vulnerable.

The tactic was overwhelmingly successful, and on November 15, 1976, the PQ won 70 out of 110 seats in the Quebec legislative assembly. Shocked Canadians awoke the next morning to the news that a party dedicated, at least in theory, to the dismemberment of their country had been elected to power in the province.

Lévesque was careful not to make any rash moves. He was aware of opinion surveys which showed that even while electing a separatist party Quebecers were, by and large, opposed to bold action on independence. He concentrated on trying to prove that the PQ could provide good government.

The party did, however, introduce legislation to strengthen the position of French in the province and this, known as Bill 101, caused

a considerable uproar because of the restrictions it placed on the teaching and use of English. Whole sections of it were eventually struck down by the courts on constitutional grounds.

Some years later the PQ government found itself in another controversy over the writing of a new, specifically Canadian, constitution to replace the old British North America Act. Lévesque took the view that it infringed Quebec's rights, but he was outmanoeuvred by Mr Pierre Trudeau, then Canadian Prime Minister, who persuaded the other nine provinces to adopt the new basic law, and so isolated Quebec.

The referendum on independence was eventually held in 1980. The notion of independence was camouflaged as "sovereignty-association", a formula concocted by Lévesque, and designed to mean sovereignty within a continuing economic union. It was rejected by a majority of three to two.

The PQ was, nevertheless, re-elected to office within less than a year. But success at the polls could not indefinitely cover up the party's internal differences. In 1984 Lévesque stated that the issue of sovereignty must not be at stake at the next election.

Party hardliners were infuriated. Delegates voted to uphold Lévesque's position, but he found himself at the head of a broken and divided party. His normally robust health began to show signs of weakening under the strain. In January, 1985, he resigned his party post and retired from politics.

Lévesque was a restless, nervous man who chain-smoked, loved poker, and stayed up until all hours of the night. He was in many ways erratic and unpredictable, but in the course of his career developed a remarkable rapport with ordinary Quebecers, farmers, fishermen and workers, which stood him in good stead.

He married, in 1947, Louise L'Heureux. They had two sons and a daughter. The marriage was dissolved, and in 1979, he married Corinne Côté.

All those in favour of keeping the dog licence sign here:



According to the latest figures, an estimated 200,000 dogs are registered as strays each year: over 40% are destroyed. So, lack of Government action will condemn to death another 80,000 unwanted dogs in the next 12 months.

Now the Government intends to abolish the dog licence as part of new legislation currently going through Parliament.

Don't let the Government turn its back on the stray dog problem. Support the RSPCA's Charter for Responsible Dog Ownership. For your free information Pack, simply fill in the coupon and return it to: RSPCA, FREEPOST, Northampton, NN4 0BR. Or better still, telephone (0604) 767676 now.

I want to know more about the RSPCA's Charter for Responsible Dog Ownership. Please send me my free information Pack.

Name

Address

Postcode

RSPCA, FREEPOST, Northampton NN4 0BR. Free post means we pay the postage but if you could use a stamp more of our precious funds will be available to prevent cruelty to animals.

Registered Charity No 288093 18

Appointments

Mr Stephen Robert Silber, QC, to be a Recorder on the South Eastern Circuit.

Dr John Howell is the new Director of the Overseas Development Institute. He succeeds Mr Tony Killick who becomes Senior Research Fellow. Mr Adrian Hewitt becomes Deputy Director.

Mr George C. Boon, Senior Keeper at the National Museum of Wales, to be Curator at the museum's main building in Cathays Park, Cardiff.

Mr Roger Chick, County Emergency Planning Officer for Warwickshire, to be Civil Defence Adviser at the Home Office in succession to Mr Eric Alley who is retiring soon.

Mr Bill Francis, Chairman of the Black Country Development Corporation, is the 123rd President of the Institute of Civil Engineers. Mr Brian Redrup, City Engineer of Coventry, becomes the Chairman of the Institution's Association of Municipal Engineers.

Mr Robin Guthrie is to be Chief Charity Commissioner on the retirement of Mr Denis Peach in January 1988. Mr Guthrie is at present Director of the Joseph Rowntree Memorial Trust.

Mr David Jefferson to be Chairman of The Incorporated Council of Law Reporting for England and Wales. He succeeds Sir Robert Megarry.

Mr M. Checkland and Mrs S. Zetter. The marriage has taken place in Horsham of Mr Michael Checkland and Mrs Sue Zetter.

Mr S.A.C. Ratch and Miss J. Stourton. The marriage took place on Saturday at Holy Trinity Church, Chipping

THE ARTS

Morning sickness

For sheer sanctimoniousness, Jean Rook's appearance on *Good Morning Britain* (TV-am) took some beating. Of course we wanted the Royal couple to get back together again — let's just assume there has been a rift, shall we? But there was something very strange going on, was there not? If they divorced, who would get custody of the children? Could the monarchy survive such a trauma? (Did she actually suggest it might not? Yes, she did.) As the pigs of the press put it in the previous night's *beta-plus* *Sprinting Image*: "Will Charles and Di make it up? Well, if they won't, we will."

Still, it was all good television — perhaps more watchable than the substantial interview later in TV-am's programme which featured surely the first publisher's

TELEVISION

editor ever to have David Frost visit her in her office to discuss the finer points of assembling a book. The fact that the book was about the Palace of Westminster was marginally less significant than the fact that the editor was the Duchess of York.

I tremble to think what the popular press will make of the revelation that she and a photographer (male) got up at 5.30am with their instant cameras to catch the joint. Frostie managed to get away with just one tiny question about Di, but otherwise Fergie was in total command.

Not for the squeamish is a new series called *The Courage to Fail* (BBC2) which is a history of modern surgery. The title must refer to statistics like the 70 per cent failure of brain operations before Dr Harvey Cushing came along: he reduced the percentage of deaths to 4 per cent by dint of concentrating in a single specialist area.

If you could keep your eyes on the screen while brain tumours were excised, there was a lot to learn here. The explanations of old-style operations were breathtakingly awful, and the real advances of the modern age apparently came when three problems had been conquered — blood loss, surgical infection and pain.

A very nice man from the Harvard Medical School reminded me that it all affectionately, as if people dying around you were the most natural thing in the world; which for doctors, I guess, it is.

And so it ought also to be for Dr F20 (BBC1) but the new adventure which started yesterday, currently stuck in a 1950s holiday camp, is desperately antiseptic and cleaned-up. Sylvester McCoy is a promising doctor, but there is only one ghoulish monster so far and only Ken Dodd has been shot to smithereens, which is no less than his brief cameo appearance deserved.

William Holmes

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Fireworks for November 5th and all year round.
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HONG KONG FIVE TIMES A WEEK

We reach for the sky.

FATHERS AND SONS
premiere of a new play by Brian Friel
after the novel by Ivan Turgenev
"A PLAY FOR TODAY"
Lyttelton: TOMORROW, THURS, FRI at 7.45. SAT 2.15 (low price mat) & 7.45
Stands: unreserved seats at low prices from 2 hours before perf
NATIONAL THEATRE
BOX OFFICE 01-928 2252 Lesley Sharp/Robert Glenister

Popular sophistication

GALLERIES

Diego Rivera/
Art History
Hayward Gallery

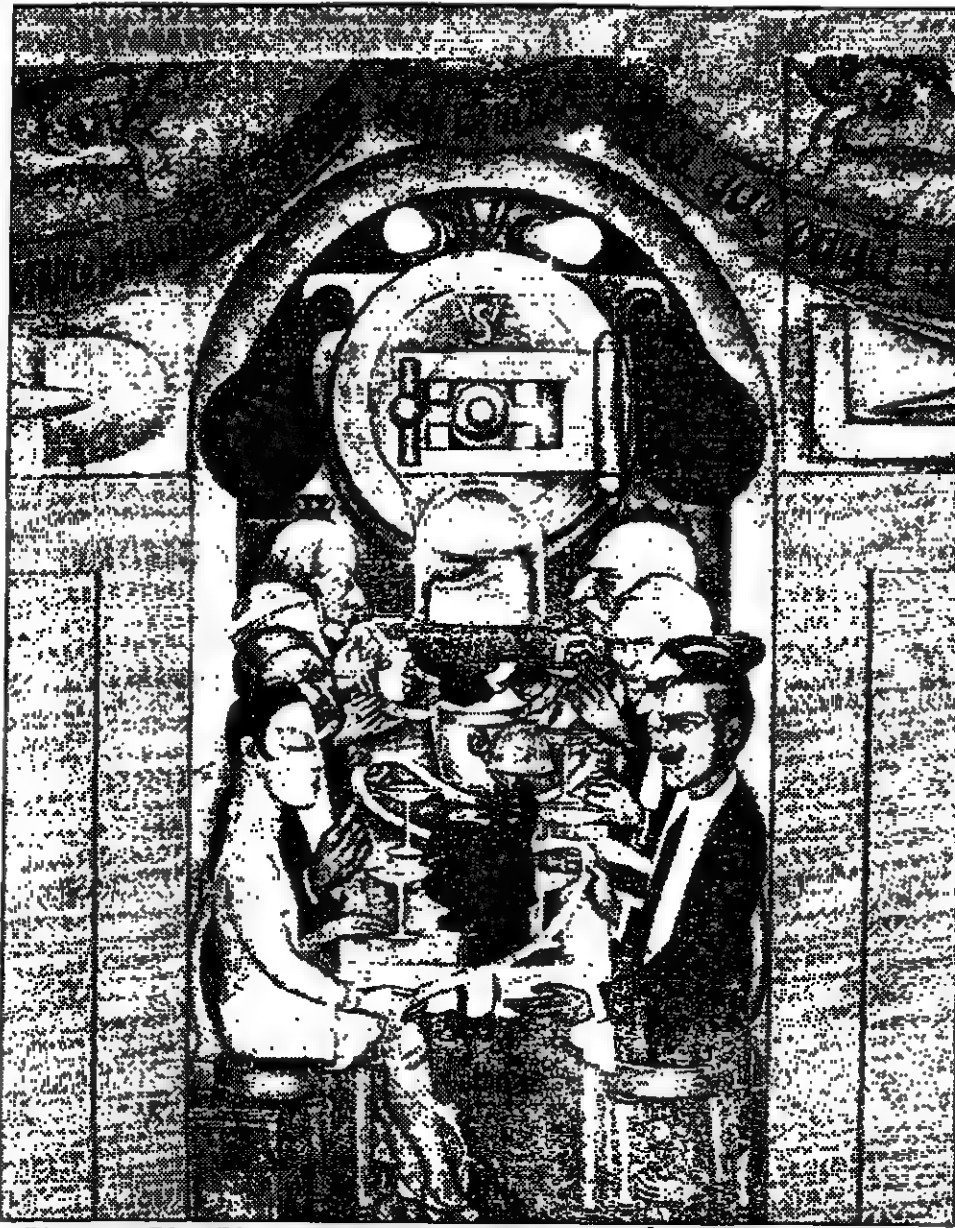
For years now we seem to have been circling round Diego Rivera. We have had exhibitions of his greatest rival/confère among the Mexican muralists, Orozco. We have had shows devoted to the most independently artistic ladies of his life, Tina Modotti and Frida Kahlo, and of the redoubtable Marenco, who lived with him during his Paris years and bore one of his many children. We have been kept up to date with the younger Mexican muralists, such as Tamayo.

But the man himself has remained elusive until now. That may be rectified by the major show of Rivera which has been touring North America and Europe for about 18 months and has now settled at the Hayward Gallery until January 10.

Europeans tend to have problems with the Mexican muralists of the interwar years. First, in the nature of things it is difficult to get any adequate idea of them without visiting the major sites in Mexico and the United States, where their most important works are immovably fixed. The present show, like its predecessor on Orozco, does its best to fill the gap with film, audio-visual and photographic documentation, as well as sketches and studies when available. But it is not really any substitute for the genuine article on its own original scale.

And so to the second obstacle: the perennial problem of balancing the value of estimable revolutionary politics with that of the art for art's sake. But beyond, deeper and more problematic yet, is the taste barrier. Orozco above all, but also Rivera to an important degree, sacrifices almost all the traditional niceties to the end of getting over the message with maximum force to the largest possible number of people. The art is deliberately vulgar, in both senses of the term, and tends to leave one feeling very dirty and pimply-pimpled, but resistant none the less.

Fortunately, Rivera was a much more substantial and various artist than Orozco, and a much more extensive and important part of his



Rich irony: Diego Rivera's mural "The Wall Street Banquet" (1926) in Mexico City

output was devoted to easel paintings. Also, he was a far more cosmopolitan figure, much more vividly aware of what was going on in European art. Indeed, he was not merely an observer, but a vital part of the Cubist revolution in Paris, where he lived and worked primarily between 1909 and 1921.

He began his career as an agreeable if not particularly distinctive Post-Impressionist. Already by 1912 he had come to something more characteristic of his mature work in the monumental *The Old Ones*, painted in Toledo, which effortlessly gives an everyday scene strong symbolic overtones. But back in Paris he was swept away by the shapes and colours of the new "Synthetic" phase of Cubism (he never seems to have been too attracted by the dun colours of Analytical Cubism), and produced in the

next four or five years some of his most lastingly memorable paintings.

But his fundamental attachment to the outside world of observed phenomena was clearly too strong to be broken altogether, and by 1918 he was reacting against Cubism in favour of a meticulous kind of realism which, in the still-lives especially, looks today uncannily modern. He also, while still in Paris, began to hanker after the sights and subjects of home, and when he returned to Mexico in 1921 he was instantly overwhelmed by the sheer beauty and colour of "that rich and severe, wretched and exuberant land".

By 1922 he was already at work on his first major mural, and from then on he was very definitely and deliberately a Mexican artist. But nothing was really lost: even dealing in often broad and simplified

terms with the political myths and realities of Mexico as he saw them, the formal lessons of his Cubist years continued to direct his hand. The murals and related works of Mexican ethnic inspiration may well be simple and direct to the point of being cartoonish, but they are saved from being strident and blatant by the inescapable sophistication of his formal ways and means.

And he was always immensely prolific, with a generosity of outpouring which recalls Picasso. It is not for nothing that colour reproductions of some of his later images, like the *Flower Carrier* of 1935, became almost inescapable in American motel rooms of the Norman Bates era. They manage to combine an easy local-colour appeal with a skill in formal organization which makes them continuously satisfactory to the critical mind even

as they go straight to the hearts of the masses Rivera saw as his prime audience.

Some of the later portraits and flower-infested pieces do perhaps come too near for comfort to the kitschy side of *The Three Caballeros*, but even here the intensity of vision gives them a slightly surreal atmosphere that still commands serious attention.

An extraordinary-looking, rather ugly man, obviously of intense personal magnetism, Rivera is a natural star personality in the many documents of his life and political background we see here and saw in the Kahlo/Modotti show at the Whitechapel. But somehow the work always finally remains more interesting than the personality which so palpably shaped it. Rivera is, much more unmistakably than Orozco, a major artist still in need of a major reevaluation on this side of the Atlantic.

The vogue in the *Swinging Sixties* for covering any available urban wall-surface with ad-hoc murals brought in a new wave of influence and appreciation. And it has been unavoidable to wonder, faced with the recent productions of the young Glasgow painters, how much they could and did know about Rivera's more directly political art.

In the Art History show which accompanies Rivera at the Hayward one of this group, Ken Currie, is featured, having just completed a project fit for Rivera himself, the mural in the dome of the Glasgow People's Palace.

Among the other artists who have been commissioned for the occasion to mirror recent history in their art are Peter de Francia, whose devotion to the public subject and whose kinship to the Mexican muralists is well known. And though one would not instantly suspect a close relationship between them and R.B. Kitaj, he certainly has a similar interest in using popular iconography to achieve a broad-based appeal.

Also present are Terry Setch, Michael Sandle and Helen Chadwick, who have all in their very diverse ways reflected contemporary issues in their art. The idea of the show is certainly intriguing, indicating that if Rivera these days comes most obviously within the realm of art history, that does not mean that his soul does not go marching on.

John Russell Taylor



Before perestroika: Boris Godunov (Robert Lloyd) interrogates Shuisky (Antonio Bevacqua)

A Tsar for all seasons

OPERA

Boris Godunov
Teatro Comunale,
Florence

Robert Lloyd has made his belated Florence debut in the title role of *Boris Godunov*, and earned an ovation that by frosty Florentine standards was positively thunderous. And rightly so — Lloyd's demented Tsar has now matured into an interpretation of great power and individuality.

His naturally warm timbre and noble delivery establish him from the start as an unusually sympathetic protagonist, which serves to heighten the personal tragedy of an essentially good man destroyed by one mistake.

The range of emotions that Lloyd encompasses in the course of the role is immense, but no less remarkable is the expressive fine-tuning that enables him to find the precise tinge for every phrase. In Boris's central monologue for example, Lloyd combines great tenderness for his daughter with a sense of passionate concern for her happiness. Nothing could be further removed from the generalised emoting that often passes for operatic acting.

Another superbly-judged performance came from Stafford Dean, in richly resonant voice, whose sinister Rangoni was a model of understated nuance. Grigory was ardently sung in clear, ringing tones by Walter Donati, whose tenor has more than a glint of real steel in it. And Lucia Valentini Terrani's forceful, occasionally strident singing was utterly appropriate for the upwardly mobile Marina Mnishch. There was a lively Varlaam from the veteran Dimitri Petkov, and an extremely veteran Hostess from the ever-lively Fedora Barbieri.

After some initial uncertainties Myung-Whun Chung conducted a taut, clear-textured performance that re-

vealed much of the beauty and the brutality of Mussorgsky's orchestration, although his tendency to briskness robbed certain passages of their peculiar haunting quality — Pimen seemed to write pretty quickly for an old man, and some of Boris's doom-laden lines should have been given more weight.

Like the principals, the chorus sang in surtitled Russian; unlike the principals, however, they sounded as if they were singing in Italian, which is a fairly major flaw in a portrayal of the Russian people. The opening scene was marred by ragged ensemble, but they all got together for a spirited Revolt at the end.

Unfortunately the performance as a whole amounted to less than the sum of its parts, and the blame must be placed squarely on the shoulders of the director/designer Piero Faggioni. As director, he relied on crude physical conflict that pushed the action over the top instead of forward, thus irretrievably breaking the momentum of a scene. Boris half-throated Shuisky on the floor by way of threatening him, and Marina kicked the Pretender playfully in the ribs as he knelt, imploringly before her. As designer, Faggioni placed every scene in a forest clearing — except boyars from the Kremlin Council Chamber, through the trees! Perhaps this was symbolism.

Nigel Jamieson

A pure delight

CONCERTS

London New
Music
Purcell Room

This was a slightly austere evening, centred on the pure white music of Cage's *Zen-Satie* period and including four variously enigmatic new pieces offered with minimally informative programme notes. One feels somewhat bleached.

The Cage pieces comprised his total output for violin and piano: the charming little *Nocturne* of 1947 and the *Six Melodies*, written three years later, very much in the motionless style of the *String Quartet*. Though the effect is always utterly simple, both works are the devil to play since in their cool perfection they show up any speck of hesitation or error, any effort to phrase or interpret. Both Ann Hooley and Michael Blake did well to draw so little attention to themselves, though they could have

sounded more united in the *Six Melodies*.

Otherwise the programme was clarinettish. There was a short, bald opener from Christopher Fox, *Heliotrope 7*, in which clarinet duets kept breaking off for resonances from a bowed vibraphone.

More conventional in scoring and manner, Anthony Marks's *Aporia-Sonata* for clarinet and piano was a likeably odd, controlled and convincing piece kicking off references in various directions: to English long-lined ruminative lyricism, to the clear, fractured sonorities of Messiaen and late Britten, to jazz. Ian Stuart and Mr Blake gave a lively performance.

The other two pieces, both adding a piano trio to the Fox ensemble, were Massimo Fagnoli's *Amnesia*, remembering scraps in the style of Stravinsky from around 1920, and Gerald Barry's "as empty as its title but very beautiful and done with great wit. Somebody should rescue the Barry opera that the ICA regrettably had to abandon.

Paul Griffiths

Chilingirian

Quartet

Queen Elizabeth
Hall

Composing a string quintet these days is to put one's self in the shadow of some of the great masterworks of the chamber repertory, but Stephen Dodgson has created his own patch of light with a rewarding new contribution to the form. His *String Quintet* was given and sounded like a very accomplished premiere performance in their South Bank series by the Chilingirian Quartet, with Stephen Issleris as second cello.

That extra player has usually been a means either to contrast of timbre or richness of texture. Mr Dodgson has elements of both, but with a further aspect of contrasts in register, with the viola sometimes being *agent provocateur* to high and low in turn. It is a work of some substance, three movements with a duration of nearly 40 minutes, and with

resourceful use of lyrically expressive tonal material.

Both the first two movements owe something to the Slavonic *dumka* form of alternating fast and slow tempi to work out the basic melodic ideas that run throughout, and the finale is a series of variations on a brightly chiming theme, with a sudden break to a slow reflective passage at the centre. Without tempting new explorations the work is the product of a thoughtful musician who seeks to give players a challenge and listeners a pleasure and succeeds in both.

It shared a programme with Haydn's E-flat Quartet known as "The Joke", the humour of its persistent false endings suitably relished, and with Schubert's C-major Quintet. Here the performance communicated an elegant command and understanding, with vivid clarity of inner parts in the balance of texture, not least in the passionate F-minor section of the slow movement and the almost prayer-like dark introspection of the third movement trio.

Noel Goodwin

LONDON
DEBUT

Smiljka Isakovic, from Belgrade, specialises in Spanish harpsichord music and her Wigmore recital, was a short, carefully balanced programme of Scarlatti and Soler. She plays, as she dresses with both panache and elegance. Her fingerwork is nimble and brilliant, her use of rubato a form of elasticity which creates maximum tension and vitality. She presented a recently discovered Fandango by Scarlatti — a tour de force of even, ringing semiquavers and strung chords — and matched it, at the end of the evening, with one by Soler, Scarlatti's pupil. In this composer she found a bewilderment of energetic trills, arful and imaginative changes of registration and, in his *Toccata Fantasia*, a sense of dramatic timing always within its idiomatic frame.

Hedwig Swinberghe, the Flemish clarinetist, planned a Purcell Room recital of either courage, audacity or folly. A programme of Gade, Brahms, Hindemith, Semler-Collery and Swinberghe himself seemed calculated to drive away all but his friends; and it was perhaps the half-empty auditorium which dampened his spirits. This was trim, conscientious playing, fluent in the Schumannesque passage-work of Gade, nimble in Hindemith's labyrinths of part-writing. What was lacking was any sense of daring. Too often, opening notes fail to compel attention, or the phrasing of a Brahms Andante became an earnest note-by-note matter rather than a singing arc of sound. It could well be that Mr Swinberghe, who is a member of the Belgian Woodwind Quartet, needs the stimulus of chamber-music making to awaken his own best playing.

Hilary Finch

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PLASTICS

FOCUS

A SPECIAL REPORT

By Michael Hatfield

The material that touches all our lives

Few industries have experienced such a change in activities in the last decade as those in plastics. Demand is dictating supply and has brought big advances in chemical technology and molecular manipulation.

It is a highly competitive world, especially as the Middle East oil-producing states are now developing their own plastics industry with easier and cheaper access to oil feedstocks with which to produce some of the general plastics products.

Europe and the United States have had to gear their capacity to a more sophisticated market.

Extraordinary developments are taking place in packaging, building materials, automotive products — the thought of a plastic petrol tank

seems almost a contradiction in terms, but it exists — and latterly there has been the challenging market of information technology.

These dynamic changes have led to a worldwide plastics industry worth nearly £140 billion and growing at 4 per cent a year.

Jobs for 200,000

In Europe, the industry is producing 25 to 30 million tonnes of high-grade materials valued at about £20 billion and providing employment for about 200,000 people.

In the UK, production has gone up steadily from 1.7 million tonnes in 1982 to about 2 million tonnes today, with consumption soaring from 2

million to 2.7 million tonnes.

While Britain may be a net importer of both plastics materials and machinery, the industry redresses the trade balance by exports of semi-finished and finished products, often as indirect exports.

It is hard to imagine a modern world without plastics. Manfred Roh, a former president of the Association of Plastics Manufacturers in Europe, says: "Without plastics, the western world would not have experienced its new industrial age."

"Computers, telephones, radio, television, electrical networks, cars, household appliances, food conservation and many other facilities considered daily goods could not have been realized with traditional materials only."

Despite the growth, not everything is rosy for the



Plastics are used widely in aircraft and Ford now uses semi-rigid polyurethane car bumpers

industry. European governments and the EEC have all expressed concern about plastics development, primarily on environmental grounds.

Ministerial directives prohibiting the use of plastic shopping bags have been issued in Italy and Sicily. PVC, in particular, is increasingly viewed with suspicion.

Denmark is contemplating banning its use and Sweden wants to impose tougher specifications on plasticized PVC (cling film).

Though there is a real problem about the disposal of discarded plastic products, those in the industry like Mr Roh argue that the wrong approach is being made.

He says: "It is simply that the increasing use of plastics raises deep questions communities would prefer to avoid,

and, rather than investing in modern efficient incineration, for example, which would eliminate toxic fumes from materials, it is thought easier to ban plastics."

Who would pay for better incineration techniques is, of course, a question germane to the argument. But those who

Easier to ban them

call for restrictions of plastics uses, in the view of the industry, consider only the disposal of plastics.

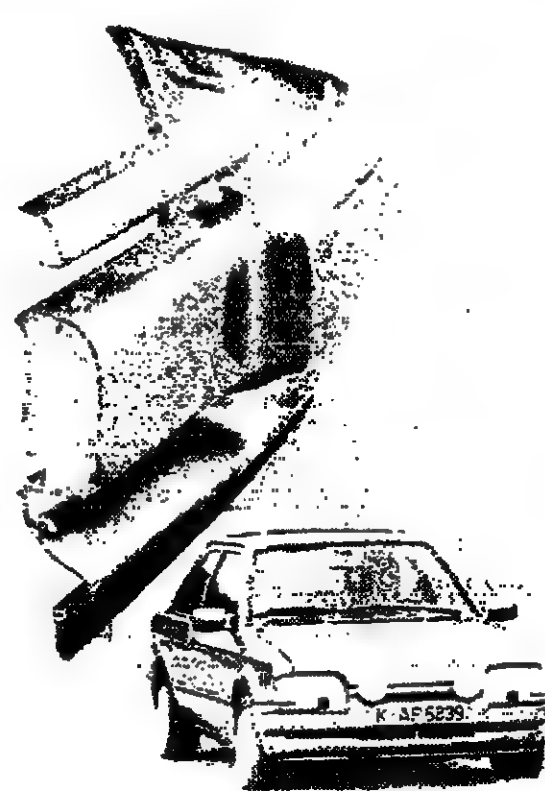
They do not, it is argued, take proper account of the overall benefits of plastics which accrue from effective production of raw materials, from rational and energy-saving fabrication and use of

plastic articles, and from energy recuperation on disposal.

Mr Roh says: "Plastics are as much a part of our lives as the air we breathe. Their contribution to automobile fuel reduction in Germany alone removes 80 billion cubic metres of toxic fumes from the atmosphere each year. Every day, worldwide, they save millions of trees from being cut down and conserve millions of tons of scarce fossil fuels."

"More than a million people are alive today thanks to plastic arteries implanted in their bodies. Deserts are becoming green as a result of irrigation and conservation projects based on plastics."

But while the arguments continue, in Europe there is a strategy among manufacturers in the development of plastics. Patrick Robinson, director



of the Interplas '87 exhibition, says: "Overall we can see clearly a shift to high-specification products in the plastics industry, to serve high-specification applications in the user industries. This trend, in fact, helps the European industry to absorb growing imports, both of plastics materials and products,

while continuing to produce for itself."

It has generated greater confidence in an industry which has learned the hard way to have a more competitive edge. Research and development as a percentage of sales is rising again in the billion-dollar multinational chemical companies.

Now theory is almost a reality

What are described as "highly intelligent" plastics, such as liquid crystal polymers, hold the promise of delivering physical and mechanical properties which were once only theoretical possibilities.

Already available are the conductive plastics (a great breakthrough which could reap the benefits of the information technology explosion and the world of microchips), special alloys and statistical process control.

In other words, the industry is growing dynamically, with ever-increasing emphasis on advanced technology and processing techniques. The result is an expanding range of high-specification, end-user applications: aerospace, automotive, electronics, packaging and across the entire area of engineering.

The application of advanced plastic materials and processing technology within the electronics field is increasingly represented across a wide selection of sophisticated consumer and electronics products shows the increasing application of advanced plastic materials and processing technology in electronics.

George Sommer, editor of the authoritative *Plastics and Rubber Weekly*, says: "Development is moving at a dynamic rate. It is now more than just speculation, for instance, when predicting that by the end of the century all major communications could be channelled through a single glass-fibre cable." Estimates indicate that the automotive industry worldwide accounts for more than 14 per cent of plastics output in terms of materials and processing technology. The average weight of plastics within today's average vehicle is almost 50 kilograms.

In Europe, manufacturers are putting about 100 kg of plastics into every motor car, which means, with about 11 million cars being manufactured annually, that current models will use more than a million tonnes of high performance engineering plastics.

In the US, a prototype car has been produced which is totally built from plastics, but costs are still prohibitive. The Austin Rover Group, in conjunction with ICI, has been experimenting for some time in using plastics for damage-prone exterior bodywork.

Though results have been satisfactory, Austin is insisting that such parts should conform to paintability to requirements of the assembly line and must also achieve at least 15 per cent weight saving against steel without any cost increase in the final component.

In terms of growth, technological development and

market penetration, plastics packaging over the last decade has achieved remarkable successes. The packaging industry now represents the leading single market sector for plastics materials and process technology, accounting for some 30 per cent of all output a year. And the increasing application of high-specification plastics materials and process technology within the expanding aerospace industry has led directly to a far wider usage. The NASA space programme is an obvious example, but advanced composite materials, as another instance, have reduced manufacturing costs on many of the complex sections of the new EH101 helicopter being built jointly by Westland Helicopters and Agusta, Milan.

Composite plastics are saving weight on cockpit, tail-plane and fin, cowlings, radome fairings, and in particular they are used in the advanced aerofoil sections of the main and tail rotors. Despite the ever-increasing sophistication of end products, another factor is growing in importance: the cost of maintenance. It is not only the car manufacturer, or those involved in the aerospace industry, who are looking increasingly to components which will not require replacement. In construction, the most conservative of all industries, the demand for low maintenance is a familiar cry.

It shows itself in the fast growth for unplasticized PVC window frames, where the UK market is now second only to West Germany and growing at above 10 per cent a year.

Fire retardancy is another key area, and the Interplas '87 exhibition is a world shop window on the latest developments. It is an area which covers not only buildings, cars and aerospace, but also information technology, and the applications that could be used in the computer, electronics and business equipment sector.

What could be the biggest trend in Europe, and meets some of the objections of the environmentalists, is the question of re-use and recycling of materials. One has only to consider the 100 kg which go into every car to imagine the scale of waste once a car is consigned to the scrapyard.

Both the industry and governments are becoming increasingly aware that discarding a valuable material after one use is a terrible waste of resource which is derived from oil, a fossil resource.

That is why recycling technology, based on a first use (such as packaging, or automotive products) followed by weight, in building products, for example, is now being seriously considered by plastics manufacturers in Europe.

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Interplas '87 opens today at the National Exhibition Centre in Birmingham. Open daily: 9.30-6pm. Closes November 7.

PLASTICS/2

FOCUS

A new revolution in packaging

One of the great industrial success stories in the past decade has been the use of plastics for packaging. Enormous developments have taken place to the extent it accounts for 35 to 40 per cent of all plastics consumption in Europe.

A major growth sector, it is particularly evident in the United Kingdom market, with sophisticated plastics being used for the packaging of a growing range of consumer durables, from beer crates to bottles, from plates to paint cans.

The packaging sector, in fact, has been revolutionized. Paper wrappers have been replaced by plastic film, shopping bags and with few exceptions, made from plastic, glass bottles are more and more being supplanted by plastic materials, vending cups, once made from waxed paper, are now made from the reformed plastic sheet.

The list seems endless. Containers and dustbins which were once made from galvanized iron are now injection-moulded or rotationally-moulded from plastics; disposable cups for hot liquids are made from expanded polystyrene; sacks, once manufactured from woven jute, are now made from plastic film or woven plastics fibres.

The development of plastics has brought about specialized packaging applications, particularly for foodstuffs. Laminated and coated films have been developed, which give controlled permeability to air and moisture and therefore enabling the pack to "breathe".

Coextruded laminates are being used for blow-moulded containers. And with the advent of the micro-wave oven there has been the introduction of the packaging of ready-to-serve meals in plastic trays.

British production of all types of plastics for packaging is now running in the region of one million tonnes. The value of the market at manufacturers' sales level is estimated at more than £1 billion.

It has been brought about by the advances in multi-layer technology, allowing high-tech, blow-moulded plastics to be used in the traditional packaging markets such as glass and tinplate. Whisky in polyester bottles would have sounded like a heresy not many years ago, but now more than 100 spirit brands have followed the lead, set by McKinlay's in a development pioneered by ICI and United Closures and Plastics.

The success story within a success story is PET — Polyester Terephthalate, a highly advanced plastic which has caught, if not yet captured, the soft drinks market. Virtually unknown in the packaging industry before 1980, sales of pet containers had soared to 700 million units a year by 1985 and were in the region of 900 million last year.

Pet bottles today account for more than 35 per cent of the large carbonated soft drinks market and about 11 per cent of the take-home beer market, now estimated at about 850 million litres.

The growth of the use of Pet has not only penetrated the carbonated soft drink market, with its consequent effect upon the use of glass, but also significantly expanded the market because of its convenient usability, and new areas of development are emerging all the time.

Soft drinks add sparkle to Polyester Terephthalate, the new pet on the market

While the principal suppliers of the Pet raw material have been ICI and Hoechst, Eastman in the United States are moving into the market and are building a plant in the North-East of England.

Marketing managers and retailers are attracted by Pet because they have been able to sell twice the volume of drink with little increase in sales space.

And another asset is that the plastics processes bring to packaging the ability to create distinctive shapes. The horizons and opportunities of designers have been widened by the scope with which these materials offer over traditional materials, where differentiation relied on the

designer's skill to create the impression and communicate the product through graphics alone.

The demand for custom-moulded containers has never been clearer than in the oil and agrochemical markets, where originally the plastic bottle was synonymous with a cheaper commodity.

But then there was, to quote Iain Mackay, sales and marketing manager of Blo-Mocan, "a leap frog effect and the middle range was left out". He says: "We started custom manufacturing plastic containers for the high-performance oils, the design of which is a clear reflection of the standard of the product."

An example is Duckhams containers, now being used as a marketing tool. It is generally recognized that many major oil companies are moving into plastics and several are carrying out extensive market research.

Similarly, chemical companies such as ICI and Shell have switched from tinplate to plastic containers for several of their products. There is the development of the dual compartmented pack, not to say the three pack, in the agrochemical market. Not only are such packs convenient to the customer but also for the manufacturer, who can sell both or all three ingredients in just one package.

One of several options available to manufacturers of solvents is the fluorinated container. Fluorination coats the inner surface of the container with a fluorine barrier.

One company, Air Products, holds the patent for inline fluorinating and is the only company in the United Kingdom offering this process out of a total of about 400 blow moulders.

It is Air Products, which only started in the industrial solvent market three years ago, which has had a major success in the fluorinated petrol tank market and established licensing agreements with Kauter-Werke for Volvo and Ebsatner for Audi VW.

Aids to better medicine

The use of plastics for medical purposes has been one of the greatest advances in health care this century. While the applications could hardly be described as high in tonnage terms, the use of plastic devices account for hundreds of millions of pounds.

After 25 years use in medical disposables such as forceps and scalpels, devices like dispensers and lenses, and replacements which can range from limbs and joints to heart valves and artificial veins, polymers are wearing a breakthrough success as replacements for many more body organs.

Newer plastic resins, particularly polycarbonates, are becoming available which meet physico-chemical blood compatibility and cytotoxicity tests. Polyurethanes and polyester in dialysis catheters, polymer hydrogels for the gradual release of drugs and such composites as synthetic wound dressings, are but some of the other developments under research.

Insertion trace into the body

Medical grades of PVC and polystyrene are the plastics most commonly used in medical devices. High-volume markets for polystyrene include Petri dishes, pipettes, test tubes and other containers requiring high standards of optical clarity.

PVC is used for surgical tubing of all forms, and recent advances include developments of flexible PVC catheters and tubing, to be traced after insertion into the body.

Among the applications for potential growth are polyurethanes for catheters and dialysis products and medical grade polyethylene for use in surgical implants for hip and knee replacement joints.

Other high-tech plastics are being used which can be moulded into complex shapes and therefore can play an important part in supportive appliances used in the treatment of orthopaedic and disabling conditions. Among the applications are splint supports, medical shoe insoles, spinal jackets and wheelchair seats.

The market is opening up for polyesters and polycarbonates because the increased use of gamma radiation in the sterilization of a large number of medical products is tending to restrict the use of plastics which degrade or discolour on exposure to radiation.

In the development of materials, from sutures to artificial hearts one of the key factors is biocompatibility. In other words, if the body tissues won't accept an "alien presence" they will simply reject it.

That is why biopolymers, plastics made by bacterial action on glucose, have such enormous potential. While research started some 60 years ago, it was only in the late 1950s, with the development of poly(hydroxybutyrate) (PHB) that commercial applications became possible.

It was this, together with advances in polymer synthesis, that has made biopolymers available for such products as sutures and swabs, wound dressings, bone fracture plates and pins.

And it is their inherent biodegradability which makes them attractive for dis-

Scoring over Biopolymers

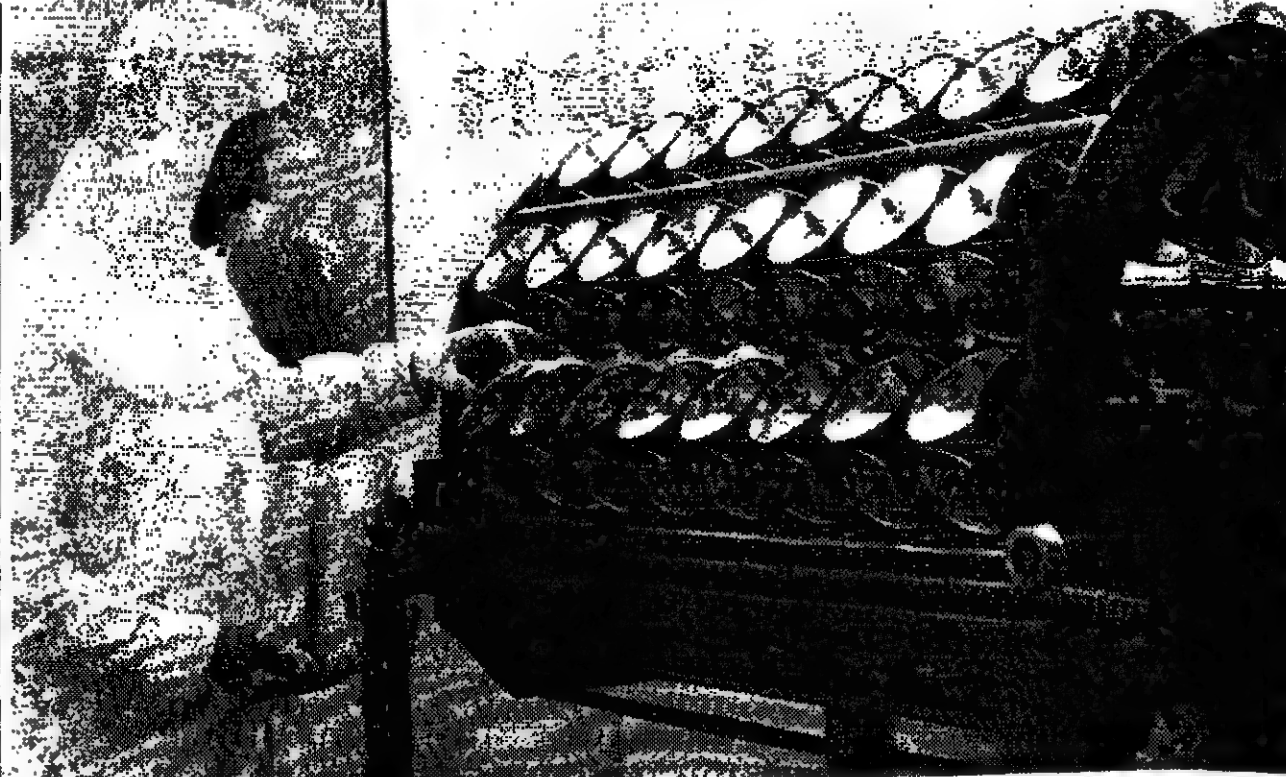
posables, such as hygiene products, nappies and various types of packaging, as well as slow-release drug capsules.

ICI, through its research, is the world leader in biopolymer development. Early studies on the biocompatibility of Biopol (the trade name) have established it to be as good as inert metals such as platinum.

It means that in applications such as ligature clips and staples biopolymers will score over metal parts because there is no need for secondary surgery. While metal clips have to be removed, biopolymer clips will eventually be absorbed through hydrolysis.

In Germany Hoechst has patented the use of PHB as a matrix for a peptide junior growth hormone, the sort of application that can be applied to many other drugs. The drug is incorporated into a PHB pill which is planted just under the skin. Hydrolytic action causes the drug to release slowly over a long period.

Such implantations in humans have yet to be given approval — something which may take years — but its application in animals is now far advanced and it is felt that such a device would be particularly useful for treating cattle and sheep against worms.



Production of compact discs at Cwmbran by Nimbus, a company which early on spotted a market gap

CD changes the outlook

The development of the compact disc is a 1980s phenomenon. Not only has it revolutionized the music recording industry, it has led to great advances in plastics technology. The compact disc — more correctly the optical storage disc — has applications beyond the recording industry. Outside the consumer electronics field, there are ROM (read only memory) discs for the computer industry and DRAW (direct read after write) discs, which enable the user himself to record the signal.

But it is the polycarbonate compact disc which has caught the imagination as it has inched its way to capture a large slice of the PVC long-playing record market. Not that there will be a complete takeover. Within the plastic industry there is a general recognition that the day of the familiar and trusty LP is not completely over, although its dominance in the world of recorded music will be overtaken in the next two or three years.

The estimates are that CDs will eventually settle down to 45 per cent of the total units in the LP market, which includes cassettes as well as records, and that there will always be a continuing demand for record singles, which will hold about 35 per cent of the music market.

Even CDs will have to look over their shoulder with the recent introduction of the Japanese sound recording medium, DAT (digital audio technology), a development that caused a flurry of excitement and speculation and led to

manufacturers to rush to defend the long-term viability of the compact disc.

Compact producers, such as Britain's privately owned Nimbus, are convinced that DAT will make only a minor impression on the market and that CD is unassailable. Nimbus is the largest CD producer in the UK, with a capacity of 25 million units and second only to Polygram in Europe. Originally just a Birmingham-based recording outfit, it began making LPs in 1977 and set up its first CD facility in 1984 at its new Monmouth base.

The company approached the new technology with all the confidence of a company that can tell a great market opportunity when it sees it, and by 1986 was pressing its last LP. At about the same time, it was opening a second CD plant at Cwmbran a few miles from the first, designed to more than double its original capacity.

It has built up its reputation through its own expertise. It eventually won a Queen's Award for its laser mastering system developed by Dr Jonathan Halliday, the technique by which sound is converted into "pits" on the CD. All discs produced at its plant start life with this system, although many other companies use systems developed by Philips and Sony.

Though there have been recent reports that CDs are suffering a sales downturn, this is being treated as a sign that supply is at last equal to demand and not indicative of chronic over-capacity.

The record industry has always had a seasonal variation, with maximum demand between September and December and February and May.

Gerald Reynolds, technical director of Nimbus, has been quoted as saying: "The CD industry is now assuming the normal seasonal pattern. Last year it was insulated from this trend because there was such a shortage of supply."

Mr Reynolds suggests that recent predictions have over-stated worldwide capacity. He estimates this to be fewer than 400 million discs this year, while sales are expected to be well over 300 million.

The disparity between the two figures is explained by factors such as stockpiling and very high reject rates involved in manufacture.

That there is buoyancy in the market is best suggested by the fact that Nimbus has invested £15 million in CD production over its three years of involvement in the process and plans to invest another £12 million over the next two years.

When the company started CD production in 1983 it had a turnover of £0.6 million, by last year it had reached £10 million and this year it is expected to be £23 million.

Another indication of confidence is that Britain shipped more than eight million blank polycarbonate discs last year and the forecast for European consumption of CD polycarbonate is expected to rise from 4,000 to 8,000 tonnes.

In place of old metal

Plastics are playing an increasing part in rolling back the frontiers of technology in the engineering and electrical industries, often replacing metal in the high-tech applications.

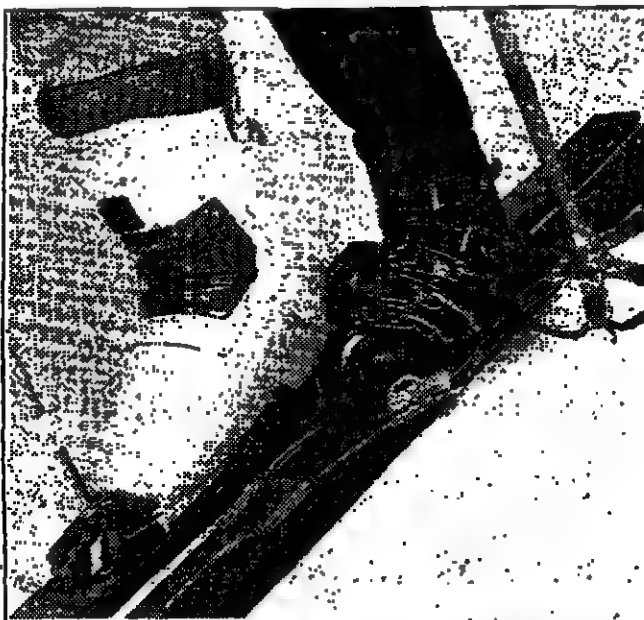
Metal-replacement is seen as a large and challenging market and plastics have only just begun to make inroads. But reckoning out there is an estimated growth area: about seven per cent annually in the replacement of die-cast metals, about eight per cent in replacing sheet metal, and 25 to 30 per cent in replacement of load and stress bearing metal parts.

It has helped bring about the emergence of specialist polycarbonates and thermoplastics, acetal polymers, phenolics, polyesters resins and other plastics, many of them "engineered", which are building up reputations for their toughness, flexibility, good wear resistance and even conductivity.

"Engineering" plastics are not always easy to define because today's trend is to modify, blend and even "alloy" existing plastics to produce entirely new materials, with a range of properties all their own.

But their use is growing throughout the automotive industry, in construction, in aerospace and electronics. The development of more sophisticated electronics items, for instance, has opened up new opportunities for makers of printed circuit boards with the industry poised to make a great leap forward to the new thermoplastics board.

The use of plastic components in the electronics, telecommunications and automotive industries are already making their impact in the worldwide sale of plastics. The electronic sector alone, accounted for sales of more than £154 million last year, and in the automotive sector sales topped £177 million. All told, it is estimated that the manufacture of plastic compo-



These boots are made for skiing; the new impact-resistant plastic model compared with the traditional boot

nents for use in other industries accounted for sales of nearly £600 million.

Over the last few years, the "natural" applications for plastics in automobiles (interior fittings, cushioning and upholstery, trim, tail lights, and electrical components) is considered to have become saturated. But the plastic industry sees spectacular growth in the future in the use of plastics for bodywork and for some mechanical components.

Already in Europe, North America and Japan, there is widespread use of plastics for front and rear bumpers with the use of specialized polyester, polyurethane and injection-moulded polypropylene. Other materials, particularly

filled and modified polyamides, are emerging as contenders. In the view of the plastics industry, all of these materials and technologies will probably find their place, depending on production and market requirements for the auto model in question.

Plastic manufacturers also predict bonnet and boot lids in plastics and possibly front wings. Inside the car there will be other key developments, with almost a complete switch-over in the next few years to plastic fuel tanks. They are already installed in some new cars, saving both weight and cost. They are safer in an accident: plastic tanks would not lead to the tank exploding in a fire because they would melt in the heat and the fuel would seep.

And with the development of "engineering" and compound plastics, seat frames and a number of mechanical parts could be made of the materials, including possibly parts of the engine block. Ironically, the move to electronics in the car will produce a decrease in plastics in this sector, in volume terms, but the value of those used will be higher.

In recent years improvements in the performance of advanced thermoplastics have brought near a development which has long been accepted as theory: the use of these materials in moulded form, enabling peripheral components and frame assemblies to be moulded in, rather than added later.

An ultimate scenario has already been painted: three-dimensional boards moulded with the circuitry running over the complex shape required by the design of the unit to be served. The potential is seen as so great that leading engineering polymer producers such as Du Pont, ICI, General Electric Plastics and Amoco are carrying out huge research and development projects, convinced it will represent substantial gains in the future.

A worldwide survey of the potential, produced by the International Chem Systems consultancy, concluded that the key markets were automotive, telecommunications and computers, the main criteria being the ability to mass produce with fast output.

How high is high-tec?

The plastic industry's future is geared to the development of high-tech — but how "high"? It is one of those imponderables for which an answer can never be given because technology has its own impetus and industry its own imperatives to keep pace with progress.

But already the industry is living in a world of databases, robotics, advanced computerized technology, with computer-aided design, computer-aided engineering, to name two systems, providing new learning curves, not to say new language barriers, for plastic processors and mouldmakers.

Some of the latest technology, involving sophisticated systems of computerized information and control linked to advanced moulding equipment are among the displays

at Interplas '87, in a unique exhibition — the High-Tech Learning Centre.

Low noise and clinically clean

Some 55 companies will be offering visitors the opportunity to experience the very latest developments in computer-aided design and manufacturing, materials selection, quality control and testing.

Housing 25 working examples of the latest equipment — much on show for the first time — the centre points some way into the future in the development of the plastic industry.

There will be the latest in plastics technologies, such as visual display unit simulation, computer-based selection of materials and the production of prototype mouldings without a single drawing.

An injection moulding machine, powered completely by electricity, will demonstrate its potential for high precision, low noise and clinically clean operation. There will be the latest CD machine with automatic robotics and automatic sizing.

Other areas of advanced technology covered include on-line quality control, film thickness measurement, radiation systems, mould design systems, tensile testing, machine and computer control. There is one exhibit which will demonstrate that hot foiled holograms are the natural bedfellows of plastics moulding.

The centre itself is built from high performance engineering materials developed specifically to meet the future needs of the construction industry.

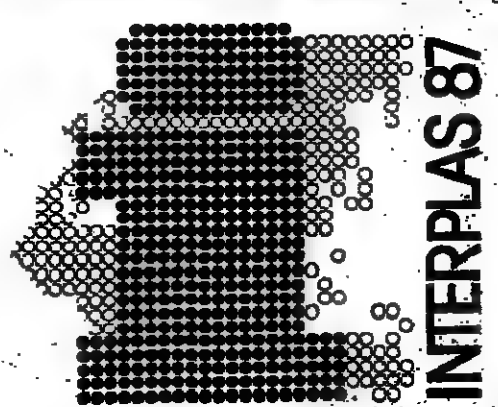
Industrial Fairs, the organizers of Interplas '87, believed the time was ripe for visitors to look and learn as well as be faced with normal salesmanship. Those displaying in the centre will not be able to use sales brochures.

Fred Cook, manager of the centre, says: "We decided to place within the grasp of the visitor in one completely dedicated area, an idea of what was going on in the industry just outside the perimeter fence of their own interest."

For the whole of the exhibition Interplas '87 will have more than 1,000 exhibiting companies — representing machinery manufacture, materials production and processing operations — drawn from 28 countries.

The number is not only indicative of the growing international importance of plastics but also of the fierce competition that is developing worldwide, promoting constant technological advances through research and development.

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Organized by Industrial and Trade Fairs Ltd "Phone Des King or Vicki Bird for further details on 021-760 4141 (extn 230/231)"

Season Admission Ticket @ £10 (valid for duration of exhibition)

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A bold winter's tale

Top designers have turned to the garden for inspiration – and knitwear may never be the same again

Among the wilder fandangos of colourful, folksy ruffles whipped up for the fashionable to wear this winter, the simplest and prettiest clothes are the new, richly patterned, flowery sweaters.

Old-fashioned roses clamber around the welted neckbands; leaves intertwine among the trellis of plain and purr; tiny buds nestle in the moss stitch. As an added refinement, embroidery provides a crisp, three-dimensional effect.

In a different mood, and another price range, mass-produced knitwear is simply printed with flowers. March into any Benetton shop and you can bury your nose in a bouquet of mimosa, roses, lilies and carnations stamped on soft pastel lambswool jumpers and ribbon-banded cardigans, which can be matched to pastel knitted skirts, trousers, or leggings.

Different cultures provide different points of reference for a designer's interpretation of the romantic mood in fashion. Both Byblos and Monsoon work alpine flowers, the traditional decoration of the Tyrolean jersey, into their knitwear.

Edina Ronay dipped into her own Hungarian heritage. On a visit to Budapest with her mother this summer, she found inspiration in a book of traditional Magyar embroideries for her distinctive tailored Venetian jackets. A Hungarian national dress picked up in a local market sparked her dirrds in scarlet or black silk dupion.

Caroline Charles collaborated with the textile designer Susan Collier to create gypsy bunches of country flowers tied up with ribbon for prints on black wool challis.

These bright Romany bouquets, worked in chunky wool in exuberant colours, are central to her range of hand-knitted jerseys and cardigans. "It's time to open the dressing-up box, and introduce a splash of colour and folksy flowers into our lives again."



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PEOPLE
Stars on Sunday

Winter is officially here. Jasper Conran was back in long trousers when he picked up his award on Sunday at New York's Fashion Group's fourth annual Night of Stars at the Waldorf Astoria. Conran escorted that other current star of Manhattan, the nightclub owner Neil Campbell, who wore his swatches of green chiffon.

Christian Lacroix held court with his silver-haired model Marie Serzin. Lagerfeld escorted Marpessa, and Issey Miyake partnered Tina Chow.

The other British designer honoured, Zandra Rhodes, was in Australia. She sent an elegant ambassador to pick up her award: Evangeline Brute, widow of the former US ambassador to London, David Brute.

Just in case the burghers of Cologne feel that the Princess of Wales is not able to provide a comprehensive parade of British fashion during the state visit to Germany this week, the British Knitting & Clothing Export Council stage their own gala show at the Wallraf-Richartz Museum today. Britain's top fashion exporters such as Laura Ashley, Aquascutum, Barbenry and Jagery star in the show, along with many of the Princess's favourite designers, Jacques Azagury, Arabelle Pollen, Caroline Charles and David Sassoon of Bellville Sassoon.

Trunk calls

The Trunk Show, a familiar fashion phenomenon in the United States, reaches London this week. A collection is packed up and the Great Designer, plus entourage, takes off to meet the customers in out-of-town stores. New York design stars like Bill Blass and Oscar de la Renta do it all the time.

Emanuel Ungaro's trunk has been packed and his new collection is on view in his shop at 39 Sloane Street in London from today until Thursday. Unfortunately, Ungaro himself could not make the trip, but his elegant deputy Marie-Pierre Bachelet will be on hand. And Serge Lepage, the French couturier, is in London with his trunk and his favourite model Corinne. The first informal showing in London of a Parisian haute couture collection is being held today and tomorrow in a chic drawing room of Florence, Viscountess Hardinge's Holland Park house.

Shoes with real polish

If the shoe fits... chances are it is hand-made and incredibly comfortable

Is it the sleek fit of well-curried calf to foot that gives them their undoubted appeal? Is it that extra spit and polish applied to nurture such an out and out extravagance? Or could it simply be the comfort radiating from the wearer's face? Once experienced, the sheer pleasure of wearing hand-made shoes is never given up.

"When I walk down the street, I can spot instantly the person who is wearing hand-made shoes," says Oliver Sweeney, recently installed as managing director of McAfee, the firm of gentlemen's shoemakers founded in 1948 by John McAfee and still based in London's Cork Street.

Sweeney introduced a new range of six classic styles for women at the opening of a new McAfee shop at 35 Brompton Road.

The brogues, loafers and jodhpur boots—in black, tan, navy, black/tan and navy/white, are made in Northampton in a factory upgraded by Sweeney to reproduce the 130 to 150 different processes that it takes to make a quality shoe.

Prices run from £89 up to £130 for a pair of ankle boots,

made from properly curried calf on an elegant last, the uppers using three layers of leather, the soles welded for protection against rain and providing proper arch and heel support.

Customers already hooked on the comfort of wearing shoes hand-made to a beechwood last carved to the exact shape of their feet include David Hockney, Sir Alec Guinness and a handful of Royals. Bespoke prices run from £500 to £600 "and are worth every penny", Sweeney says. McAfee branches are also at 46 Curzon Street, Old Bond Street W1, Lime Street EC3 and 73 Knightsbridge.

The Queen's shoemakers, the H. and M. Rayne family firm, headed by Edward Rayne for 48 years, is also stepping out under new ownership. David Graham is offering more widely a service hitherto available only to the Queen or the Queen Mother.

A pair of simple court shoes can be made to order in any fabric and in a choice of three heel types. Using an elegantly chiselled last with two width fittings, the Rayne Personalized Shoe can be finished off



Hand-made: shoemaker Ted Larson, of McAfee, at his craft

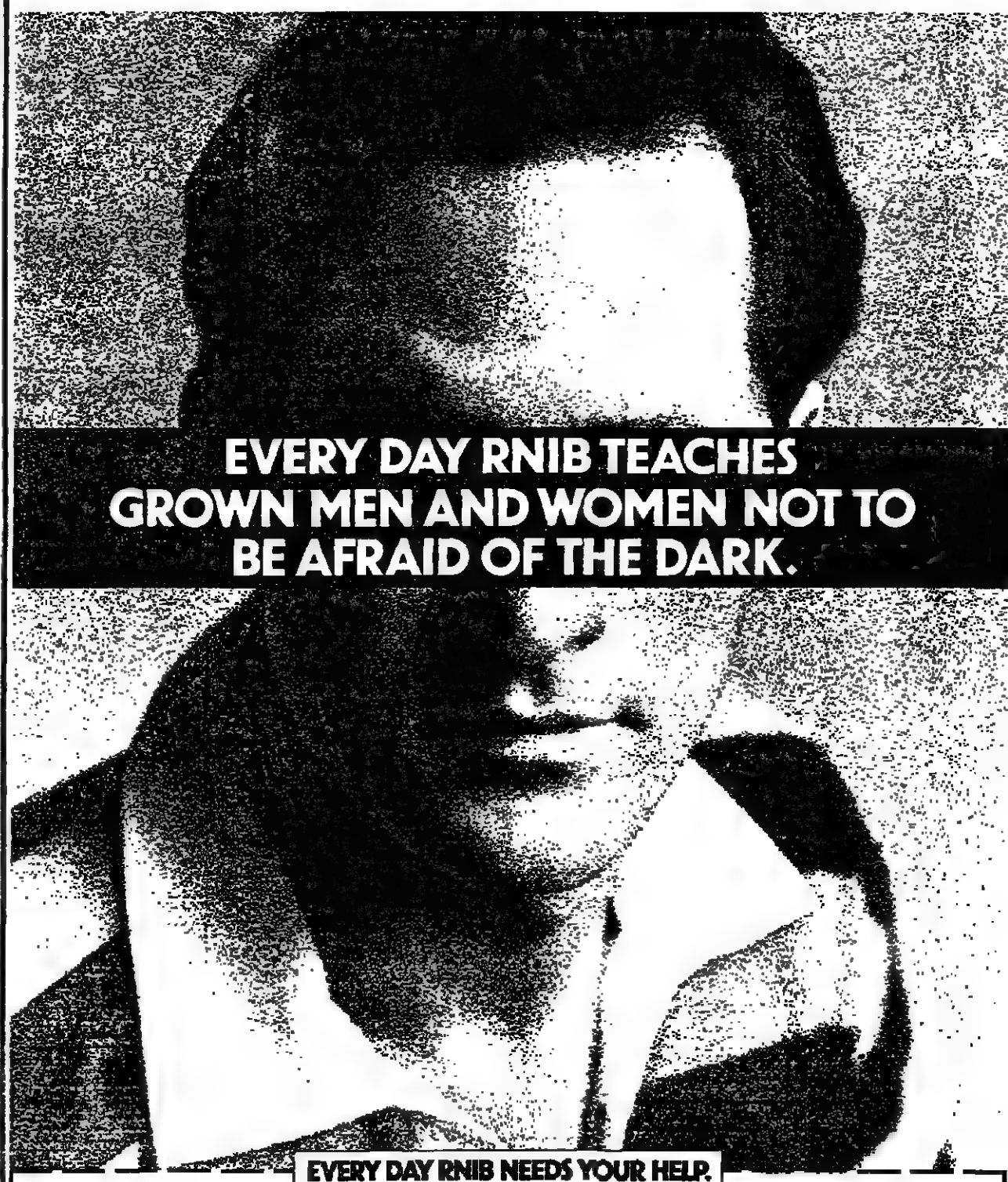
with a rhinestone clip or a silk rosette at extra cost and comes with your name written inside. Prices run from £109 and delivery is two to four weeks. The service is available at Rayne, 57 Brompton Road, SW3; Harvey Nichols, Paris.

After 25 years with Charles Jourdan, where she was managing director UK since 1972,

Jennifer Loss has launched her own brand with partners Luc Pouyer and designer Bernard Didelle. Luc Benjen, the less-than-foot-tapping title resulting from a combination of their three names, is a collection of medium-priced shoes (£45 to £75) designed in France, made in Italy, and available here for Spring.

Far left: Rose-patterned jersey, handknitted in black and cream, £155, Martin Kidman for Joseph Tricot, 268 Brompton Road, SW3. Black ribbon lace skirt, £294, Whistles, 12-14 St Christopher's Place, W1; selected branches. Suede shoes, £39, Basics from The Plaza, W1. Centre: Handknitted cream chunky cardigan, horn-buttoned, £300, Edina Ronay, 141 Kings Road, SW3; Harvey Nichols, Knightsbridge, SW1. Knitted skirt, £54, Tina Shaw at Whistles. Above: Bobble-patterned handknitted sweater, embroidered with alpine flowers, £175, claret and assorted colours, Edina Ronay. Gunmetal rosette earrings, £7.95, Harvey Nichols. Hair: Debbie Horgan for Daniel Galvin. Make-up: Diane Kandel. Photographs: NATHALIE LAMORAL.

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Bright night for a spree

Inspired by the Royal Academy of Art's "Age of Chivalry" exhibition, Liberty's is gleaming with taffeta and velvet robes and glinting with pearls.

And on November 24 and December 1, from 6.30pm to 8.30pm, readers of The Times can enjoy a private Christmas shopping spree when the Times/Liberty shopping evenings offer the opportunity to select elegant evening wear or gifts behind closed doors at Liberty's 11 stores nationwide. Each store will feature a free draw, with prizes including a £100 Liberty gift voucher. In the Regent Street shop, fashion editor Liz Smith will be joined by fashion designers who will offer expert advice on Christmas style. Further details will be announced tomorrow.

To take up our invitation, complete the coupon, right. Please note that only one adult per ticket will be admitted and that we reserve the right to

allocate another date if the maximum numbers are reached. Send the completed coupon to The Times/Liberty Shopping Evening, PO Box 175, Carshalton, Surrey SM5 2WA to arrive by no later than Wednesday, November 18. The shopping evenings will be held at the following Liberty stores: Regent Street, London;

New Bond Street, Bath; Trinity Street, Cambridge; Burgate, Canterbury; George Street, Edinburgh; Buchanan Street, Glasgow; High Street (Market Street entrance of Army & Navy), Guildford; Kings Street, Manchester; London Street, Norwich; High Street, Oxford and Davygate, York.

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THE TIMES INFORMATION SERVICE

This selective guide to entertainment and events throughout Britain appears from Monday to Friday, followed in the Saturday section by a preview of the week ahead. Items for inclusion should be sent to The Times Information Service, PO Box 7, 1 Virginia Street, London E1 9XN

BOOKING KEY
★ Seats available
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THEATRE

LONDON

★ **APART FROM GEORGE:** Nick Ward's Farinelli tragedy, acclaimed at Edinburgh. Theatre Upstairs, Royal Court Theatre, Sloane Square, London SW1 (01-730 2554). Tube: Sloane Square. Previews tonight and tomorrow 8-9.30pm. First Night: Thurs Nov 5, 8-9.30pm. Then Mon-Sat 8-9.30pm, mat 2-5.30pm. £2-25.

★ **BEYOND REASONABLE DOUBT:** Frank Finlay, Wendy Craig and others in Jeffrey Archer courtroom drama. Swan Theatre, Shaftesbury Avenue W1 (01-734 1166). Tube: Piccadilly Circus. Mon-Fri 8-10.15pm, Sat 8.30-10.45pm, mat 2-5.15pm and Sat 5-7.15pm. £2-25.50.

★ **BLUES IN THE NIGHT:** Flaminio of hit blues show. Carol Woods, Debby Boone, Maria Friedman and Peter Sarraf sing their hearts out in a steamy Chicago hotel. Piccadilly Theatre, Derry Street, W1 (01-437 4506). Tube: Piccadilly Circus. Mon-Thurs 8-10pm, Fri and Sat 8.30-9pm and 9-11pm. £2.50-21.50.

★ **A COLLIER'S FRIDAY NIGHT:** Amette Crosbie, Alfred Lynch, Claire Hackett in D.H. Lawrence's sensually filmed play. Greenleaf Theatre, Grosvenor Hill SE10 (01-588 7755). Stage: Greenleaf. Mon-Fri 7.45pm, mat 2-5.15pm. £2-25.

★ **CONVERSATIONS ON A HOMEOPATHY:** The excellent David Theatre Company from Galway on their international tour with Tom Murphy's season 1 play. Deodar Warehouse, 41 Euston Road W1 (01-240 8230). Tube: Leicester Square/Covent Garden. Mon-Sat 8-9.30pm, mat 2-5.15pm. £2-25.50.

★ **FOLIES:** Soundbites musical. In London at last, has Diane Pigg and Julie McKenna leading a starry cast. Shaftesbury Theatre, Shaftesbury Avenue W1 (01-735 5358). Tube: Holborn/Tottenham Court Road. Mon-Sat 8-10.15pm, mat 2-5.15pm. £2-25.50.

★ **GROUCHO: A LIFE IN REVIEW:** Frank Fennell in musical entertainment about the man with the cork moustache. Comedy Theatre, Stratton Street W1 (01-582 2578). Tube: Piccadilly Circus. Mon-Sat 8-10.10pm, mat 2-5.10pm and Sat 7-10pm. £2-25.50.

★ **THE HYPOCHONDRIAC:** Tom Courtenay heads Moliere's classic comedy, directed by Nancy Meckler. Lyric Theatre, King Street W6 (01-741 2311). Tube: Hammersmith. Mon-Sat 7.45pm, mat 2-5.10pm. £2-25.50.

★ **THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST:** Dame Hilda Brackenbeats upon us her Lady Bracknell and Dr Elvina Elvins offers her Miss Prout in a cunning deception of Mr Wilde's original.

OUT OF TOWN

★ **BRACKNELL:** ★ Name: Touring production by Shared Experience of Zola's strong tale of a powerful French courtesan. Wide Theatre, South Hill Park Arts Centre (0344 484123). Tue-Sat 7.30pm. £4.20-85.50.

★ **BRINDLETON:** ★ Comedy of Errors: Excellent RSC touring company includes Philip Frank, Maggie Stead, Richard O'Callaghan and Bob Goodie. Spa Theatre, South Marine Drive (0252 678255). Mon-Sat 7.30pm, £2.

★ **POOL:** ★ A Month in the Country: Cambridge Theatre Company's tour of Turgenev's eternal triangle: mother and daughter the rivals in love for the handsome young man. Towngate Theatre, Kingsland Road (0202 685222). Tue-Sat 7.45pm, mat Sat 4pm. £4.60-25.80.

FILMS

★ **Also on national release**
★ **Advance bookings possible**

★ **ANGEL HEART (18):** Mickey Rourke's down-at-the-heels detective pursues a missing person to the underworld of New Orleans. Pulp stuff, directed by Allen Parker in steamy style (113 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 2.05, 5.50, 8.40.

★ **ARIA (18):** A mixed bag of directors put visuals to 10 operatic bomb-bombs from RCA's recent catalog. Directors include Jean-Luc Godard, Robert Altman, Nicolas Roeg, Ken Russell and Derek Jarman. Arts Theatre (01-582 5095). Progs 1.10, 3.05, 5.50, 7.55, 9.10.

★ **BELLY OF AN ARCHITECT (15):** Peter Greenaway's study of a middle-aged architect (Brian Dennehy), losing his confidence and possibly his wife in Rome (118 min). Gaiety (01-727 4043). Progs 2.00, 4.10, 6.25, 8.50.

★ **BLISS (16):** Ezzara Australian black comedy from 1985, about an advertising executive negotiating his way through a heart attack. Based on Peter Carey's novel, directed by Ray Lawrence, with Barry Otto, Lynette Curran, Helen Mirren, and John Hargreaves. Mon-Fri 7.30-8.40pm, Sat 8.30-10.40pm, mat Sat 5-7.10pm. £2-14.50.

★ **A VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE:** An advertising executive negotiating his way through a heart attack. Based on Peter Carey's novel, directed by Ray Lawrence, with Barry Otto, Lynette Curran, Helen Mirren, and John Hargreaves. Mon-Fri 7.30-8.40pm, Sat 8.30-10.40pm, mat Sat 5-7.10pm. £2-14.50.

★ **LONG RUNNERS:** ★ The Business of Murder: Mayfair Theatre (01-629 3039). ★ Cats: New London Theatre (01-403 0072, 01-404 4044). ★ Chess: Prince Edward Theatre (01-734 8951). ★ 42nd Street: Ury Theatre Royal (01-582 6840). ★ Les Liaisons Dangereuses: Ambassadors Theatre (01-582 6111). ★ The Hypochondriac: Tom Courtenay (01-582 6111). ★ The Importance of Being Earnest: Dame Hilda Brackenbeats (01-582 6111).

TOP 10 UK SINGLES

- 1 (1) You Win Again... Bee Gees, Warner Brothers
- 2 (2) Faith... George Michael, Epic
- 3 (3) Whenever You Need Somebody... Rick Astley, RCA
- 4 (4) Love In The First Degree... Bananarama, London
- 5 (5) China In Your Hand... T.Pau, Virgin
- 6 (6) Little Lies... Fleetwood Mac, Warner Brothers
- 7 (7) Got My Mind Set On You... George Harrison, Dark Horse
- 8 (8) Money Money... Billy Idol, Chrysalis
- 9 (9) Crockett's Theme... Jan Hammer, MCA
- 10 (10) Walk The Dinosaur... Was (Not Was), Fontana

TOP 10 UK ALBUMS

- 1 (1) Tango In The Night... Fleetwood Mac, Warner Brothers
- 2 (2) Bridge Of Spies... T.Pau, Virgin
- 3 (3) The Best Of UB40... UB40, Virgin
- 4 (4) Crazy Crazy Crazy... Kiss, Virgin
- 5 (5) Nothing Like The Sun... Sting, A & M
- 6 (6) Best Shots... Pat Benatar, Chrysalis
- 7 (7) Christians... Christians, Island
- 8 (8) E.S.P... Bee Gees, Warner Brothers
- 9 (9) Mainstream... Lloyd Cole & The Commotions, Polydor
- 10 (10) The Singles... Pretenders, WEA

Compiled by Gallup for Music Week/BBC/EMI



All too many Westford productions die after their allotted span of four performances at the late October opera festival in Ireland. But thanks to airline sponsorship one at least of them, *La straniera* (above), Cynthia Clary as Isotta) will be seen in London at the Queen Elizabeth Hall tonight and Thursday with the festival cast. *La straniera* was written in 1929, just before the run of masterpieces Bellini composed before he died, far too young, in 1835. A messy and improbable plot is one of the reasons that revivals in our country have been rare. This centres on a veiled lady, in fact the Queen of France waiting to take her place on the throne, who glides around the shores of a Brittany lake. Robert Carver has made this as lucid as possible in his Westford staging, based simply on sliding walls against a romantic backdrop of the lake in question. The twin stars of the evening are the tenor and baritone. The former, as Count Arturo who is much taken by the veiled lady, an American, Jack Gardner, is the latter as the Queen's brother, Renato Daltin, takes the title role of *La straniera* (The Stranger) and Cynthia Clary is the woman Arturo spurns in favour of the lady of the lake. Stylish conducting from Jan Latham-Koenig is one of many reasons for catching an opera which surfaces all too rarely. Queen Elizabeth Hall, South Bank, London SE1 (01-928 3191, credit cards 928 8800), tonight and Thursday, 7.45pm, £2-25.

★ **THE RESCUERS (U):** 1977 Walt Disney animated feature - not, perhaps, among the best from the studio, but still very much of the contemporary animation. (77 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 12.45, 2.45, 4.50, 6.55, 8.45.

★ **EAT THE RICH (15):** Famous black comedy about a London life, from Peter Richardson, originator of *The Comic Strip*, with Ronald Allen, Fiona Richmond, Noshor Powell. (90 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 2.15, 4.20, 6.25, 8.30.

★ **HELLRAISER (18):** Full-blooded British horror film, written and directed by Clive Barker from his own novel about a decomposed corpse trying to eat his way back to life (100 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 2.15, 4.20, 6.25, 8.30.

★ **MADE IN HEAVEN (PG):** Award-winning comic fable about a love match literally made in heaven; touching moments, though, Alan Rudolph directs Timothy Dalton and Kelly McGillis. (102 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 2.15, 4.20, 6.25, 8.30.

★ **A NIGHTMARE ON ELM STREET: RE-DREAM WARRIORS (18):** The latest edition to the Freddy adventures of demonic Freddy Krueger, with Heather Langenkamp, Patricia Arquette, Robert Englund, director, Robert Russell. (95 min). Cannon Channel (01-582 5095). Progs 2.15, 4.20, 6.25, 8.30.

★ **GRABIN: A LONDON PREMIERE:** The fascinating Japanese dancers Eiko and Koma. The Mall, London SW1 (01-530 3647), 8-9.30pm, £4.90.

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CONCERTS

★ **DEBUSSY/BAK:** Aline Brover (violin), Jane Adams (viola) and Jennifer Stanton (flute) play Debussy's *Sonata for Flute, Viola and Harp*, and Bak's *Etude in F major*. Wigmore Hall, London W1 (01-582 5191), 7.30pm, £2-21.4.

★ **BEETHOVEN CONTINUES:** The cycle of Beethoven's complete string quartets given by the Melos Ensemble of Stuttgart continues with Op 18 No 3.5 and the heavyweight Op 132. Wigmore Hall, 32 Wigmore Street, London W1 (01-582 5191), 7.30pm, £2-27.50.

★ **BEETHOVEN WINDS UP:** EMI Records ends her Beethoven piano sonata series with Op 10 No 3, 27 No 2, 79 and 111. St John's Smith Square, London SW1 (01-222 1081), 7.30pm, £2-25.

★ **JET WHISTLE:** Vile-Lobos's *The Jet Whistle* receives another performance, this time from Evelyn Fisher (flute), Gillian Thorne (cello) and Mark Troop (piano), who succeed with their Vile-Lobos, Martini and Piere.

★ **PETER LAMOND:** Paintings 1958-1994 by the Cornish painter who made an important contribution to the British landscape tradition. Gimpel Fils, 30 Davies Street, London W1 (01-493 2488), Mon-Fri 9.30am-5.30pm, free, until Nov 21.

★ **THE TERRIBLE YEAR - 1937:** A small display of work commemorating the 50th anniversary of Hitler's infamous *Entartete Kunst* (Degenerate Art) exhibition. Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art, Bedford Road, Edinburgh (031 555 8821), Mon-Sat 10am-5pm, Sun 2-5pm, free, until Dec 6.

★ **SEAN SCULLY:** Abstract paintings by an Old Master of the genre, now living in New York. Maynard Rowan Gallery, 31A Bruton Place, London W1 (01-499 3011), Mon-Fri 10am-5.30pm, Sat 10am-5pm, free, until Nov 12.

★ **NEAN LUC VILLOUET:** Commonplace objects represented as sculpture. Institute of Contemporary Arts, The Mall, London SW1 (01-930 4401), daily noon-6pm, 6pm, until Nov 15.

★ **DRAWINGS BY ARTISTS IN 17TH CENTURY ROME:** The Canova, Salvator Rosa and Guercino galleries in this survey. Scottish Gallery of Scotland, The Mound, Edinburgh (031 555 8821), Mon-Sat 10am-5pm, Sun 2-5pm, free, until Dec 27.

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WALKS

★ **IN DICKENS'S FOOTSTEPS:** meet Holborn tube, 2pm, £2.50.

★ **1800s EAST END MURDER:** meet Tower Hill tube, 7.30pm, £2.50.

★ **HIDDEN SIGHTS OF THE WEST END:** meet Covent Garden tube, 11am, £2.50.

★ **MEDIEVAL LONDON:** meet Museum of London, 2.30pm, £2.75.

★ **THE SCARF SHOW:** Liberty exhibition on tour. 20th century design and fashion as exemplified in headscarves. Houghton House Museum, 255-255B, today until Nov 22, Mon-Sat 10am-5pm, Sun 2.30pm, 5.30pm, 7.50p, child 25p.

★ **AUCTIONS:** Old and modern jewellery and English and continental pictures. Christie's, 65 Old Brompton Road, London SW1 (01-581 7611). Both starts, 2pm.

★ **THE SILVER SWOOSH:** The Unicorn Theatre for Children production. Suitable for seven-to-15-year-olds. Everyman Theatre, Chesham, Bucks (0494 52673). Today until Thurs, 10.30am and 2.30pm, Fri and Sat 10.30am only, £1.50.

★ **THE SEE-SAW TREE:** Wood's new musical for children, on tour. Produced by the Swanage Theatre. Swanage Grand Theatre, Swanage (01929 475715). Today until Fri, 10.30am and 1.30pm, Sat, 2.30pm, £2.50.

★ **THE FAITHFUL HEATH:** In the Made in London series, the film is described as one of the early successes of the Gaimbrough Company, made in its slinging studios in 1932. Museum of London, London Wall EC2 (01-600 3699), 8.10pm, £1.20.

★ **BOOKINGS**
★ **LAST CHANCE**

★ **MEAN TEARS:** Final performances of Peter Gill's new play, directed by the author. Daily until Sat. 10.30am, 2.30pm, 7.30pm, South Bank,

TELEVISION AND RADIO

Compiled by Peter Davalle
and Jane Rackham

BBC1

- 6.00 **Cortez AM**.
6.35 **Leon Errol in Sweet Cheat** (TV). 6.55 **Weather**.
7.00 **Breakfast Time** with Frank Bough, Sally Magnusson and Jeremy Paxman. Includes national and international news at 7.00, 7.30, 8.00 and 8.30; regional news and travel reports at 7.15, 7.45 and 8.15; weather at 7.25, 7.55 and 8.25. Regional news and weather at 8.55.
9.00 **News and weather** followed by **Neighbours** (TV).
9.20 **CBI Conference 1987**. Live coverage from Glasgow includes the address by the Confederation of British Industry's president-elect, Sir Trevor Holdsworth. Commentators are Nick Clarke and James Long. Includes news and weather at 10.00.
10.25 **Children's BBC**. Andy Crane with programme news and birthday greetings followed by **School and King Rella** (TV).
10.55 **Five to Eleven** with the pupils of Strand on the Green Junior School.
11.00 **News and weather** followed by **CBI Conference 1987**. Final session includes a debate on City and Industry, plus the closing address from Sir David Nickolson. The CBI's current president, includes news and weather at 12.00.
12.30 **Daytime Live**. Magazine programme presented by Pamela Armstrong, Alan Titchmarsh and Rose Davidson. Guests are singer David Grant and wine writer Alice King. Plus Floella Benjamin with advice for young mothers. 12.55 **Regional News and weather**.
1.00 **One O'Clock News** with Michael Buerk. 1.30 **Neighbours**. 1.50 **Going for Gold**.
2.00 **Comedy**. Includes a quiz presented by Henry Kelly.
2.15 **Knots Landing**. Abby hears some interesting news; and Diana and Karen clash.

BBC2

- 9.00 **Cortez AM**. 9.30 **Going for Gold** (TV). 9.55 **Daytime on Two**. Art that reflects a community's atmosphere. 10.15 **Part 6** of a ghost story for 7 to 9-year olds. 10.30 **Measurement in science**. 11.00 **Puppets**. 11.15 **Wonderlands**. 11.35 **Mathematical investigations**. 12.00 **Statistics**. 12.30 **Radio Studies**. 12.50 **Micro Film**. 1.20 **Check-a-Block** with Fred Harris (TV). 1.30 **Comedy**.
2.00 **News and weather**, followed by **You and Me** (TV).
2.15 **Championship Bowls**. Coverage of the start of the second round of the UK Indoor Singles Bowls Championship from Preston. Introduced by David Icke with commentators David Rhys Jones and Jimmy Davidson. Includes news and weather at 3.00 and 3.50.
3.30 **Film 87** (TV).
6.00 **No Limits**. Rock music show presented by Jenny Powell and Tony Baker.
7.00 **Open to Cassini**. David Montgomery, former *News of the World* editor, now editing

Today, puts forward his views of tabloid journalism to an audience of young people.
7.35 **Rockschool**. Series on making music in a modern rock band examines synth pop and how to sing. With rare concert footage of James Brown.
8.00 **Food and Drink**. How to make a perfect cup of coffee; and recipes for autumn fruits.
8.30 **Breast Tackles**. Robin McAuley reports on the extraordinary mistakes that cause 70 per cent of road accidents in Britain.
9.00 **Entertainment USA**. In the first of the new series Jonathan King visits the most remote city of America.
9.30 **Footage**. The Wonders of Elora. David Drew traces the journey of John Seely, a young army officer who in 1810 crossed western India on horseback to visit the spectacular, rock-cut temples of Elora (Cortez).
10.25 **Sing Country**. Jerry Lee Lewis's Wembley concert.
10.50 **Newsnight** with Peter Snow, Donald MacCormick and Adam Raphael.
11.35 **Weather**.

ITV/LONDON

- 6.00 **TV-am** introduced by Kay Burley and Mike Morris.
7.00 **Good Morning Britain** presented by Anne Diamond and Mike Morris. Includes news at 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30 and 9.00. After Nine includes a dream come true for a spine bifida victim.
9.25 **Thames News Headlines**.
9.30 **Runway**. Travel quiz with Chris Davis.
10.00 **Santa Barbara**. American soap series. 10.25 **News Headlines**.
10.30 **The Time ... The Place**. Mike Scott discusses fitness with comedian Lenny Henry. Former Olympic medalist Donna Hartley and Mr Universe.
11.10 **Rainbow**. 11.25 **Thames News Headlines**.
11.30 **About Britain**. The work of artist John Hamilton who has spent 12 years recording every World War Two naval battle.
12.00 **Jimmy's**. Another visit to St James's University Hospital, Leeds.
12.30 **News**. 12.50 **Thames News**.
1.00 **Reilly - Ace of Spies**. Reilly's rally to overthrow Lankin goes wrong; and in Petrograd the Cheka storm the British Embassy (TV).
2.00 **Game Show** presented by Tom O'Connor. With guests Nerys Hughes and Richard Silcock.
2.30 **Jackie Robinson**. David Sullivan, publisher of *Sunday Sport*, who made his fortune with girls' magazines and sex shops.
3.00 **Reverend**. Mary Parkinson talks to actress, singer and former Princess of Punk, Toyah Wilcock.
3.25 **Thames News Headlines**.
3.30 **The Young Doctors**.
4.00 **Children's ITV** presented by Gary Tazewell and Debbie Shore. 4.15 **The Adventures of Tintin**. 4.25 **Emu's New World**. Chorus and comedy with Rod Hull and Emu. 5.15 **Blockbusters**.

CHANNEL 4

- 9.30 **Schools**.
12.00 **Business Daily**. Business and financial news service presented by Susanah Simons.
12.30 **4 in 4**. For the very young. 1.00 **Autocare**. Today's edition examines design evolution, discovers how the internal combustion engine works and how to build a kit car (Cortez).
1.30 **Make It Count** (Cortez).
2.00 **Their Landlady's House** (TV).
2.15 **Film: Kick Up Your Tires**. (1959) (TV). The 10 Brothers find themselves on the losing side in France during the First World War in this remake of a Laurel and Hardy comedy. Directed by H Bruce Humphries.
3.25 **Mango Breaks**. Part. Cartoon.
3.45 **Years Ahead**. Magazine programme for the older viewer, presented by Robert Cowley. This week some elderly West Indians go back to their roots for the first time since emigrating to England.
4.30 **Cousins**. Bala Appadoo is the challenger and Russell Hartley is in Dictionary Corner.
5.00 **Beautified**.

Likely lad of Brixton

TELEVISION CHOICE

● Lenny Henry reminds us how few black entertainers in this country get even remotely close to the mainstream (Charles Williams, Kenny Lynch) compared with America where Bill Cosby is the highest-paid person in show business, followed not too far behind by Eddie Murphy. The Lenny Henry Show (BBC1, 8.30pm) develops one of the characters from Henry's stand-up routine, one Delbert Wilkins, Brixton's answer to a likely lad. Henry's talent to develop a sitcom is a calculated risk, given his talent for multiple impersonation, although a dramatic role in the recent BBC film *Coast to Coast* showed him capable of sustained acting. *Coast to Coast* was written by Stan Hey who has also written this series with his usual collaborator Andrew Nickolds (*Agency*, *Hold the Back Page*, *Blat*). Delbert Wilkins - majoring in cool but usually missing the mark - is a disc jockey for a pirate radio



Lenny Henry as pirate radio disc jockey Delbert Wilkins in

The Lenny Henry Show: on BBC1, 8.30pm
The Lenny Henry Show, which also pokes fun at earnest street credulity. As yet, it lacks Terry's and Arthur's double act (most of the best sitcom have one: Basil and Sybil, Steptoe and Son, the Likely Lads, etc) although Delbert's hopeless assistant, Winston, (seen trying to install a payphone in Del's motor) looks as if he is being groomed for the role.

Chris Petit

Radio 1

11.55 **Weather**. 7.00 **News**.
7.05 **Morning Concert**. Locke (Music for his Majesty's Sagbuns and Cornets, then at 10.00 and 12.00) and 12.00 **Adrian John**. 7.00 **Mike Smith's Breakfast Show**. 9.30 **Simon Bates**. 12.30 **Newsbeat**. 12.45 **Gary Davies**. 2.00 **Steve Wright**. 5.30 **Newsbeat**. 5.45 **Bravo Brookes**. 7.30 **Janice Pennington**. 1.40 **John Peel**.
VHF Stereo Radios 1 and 2: 4.00pm As Radio 2. 10.00pm As Radio 2.

Radio 2

11.55 **Weather**. 7.00 **News**.
7.05 **Morning Concert**. Locke (Music for his Majesty's Sagbuns and Cornets, then at 10.00 and 12.00) and 12.00 **Adrian John**. 7.00 **Mike Smith's Breakfast Show**. 9.30 **Simon Bates**. 12.30 **Newsbeat**. 12.45 **Gary Davies**. 2.00 **Steve Wright**. 5.30 **Newsbeat**. 5.45 **Bravo Brookes**. 7.30 **Janice Pennington**. 1.40 **John Peel**.
VHF Stereo Radios 1 and 2: 4.00pm As Radio 2. 10.00pm As Radio 2.

WORLD SERVICE

All times are given in GMT.
6.00 **News**. 6.30 **London**. 6.55 **News**. 7.00 **News**. 7.15 **News**. 7.30 **News**. 7.45 **News**. 8.00 **News**. 8.15 **News**. 8.30 **News**. 8.45 **News**. 9.00 **News**. 9.15 **News**. 9.30 **News**. 9.45 **News**. 10.00 **News**. 10.15 **News**. 10.30 **News**. 10.45 **News**. 11.00 **News**. 11.15 **News**. 11.30 **News**. 11.45 **News**. 12.00 **News**. 12.15 **News**. 12.30 **News**. 12.45 **News**. 1.00 **News**. 1.15 **News**. 1.30 **News**. 1.45 **News**. 2.00 **News**. 2.15 **News**. 2.30 **News**. 2.45 **News**. 3.00 **News**. 3.15 **News**. 3.30 **News**. 3.45 **News**. 4.00 **News**. 4.15 **News**. 4.30 **News**. 4.45 **News**. 5.00 **News**. 5.15 **News**. 5.30 **News**. 5.45 **News**. 6.00 **News**. 6.15 **News**. 6.30 **News**. 6.45 **News**. 7.00 **News**. 7.15 **News**. 7.30 **News**. 7.45 **News**. 8.00 **News**. 8.15 **News**. 8.30 **News**. 8.45 **News**. 9.00 **News**. 9.15 **News**. 9.30 **News**. 9.45 **News**. 10.00 **News**. 10.15 **News**. 10.30 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Zhao takes the helm as old guard step down

From Mary Dejevsky, Peking

Mr Zhao Ziyang yesterday became the formal leader of the Chinese Communist Party when he was confirmed as General Secretary by the newly-elected Central Committee. He said he would be resigning from the premiership as soon as possible.

Four senior members of the leadership were promoted to join him on the party's Standing Committee, and all five later met journalists in an unprecedented public relations exercise.

Mr Deng Xiaoping, who on Sunday left the Central Committee with most of the other old revolutionaries, retained his chairmanship of the

its predecessor, includes Mr Li Tieying, thought of as an enthusiast for economic reform; and Mr Li Ruihan, a successful and innovative leader of the party in the industrial city of Tianjin. Miss Chen Muhua, who is chairman of China's State Bank lost her alternate (non-voting) membership.

The Secretariat, which was appointed by the Standing Committee under the new rules, rather than elected by the full Central Committee, includes two Standing Committee members - Mr Hu Qili and Mr Qiao Shi - who must now be seen as Mr Zhao's deputies in the party leadership, and two newcomers, Mr Rui Xingwen and Mr Yang Mingfu. Mr Qiao was also named chairman of the party's influential Discipline Inspection Commission.

Confidence in future... 7
Leading article... 13

party's Military Commission. Mr Zhao was named deputy chairman, demonstrating conclusively that he is now to be regarded as Mr Deng's successor.

Other appointments announced after yesterday's Central Committee plenum included seven new members of the Politburo, to replace the nine who retired on Sunday, and four members of a new and much smaller Secretariat.

Mr Hu Yaobang, removed as General Secretary last January, unexpectedly kept his place in the Politburo.

The new members of the Standing Committee, who become the next most powerful men in China after Mr Zhao, include Mr Li Peng, aged 59, a Soviet-trained engineer; Mr Hu Qili, aged 58, whose background is in party work and ideology; and Mr Qiao Shi, aged 63, a legal specialist with a security background. All three were members of the previous Central Committee Secretariat and had been tipped for further promotion.

The fifth member is Mr Yao Yilin who, at 70, is the oldest on the Standing Committee. He is director of the State Planning Commission, and regarded as a traditional central planner. His inclusion leaves the Standing Committee nicely balanced, but just tilted in a gently reformist direction.

The new Politburo, which has three fewer members than

The last of the veteran revolutionaries to hold on to his position, Mr Yang Shangkun, stayed on the Politburo and on the Military Commission. His authority there has been reduced, however, by the appointment of Mr Zhao to the new post of deputy chairman.

Mr Zhao, aged 68, yesterday retracted the statement of a party spokesman last week, and said that he would be resigning his post as state premier very soon. He is expected to offer his resignation to the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress - China's equivalent of a parliament - when it next meets.

He said that he had chosen an acting premier, but would only say that his choice was younger than he was. This rules out one of the favoured candidates, Mr Wan Li, who is three years older.

Unless he goes outside the top leadership, it seems probable that his choice has fallen on Mr Li Peng, who has been widely canvassed as the next premier. He is the only younger member of the top leadership group not to have responsibilities outside the Standing Committee.

Mr Chen Yun, who, at 82, is thought to have resisted retirement, was made a chairman of the Central Advisory Commission.

Coaster yields up its weapons



A French customs officer at Brest yesterday holding up one of the Kalashnikov automatic rifles found on the Eksund.

Brooke is new Tory chairman

Continued from page 1

over today and his first task will be to draw up his own blueprint for an overhaul of the party machine.

Mrs Thatcher is known to believe that Mr Tebbit's planned reforms do not go far enough and she will expect Mr Brooke, MP for the City of London and Westminster South, to adopt a more radical approach.

As a former head of an international management consultancy, he appears to be well placed to modernize the managerial structure at Central Office, bringing in a chief executive and a director of communications to give Tory headquarters greater efficiency and political bite.

Mr Brooke will attend Cabinet meetings but will not be a Cabinet member - an arrangement that raises the spectre of Mr John Gummer's unhappy period as chairman before Mr Tebbit's appointment.

Continued from page 1
was completed under tight security yesterday in Brest's naval dockyard; while in Malta, informed sources told *The Times* that the arms, apparently from Libya and destined for the IRA, had been loaded in Maltese waters.

In Dublin, police were conducting checks into a batch of stolen Irish passports in an attempt to establish a definite IRA link: the passport serial numbers of two of the Eksund's crew were coming in for particular scrutiny.

The full crew were named by the Irish police yesterday, who confirmed that the master was Mr Hopkins, a 49-year-old former package tour operator and merchant navy radio operator, and that with him was Mr Henry Cairns, a bookshop owner. Both men came from Co Wicklow.

The three other crewmen were named as Mr William Finn, aged 43, from Co Mayo; Mr Denis Boyle, aged 42, and Mr Edward Friel, aged 34, both from Co Donegal.

Mrs Stephanie Hopkins, the wife of the captain, said yesterday that she was still shocked and speechless at the news of her husband's arrest. She said she could not imagine her husband carrying to be on board a vessel carrying such a large amount of arms.

Describing her husband as "straight and solid", she said that he would not have put his own life or that of his crew at risk.

Mrs Hopkins insisted that her husband had no connection with any subversive organization.

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Gorbachov uses speech to rally middle-ground

Continued from page 1

these people never say that they oppose *perestroika*. Rather, they would have us believe that they are fighting against its negative side-effects, that they are guardians of ideological principles that supposedly might be eroded by the increasing activity of the masses."

This key section of the 101-page address subtitled, "The Revolution Continues", was regarded as an attempt by Mr Gorbachov to re-establish his central position among the squabbling members of his Politburo, whose disarray was hushed up until news of Mr Yeltsin's unprecedented ges-

ture leaked to Western newsmen.

As well as the implied rebuke to Mr Ligachev and his close ally in the conservative camp, Mr Viktor Chebrikov, the powerful chief of the KGB, Mr Gorbachov's speech also contained a thinly disguised reprimand to Mr Yeltsin and the young Turks on the increasingly frustrated reformist wing of the Communist Party.

With both Mr Yeltsin and Mr Ligachev seated on benches behind him, Mr Gorbachov suggested that over-zealous reformers could present almost as many problems for his reforms as conser-

vatives. "We must not give in to pressure from those overly headstrong and impatient people who do not want to take into account the objective logic of the re-structuring," he stated in an obvious effort to maintain Government unity.

This public airing of inner Kremlin politics was described by one European observer as "a clear sign that Gorbachov is trying to defend his position in the middle."

It was noted that Mr Gorbachov was careful to distance himself from Mr Yeltsin, a man previously regarded as his most able protégé although names were not mentioned.

The Soviet leader, without any direct reference to the now famous Central Committee meeting on October 21, said that the "impatient elements" were "expressing dissatisfaction with what they consider the slow pace (of reforms) which they allege will not bring the needed fruit quickly."

He then added, with an uncharacteristic note of caution, which clearly showed up his political difficulties: "It should be clear that we cannot skip stages and try to do everything with one wave of the hand."

Switching to foreign policy,

Mr Gorbachov disclosed that he was now anticipating a fourth summit with President Reagan in Moscow next year in addition to their off-on third meeting in Washington, which after much wrangling has been finally fixed to open on December 7.

His remarks were seen as demonstrating that although Star Wars is likely to remain a sticking point in any second US-Soviet arms control agreement beyond that on medium and shorter-range missiles (which will be signed in Washington), it is no longer seen here as an obstacle to completing the chain of Gorbachov-Reagan summits.

Commons sketch Male guilt and artistic discord

Nine female artists have been exhibited at the Tate Gallery since 1910, compared with 200 male artists, stormed Mrs Ann Clwyd (Labour, Cynon Valley). These sorts of statistic, coming from female colleagues, fust the men on the Labour benches.

They are duty bound to come up with something even more devastating in its unfairness to women, both as a proof of their solidarity and as a confession of their collective male guilt.

Mr Mark Fisher, Opposition spokesman on the arts, had an awful statistic to announce to the House. The Hayward Gallery had never given an exhibition to a woman at all.

Those in the Press Gallery, professionally attracted to scenes of devastation, horror and mental imbalance, recalled with indignation the 1975 exhibition of Ms Diane Arbus's photographs at the Hayward Gallery. Men with spotty faces and manic grins, women with unkempt hair and desperate eyes, married couples in horrible discord, all were pictured in unforgiving black-and-white.

If Ms Arbus were still alive, many felt, she would be just the person to instigate illustrative snapshots in the somewhat wordy pages of *Hansard*.

Making amends for their ignorance of a woman so close to their souls, members on all sides became unconscious Living Exhibits in an impromptu Diane Arbus Retrospective. First in the catalogue was "Could I Just Make One Other Point?", an unnerving scenario featuring Mr Cecil Parkinson as newly-appointed Secretary of State for Energy.

The overall effect of disquiet emerging from the figure is heightened by the disparity of the smooth exterior and the inner turmoil.

A spritely new double-breasted suit, a spotty silk tie immaculately knotted, a perfectly judged parting in the hair - all these are tragically undermined by the large, nervous hands pulling at the socks, the endlessly nodding and bobbing head, the twitchy, mask-like smile, the restless eyes.

This is indeed a disturbing study of the anxiety beneath

the surface of life in the twentieth century, and deserves comparison with the earlier works of Goya and Velasquez.

"I Would Like to Visit Leicester Again Before Too Long" is the darkly ironic introductory title given to the Second Exhibit, Mr Richard Luce, Minister for the Arts. Why would he like to visit Leicester again before too long? This is a question that - in the manner of Picasso or Beckett - is never answered wholly satisfactorily but remains an enigma to the end.

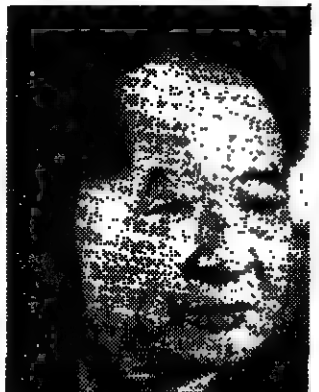
His ostensible reason, that the reputation of Leicester Haymarket Theatre provides sufficient temptation for a return, is surely intended to tantalize by its very unlikelihood.

Skilful play is made on other themes: feminism, sponsorship, standards of excellence, but the overall picture is one of irreconcilable differences between dreams and reality.

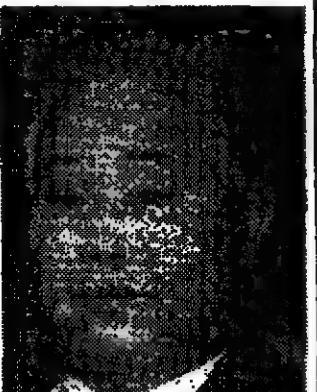
A number of derivative and unremarkable miniatures, "Full Consultation with All Involved", "Frustration of the Ordinary Man and Woman in the Street", "The Important Contribution of the Civil Service", can be skipped over, but then we arrive at "One Rule for the Rich and Another for the Poor", an illuminating study of Mr Dennis Skinner in the manner of Mr Diego Rivera, with a mass of contemporary allusions to the sins of the rich: Mr Keith Best and his Shares, Captain Mark Phillips and his Car, the Massed Army of City Whizz-Kids, surrounding the loud central icon, representing in its unashamed brazenness The True Voice of the People.

The exhibition closes on a sombre, almost apocalyptic note with a full-length version of Mr John Moore, the only Tory whose elation has reached such a high pitch that when he pronounces the word "guarantee" one can clearly hear the sound of the letter "u". As he talks on and on, the spectator finds himself filling asleep. Ah! But this is surely the very purpose of this bleak and desolate exhibition, which will run and run.

Craig Brown

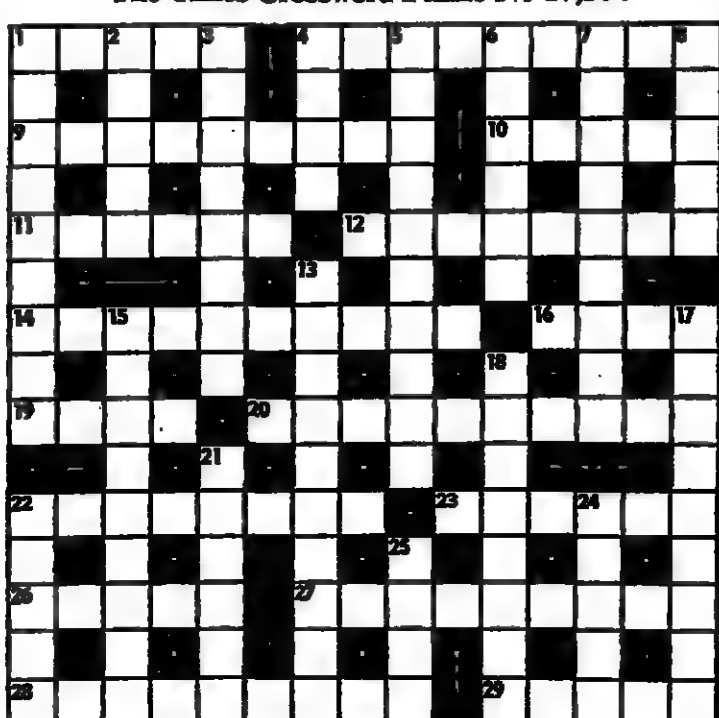


Mr Hu Yaobang, keeps Politburo place.



Mr Zhao Ziyang, now fully in control.

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 17,504



- ACROSS
- Bad spirit - fellow swallows a small measure (5).
 - Record a rebellion (5-4).
 - Orders not reused become ineffective (3,4).
 - Wood obtained from soft-hearted fellow (5).
 - Card game from Bucks, they say (6).
 - Unemployment in which love may bloom (8).
 - Shot - one shot - in American tournament (5).
 - He used to work for breakers, by the sound of it (4).
 - Charged on the way back for wrongdoing (4).
 - Spotted in fine battle formation (4-6).
 - Plan to study some church architecture (8).
 - Wary about strange material (6).
 - First of all, try to put out of countenance (5).
 - Soldier of the king turned European? That's right (9).
 - Follow each other and act in scenes from a film (4,5).
 - Fired ammunition that's plastic (5).

- DOWN
- Black Beauty? Nobody's familiar with it (4,5).
 - Many a girl produces marvellous food (5).
 - It's the midday, and I noted no change (8).
 - A line of dots you can hear (4).
 - Vanessa married led after dissolution (3,7).
 - Girl in line to stand up and complain (6).
 - Tool put into operation (9).
 - Sheep lap the river, in which water may be found (5).
 - Cheerful chap on the staff... (5,5).
 - ...as is chap who's joined the association (5,4).
 - Golly for love, but not in love (5-4).
 - Intoxicated by the dance, have a drink (8).
 - Push to alter the final result (6).
 - Firm has a way... (5).
 - ...to progress without effort - that's what it means (5).
 - What's at the bottom of all the wine bottles? (4).

Concise crossword, page 11

WEATHER

A large anticyclone will remain slow-moving just to the east of Britain. Another dry and quiet day for most of Britain but with fog again a problem in some areas. A foggy start in many inland areas, with some dense patches especially in the south. The fog will slowly clear from most places. Many coastal districts and south-west England should miss the worst of the fog, with a mainly bright weather day expected. Northern Ireland and southern and eastern Scotland should have sunny spells for much of the day. North-western Scotland and the northern isles will be rather cloudy, with a little drizzle over some coasts and hills. Outlook for tomorrow and Thursday: Little change.

ABROAD

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Notes
Algeria	21/27	SE	100	
Algeria	19/25	SE	100	
Algeria	18/24	SE	100	
Algeria	17/23	SE	100	
Algeria	16/22	SE	100	
Algeria	15/21	SE	100	
Algeria	14/20	SE	100	
Algeria	13/19	SE	100	
Algeria	12/18	SE	100	
Algeria	11/17	SE	100	
Algeria	10/16	SE	100	
Algeria	9/15	SE	100	
Algeria	8/14	SE	100	
Algeria	7/13	SE	100	
Algeria	6/12	SE	100	
Algeria	5/11	SE	100	
Algeria	4/10	SE	100	
Algeria	3/9	SE	100	
Algeria	2/8	SE	100	
Algeria	1/7	SE	100	
Algeria	0/6	SE	100	
Algeria	-1/5	SE	100	
Algeria	-2/4	SE	100	
Algeria	-3/3	SE	100	
Algeria	-4/2	SE	100	
Algeria	-5/1	SE	100	
Algeria	-6/0	SE	100	
Algeria	-7/-1	SE	100	
Algeria	-8/-2	SE	100	
Algeria	-9/-3	SE	100	
Algeria	-10/-4	SE	100	
Algeria	-11/-5	SE	100	
Algeria	-12/-6	SE	100	
Algeria	-13/-7	SE	100	
Algeria	-14/-8	SE	100	
Algeria	-15/-9	SE	100	
Algeria	-16/-10	SE	100	
Algeria	-17/-11	SE	100	
Algeria	-18/-12	SE	100	
Algeria	-19/-13	SE	100	
Algeria	-20/-14	SE	100	
Algeria	-21/-15	SE	100	
Algeria	-22/-16	SE	100	
Algeria	-23/-17	SE	100	
Algeria	-24/-18	SE	100	
Algeria	-25/-19	SE	100	
Algeria	-26/-20	SE	100	
Algeria	-27/-21	SE	100	
Algeria	-28/-22	SE	100	
Algeria	-29/-23	SE	100	
Algeria	-30/-24	SE	100	

AROUND BRITAIN

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Notes
London	11/17	SE	100	
London	10/16	SE	100	
London	9/15	SE	100	
London	8/14	SE	100	
London	7/13	SE	100	
London	6/12	SE	100	
London	5/11	SE	100	
London	4/10	SE	100	
London	3/9	SE	100	
London	2/8	SE	100	
London	1/7	SE	100	
London	0/6	SE	100	
London	-1/5	SE	100	
London	-2/4	SE	100	
London	-3/3	SE	100	
London	-4/2	SE	100	
London	-5/1	SE	100	
London	-6/0	SE	100	
London	-7/-1	SE	100	
London	-8/-2	SE	100	
London	-9/-3	SE	100	
London	-10/-4	SE	100	
London	-11/-5	SE	100	
London	-12/-6	SE	100	
London	-13/-7	SE	100	
London	-14/-8	SE	100	
London	-15/-9	SE	100	
London	-16/-10	SE	100	
London	-17/-11	SE	100	
London	-18/-12	SE	100	
London	-19/-13	SE	100	
London	-20/-14	SE	100	
London	-21/-15	SE	100	
London	-22/-16	SE	100	
London	-23/-17	SE	100	
London	-24/-18	SE	100	
London	-25/-19	SE	100	
London	-26/-20	SE	100	
London	-27/-21	SE	100	
London	-28/-22	SE	100	
London	-29/-23	SE	100	
London	-30/-24	SE	100	

HIGH TIDES

TODAY	AM	HT	PM	HT
London Bridge	11:47	6.8	11:36	6.8
Aberdeen	11:54	6.1	11:36	6.3
Abu Dhabi	5:00	12.2	5:30	12.0
Belfast	9:08	3.3	9:15	3.0
Cardiff	1:11	15.1	15:15	11.0
Dusseldorf	3:49	5.2	4:00	5.1
Dover	9:00	6.3	9:35	6.2
Edinburgh	1:11	15.1	15:15	11.0
Glasgow	10:44	4.8	11:12	4.7
Hamburg	3:58	5.2	10:16	5.0
High Wycombe	1:11	15.1	15:15	11.0
Hull	3:56	7.0	3:58	6.2
Leeds	1:11	15.1	15:15	11.0
Liverpool	9:17	8.8	9:21	8.4
London City	12:53	12.0	12:47	11.7
Lowestoft	9:17	8.8	9:21	8.4
Manchester	3:46	6.0	4:01	6.0
Margate	9:45	4.8	10:37	4.7
Milford Haven	9:09	6.5	4:40	6.3
Nottingham	3:55	6.3	3:58	6.2
Oxford	2:53	8.5	14:14	8.4
Perth	2:53	8.5	3:08	8.6
Poznań	2:53	8.5	3:08	8.6
Reading	1:11	15.1	15:15	11.0
Portsmouth	9:29	4.8	9:41	4.6
Sheffield	8:09	6.1	9:31	6.0
Southampton	9:05	4.5	9:13	4.4
Stirling	3:46	6.0	4:01	6.0
Tees	1:20	5.1	2:05	5.2
Widnes-on-War	9:29	3.9	10:10	4.1

Times are GMT

9:29 = 9:30AM

THE POUND		
	Bank	Bank
Australia \$	2.54	2.50
Austrian Sch	20.67	20.67
Belgium Fr	34.76	34.59
Canada \$	62.78	62.51
Denmark Kr	16.55	16.55
Flender Mark	10.23	10.23
France F	7.43	7.33
Germany DM	3.36	3.25
Italy Lira	227	230
Hong Kong \$	10.98	13.25
Ireland Pt	1.16	1.10
Italy Lira	227	210
Japan Yen	246	246

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 3 1987

Executive Editor
Kenneth Fleet

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 Share
1342.7 (-18.2)

FT-SE 100
1723.7 (-26.1)

Bargains
43020 (59138)

USM (Datastream)
158.44 (-1.70)

THE POUND

US dollar
1.7390 (+0.0170)

W German mark
2.9763 (-0.0010)

Trade-weighted
74.6 (same)

Strong growth in Scotland

Scotland's top 500 companies are in good shape, according to a survey published today by Jordan & Sons, the financial specialists. Almost three out of four companies report higher turnover than in their previous year and the downward trend in employment seems to have been halted.

The survey shows growth of 22.4 per cent in turnover while profit margins have also been a satisfactory 6.8 per cent. More than 80 per cent of the companies in the survey, ranging in size from sales of £2 billion to above £5 million, were profitable.

Pict losses cut

Pict Petroleum, the North Sea exploration company run by Noble Grossart, the Edinburgh merchant bank, reduced its losses last year from more than £27 million to £102.115. There is no dividend. *Tempos, page 26*

Allen deals

Edgar Allen Engineering, part of the Aurora group, has won two overseas contracts worth a total of £808,000. One is for special trackwork for the Toronto streetcar system in Canada. The other involves the supply of switches and crossings for Hong Kong tramways.

Pay notes

More than 35,000 copies of guidance notes on Profit-Related Pay have been issued by the Inland Revenue to interested employers, the Financial Secretary, Mr Norman Lamont, said yesterday.

SUMMARY

STOCK MARKETS

New York	1987.84 (+4.31)*
Dow Jones	2358.60 (+28.68)
Nikkei Average	2203.23 (-36.9)
Hong Kong	230.5 (-3.8)
Amsterdam	1589.9 (+87.8)
Sydney	1506.3 (-20.7)
Frankfurt	3527.5 (+21.7)
Paris	485.5 (+6.6)
London	1342.7 (-18.2)
FT-30	1723.7 (-26.1)
FT-100	158.44 (-1.70)
FT-1000	2.9763 (-0.0010)
FT-10000	74.6 (same)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

REBS	191p (+11p)
Grand Merit	407p (+13p)
Hunting	455p (+25p)
VSEL	500p (+25p)
Matthew Brown	972p (+19p)
Elan	284p (+13p)
Wardle Stores	500p (+35p)
Minet Holdings	264p (+17p)
Harrison's	555p (+34p)
Ricardo	121p (+11p)
Smallbone	355p (+25p)
FALLS	33p (+20p)
British Aerospace	313p (+58p)
S W Barford	510p (+10p)
Wm Low	510p (+10p)
Shorrock	315p (+17p)
Woolworth	225p (+12p)
Eastern Produce	225p (+12p)
Amersham Intl	253p (+17p)
AB Foods	253p (+17p)

INTEREST RATES

London: Bank Base	9 1/4%
3-month interbank	9 1/4%
3-month eligible bills	9 1/4%
buying rate	
US Prime Rate	9%
Federal Funds	8 1/4%
3-month Treasury	5.54-5.59%
30-year bonds	9 1/4%

CURRENCIES

London:	New York:
£: \$1.7390	£: \$1.7395
£: DM2.9763	£: DM1.7125
£: Sfr2.4581	£: Sfr1.4155
£: FF10.0652	£: FF10.0652
£: Yen236.16	£: Yen138.95
£: Index	£: Index
ECU	ECU

GOLD

London Fixing:	AM \$469.95 pm \$469.30
close \$470.00-470.50	(£271.25)
New York:	AM \$469.90-469.40

NORTH SEA OIL

Brent (Dec) pm	\$15.70bbl (\$18.85)
* Denotes latest trading price	
Stock Market	26
Share Prices	33
Tempos	27
Mosley Mirus	34
City Diary	27
Foreign Exch	34
Wall Street	27
Unit Prices	34
Traded Oils	39
USM Prices	34

Banks fail to revive dollar

Slow progress on US deficit disappoints

By Rodney Lord, Economics Editor

Central banks stepped in with large-scale support for the dollar yesterday as the US currency plunged again.

Markets were disappointed by the slow progress on reducing the US budget deficit in talks between the Administration and Congressmen over the weekend.

They were also concerned at comments by Herr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the West German finance minister, and Herr Martin Bangemann, the economics minister, emphasizing that the West German government saw no room for further relaxation, nor for altering its monetary policy.

Intense activity to co-ordinate the policies of the large nations continued yesterday and is expected to lead soon to a meeting of the Group of Seven nations. But several finance ministers have emphasized that a G7 meeting should not take place until it has something positive to discuss.

In spite of heavy interven-

tion by the Bank of Japan, the dollar fell sharply in Tokyo, closing 82 points below the New York close at ¥137.58. In London, it fell further despite support by the Bundesbank and the Swiss National Bank. It closed ¥1.25 below the pre-weekend close at ¥136.95 and 1.75 pence lower at DM1.7115.

Trading in Europe was relatively light because several centres were closed for All Saints Day. Tokyo exchanges are closed today.

The pound rose 1.75 cents to \$1.7395 but was slightly lower at DM2.9760. The effective exchange rate index remained unchanged at 74.6.

The immediate focus of interest in markets is today's decision by the Bundesbank on the weekly repurchase rate. This is expected to fall from 3.80 per cent to possibly 3.60 per cent. West German government sources, however, have made plain that a cut in the discount rate was not in prospect.

In the US, Riggs National Bank yesterday cut its prime rate from 9 per cent to 8 1/2 per cent. None of the leading banks followed suit.

The Federal Reserve Board faces difficulties in trying to keep US rates sufficiently high so as not to further undermine the dollar and still maintain investor confidence for the quarterly re-financing beginning today, while keeping them sufficiently low that the stock market crash does not lead to recession. Yesterday, the Bank of Japan said it would be buying US three-year notes at today's auction.

The West German and Japanese authorities are constrained from further interest rate cuts partly through fear of the monetary expansion buying unwanted dollars may entail. Japanese reserves rose by \$911 million (£526 million) last month. Britain's reserves at end-October, due to be released today, are expected to show a considerably larger increase.

\$23bn debt refinancing test for US

The US Treasury begins its quarterly refinancing of the huge federal debt today with an auction of \$23.8 billion (£13.8 billion) in government notes. The scaled-back auction will be closely watched by international investors as a

barometer of continued confidence in the US economy.

The powerful open market committee of the US Federal Reserve Board meets today to consider whether to continue pumping money into the US economy after the crash.

In addition, negotiations between the White House and Congress over a deficit reduction agreement moved into a new phase with some influential Democrats demanding more direct involvement by President Reagan.

CBI comes out fighting

By Edward Townsend, Industrial Correspondent

Mr John Banham, the director general of the Confederation of British Industry, told its 11th annual conference in Glasgow yesterday that Britain has broken out of the "last change saloon" and is ready to "take the town apart."

Mr Banham, in a fighting speech delivered against a background of worldwide stock market crises, said: "We are in danger of having some success on our hands and we must not let the events of the past few weeks obscure the message."

As well as calling for industry to close the "massive investment gap" that had opened up in comparison with Britain's competitors, Mr Banham also said that large and continuing cuts in public spending and a reduction in interest rates were vital. Speaking 24 hours before Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chan-

cellor, is due to make his Autumn Statement, Mr Banham said: "Despite all the howls of anguish, public expenditure has gone on rising. The funding gap which has resulted has been met by a combination of increases in taxes on business - £5 billion this year compared with six

years ago, more than we spend every year on privately funded research and development - increases in VAT and sales of public sector capital assets.

The conference later overwhelmingly endorsed a resolution calling on the Government to abandon its plans for a uniform business rate and to introduce a revamped system of local rating that would allow companies not to pay for the social services. Waste in the public sector

was costing £5 billion a year, said Mr Banham, and one of the opportunities in the next four years was to contract out to the private sector services such as catering, cleaning and security.

The CBI is to publish its ratings proposals within the next 10 days. Sir David Nickson, the CBI President, said: "It was totally legitimate and right for the CBI to be expressing the most strong views about business paying more than it should in relation to what it had to invest and to be seeking to reduce the burden of paying for services it did not receive."

The CBI view is that companies should pay towards the police, the fire service and roads and something towards education and other services such as museums but not "bottomless pits" like the social services.

Coloroll calls halt to acquisitions

By Carol Ferguson



Brushing up the profits: John Ashcroft, Coloroll's chairman

Mr John Ashcroft, the chairman of Coloroll, was in confident mood yesterday as he unveiled record results for the half year to September 30. However, he gave a warning that the stock market crash signalled the end of the group's aggressive acquisition policy.

"Life has changed, we will still keep an eye open for opportunistic acquisitions, but the emphasis will be on cash generation and the elimination of gearing, and there will be no new initiatives."

Pretax profits at the home fashion group leapt from £3.5 million to £11.5 million on turnover up 180 per cent to £124.4 million. Earnings per share rose 30 per cent to 8.3p, and the interim dividend by 15 per cent to 2.64p net.

Tempos, page 26



Hostile reception: Sir John Read (left), TSB chairman, was accused of 'steamroller' tactics by shareholder Walter Geake

Anger as TSB deal is approved

By Richard Thomson, Banking Correspondent

TSB Group shareholders yesterday approved the £777 million takeover of Hill Samuel - but only after an acrimonious six-hour extraordinary meeting that occasionally dissolved in uproar.

Sir John Read, TSB chairman, visibly wilted as he faced a group of small shareholders who vociferously opposed the deal, and at times called for his resignation. He finally won approval for the takeover, despite accusations of using steamroller tactics by employing some 11,600 proxy votes supporting the plan. Final voting figures were 117,027,750 in favour and 12,232,702 against.

His opponents claimed that since the fall in the stock market two weeks ago and the

drop in Hill Samuel's share price to around 760p, TSB's \$10p cash offer was too high. They quoted City analysts who originally thought TSB's offer very generous and now believe it is more than £200 million above Hill Samuel's market value.

Mr Alan Walter Spence, owner of 600 TSB shares, moved that the decision should be delayed by three months while TSB sought further financial advice. Although he received the support of most of the 480 shareholders at the London meeting, he was heavily outvoted by proxies, with 116.9 million shares against the motion compared with 12.1 million in favour.

Sir John then faced criticism that the proxy votes had been sent in before shareholders could have understood the implications of the stock market collapse, and that he therefore had no right to use them.

A second motion, that the meeting should be postponed for three weeks while absent shareholders were allowed to recast their proxy vote, was also heavily defeated.

Sir John and his colleague, argued that a delay would put the entire takeover in danger, and that Takeover Panel rules made it almost impossible to renegotiate. The takeover was still in the long-term strategic interests of TSB Group, he said.

Many of the shareholders at the meeting who had travelled long distances to oppose the deal were incensed when they found that Sir John was able to use the proxy votes against them.

Mr Walter Geake, a retired London taxi driver, tried to lead a walkout in protest, loudly proclaiming that voting was pointless. "You can't use proxy votes to steamroller this meeting," he shouted.

Several times shareholders attempted to oust Sir John as chairman of the meeting and one shareholder moved that he and the TSB board should resign.

Mr Peter Rowlands, the company secretary, said the earliest any proxy voting forms could have been returned by shareholders to TSB was on Monday, October 19.

assess" the situation. Under the Takeover Code, ABF has until November 26 to reconvene the EGM, or the offer will lapse.

ABF said it considered Berisford's recent letter to shareholders as inadequate, as it made no reference to the effect of changed market conditions on the offer.

Berisford issued a statement yesterday which "deplored the uncertainty" caused by the adjournment.

Mr Henry Lewis, deputy chairman of Berisford, said yesterday: "We object to the inference that Berisford's board is to blame."

ABF's results for the six months to September 26 showed pretax profits of £82.7 million, up 15 per cent. A first interim dividend of 2.5p was declared (2.2p).

The ABF board believes it has insufficient information about the effect of changed market conditions on Berisford's financial services, property and commodity trading activities. It believes it should seek "to clarify and

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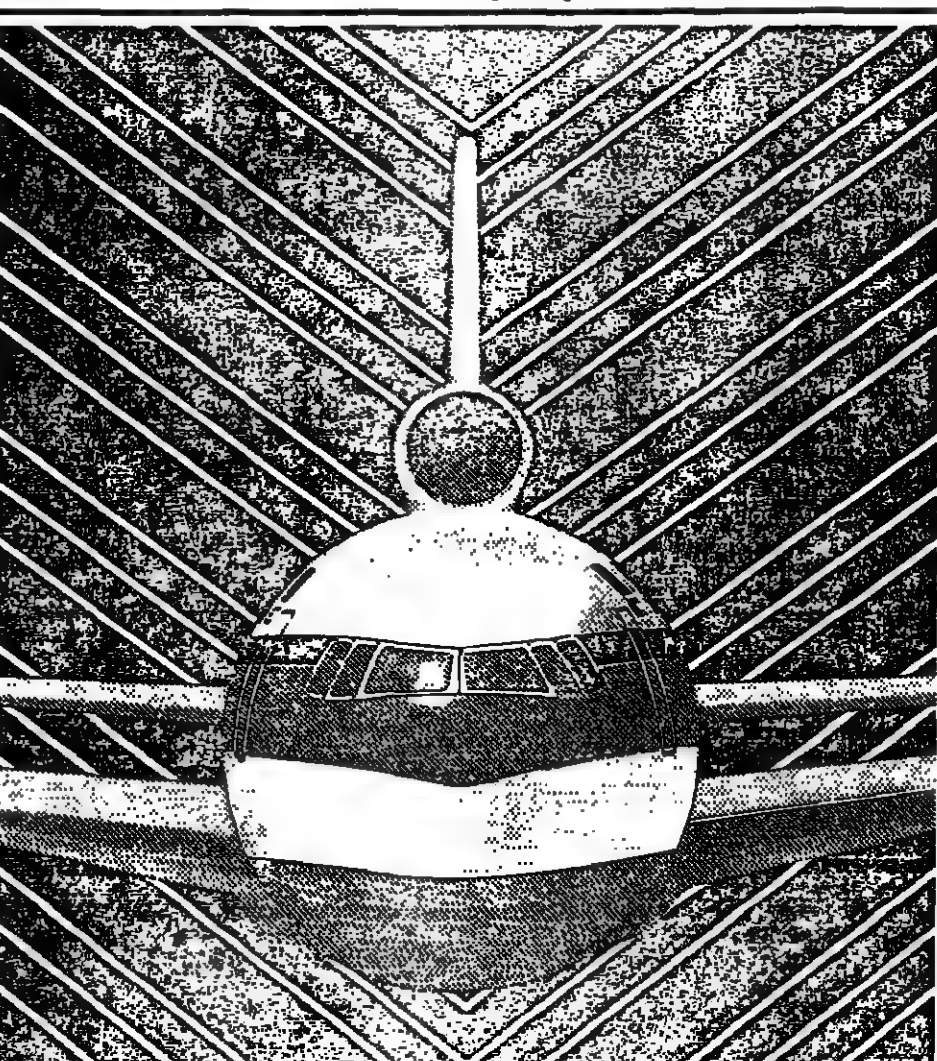
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STOCK MARKETS

Settlement Day relief but prices slip

By Michael Clark and Geoffrey Foster

Settlement Day on the stock market after the record collapse in share prices during the past fortnight passed off without incident yesterday.

Dealers were breathing a sigh of relief last night, although they admitted it could be another couple of days until cheques have been cashed before any possible defaulters emerge.

Prices were marked lower at the start of trading despite a firm overnight performance on financial markets in the Far East. Investors retreated to the sidelines, awaiting the Autumn Statement by Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, at Mansion House tonight.

Despite the brief appearance of a few cheap buyers about lunchtime, the investors were content to let prices drift lower. But market-makers reported little selling pressure and claimed there was every chance that prices would begin a gradual recovery later this week as conditions settle down after the recent events.

The FT-SE 100 share index finished the day 26.1 lower at 1,723.7, having been 34.9 down earlier in the session. The lack of clear direction from Wall Street in resumed trading after the weekend also left the narrower FT 30 share index 18.2 lower at 1,342.7.

Some dealers were still expressing fears about the US

budget deficit and the American Administration's apparent lack of urgency in tackling the problem.

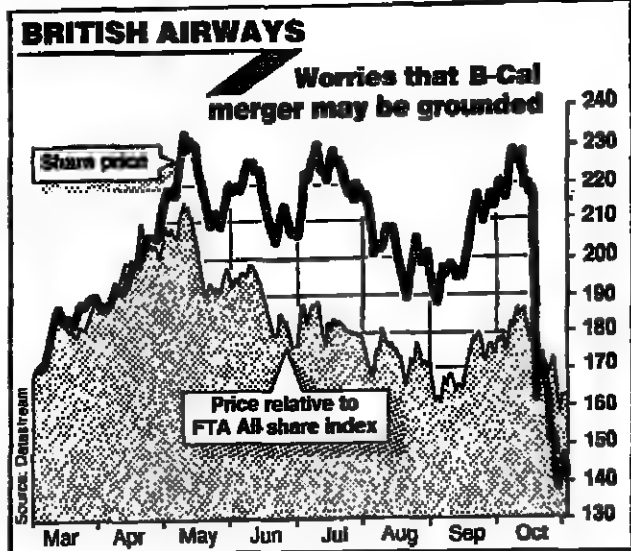
The dollar's continued weakness could cause problems for some of Britain's big dollar earners. There were falls among some of them yesterday although most managed to close above their worst levels. ICI lost 14p at £10.60, Jaguar 7p at 322p and Glaxo 18p at £11.45.

BP lost ground with the new shares losing 4p to 81p. On Friday, Goldman Sachs, the New York investment house and one of the main US underwriters for the issue, managed to dispose of at least half of its underwriting

● VPI Group, the corporate communications consultant, is another casualty of the market's collapse seeing its price halve to 250p in the past two weeks. Mr Reg Vallin, chairman, hopes to repair some of the damage today with a seminar for fund managers.

commitment at a price of 82p. Most of the shares were absorbed in London.

At one stage, the price touched 80p and was attracting the support of the income funds. They claim that at this level, the shares boast a gross return of 14½ per cent on the



first down payment after dividend payoff.

Government securities spent a subdued day, closing with losses of about ½% on the day.

Private investors in British Airways continued to see their premium on the shares slowly whittled away yesterday with the price losing another 4p to 141p amid growing fears that its proposed merger with the privately-owned British Caledonia, Britain's second biggest airline, may be eventually grounded.

Reports over the weekend suggested that BCal is already looking round for other suitors just in case the proposed

merger with BA is blocked by the Government.

News of the proposed merger between the two airlines announced earlier this year ran into fierce criticism from other airline operators. It was then postponed for six months after the Government decided to look into the deal.

There are suggestions that BCal has already had talks with KLM, the Dutch airline, as well as lining up several other potential suitors.

BCal is reckoned to have made losses of almost £20 million in 1986/87 and is clearly anxious to find a stablemate.

BA came to the market at

125p in February with investors asked to make an initial payment of 65p a share. At the time, it was regarded as the most risky of the Government's privatization issues but was given a warm reception by an investing public that had already become used to sizeable premiums.

After touching a peak of 239p in the summer, the price now stands just 16p above its fully-paid level. The final payment of 70p does not fall due until next August.

Fairway, a distributor of business and computer stationery to financial institutions, made an impressive debut on the Unlisted Securities Market.

Placed at 74p, through

Capel-Cure Myers, the broker.

● BPB Industries, the plasterboard group, eased 2p to 283p despite reports that it has attracted interest from Boral, an Australian company, reckoned to have taken a 9 per cent stake in the shares. A spokesman for BPB said there was no substance to the rumours.

The shares opened at 75p and advanced steadily to close the session at 81p, for a premium of 7p.

Warrington, the building contractor formerly known as Thomas Warrington, jumped by 18p to 130p on speculative buying.

Dealers reckon the company's prospects look bright. Mr Graeme Jackson, the chairman and property developer who has been the mastermind behind the company's transformation over the past couple of years, is said to be on the verge of announcing another acquisition.

Shares of Tay Homes, the USM-listed house builder, rose 12p to 325p on further consideration of the recent excellent results that showed pretax profits 62 per cent higher at £3.02 million.

Reed International, the paper, packaging and publishing conglomerate, has been another casualty of the recent collapse with its price tumbling from the £6-level to about £4 in just a couple of days. It closed a further 7p down at 381p yesterday in quiet trading.

Reed's interim results are due tomorrow and brokers are expecting pretax profits to rise from £80 million to between £90 million and £95 million, putting the group on target for a full-year figure of £230 million.

Analysts at Morgan Grenfell Securities, the broker, say that most of the group's markets will have been buoyant in the first half of the year. In particular, publishing will have benefited from rising advertising expenditure in the US and Britain, especially in magazines.

TEMPUS

ABF caution may pay off

Poor Mr Garry Weston. Almost 20 years after Associated British Foods' last bid of any size, a few weeks' premature may jeopardize a deal that promised to lift earnings and revitalize ABF's image.

For some time, pressure had been growing on Mr Weston, the chairman and main shareholder, to spend the cash pile, which was earning an unsatisfactory return.

Attracted by the sweetness of its principal subsidiary, British Sugar, S&W Berisford made a suitable target. But the dramas of recent weeks have drawn the risks of Berisford's speculative activities to the fore.

Not surprisingly, ABF has deferred the EGM, hoping in three weeks to glean more information about its prey. It must then proceed or let the bid lapse.

Ironically, the only way to avoid a 12-month delay after a lapsed bid would be through a monopolies referral, which ABF has been fighting off.

But ABF may be wise to walk away from Berisford however well it fits, as there are plenty of other cut-price bargains around.

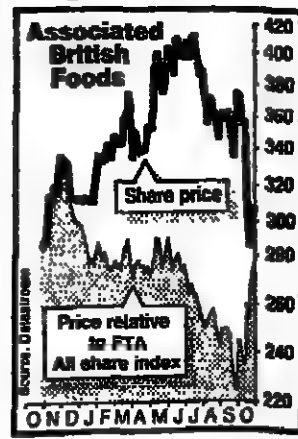
In the meantime, ABF continues to put in a steady trading performance. Price rises in milling and baking, accounting for the lion's share of profits, will provide six months' cover for the effects of this year's bad harvest.

The performance of the rest of the business was patchy, but good progress is being made by smaller new businesses.

For the full year, assuming no Berisford, ABF should make £210 million. The recent issue of shares and above-average tax charge will mean earnings will only mark time.

ABF needs something to get its teeth into unless it wishes to be written off as a serious investment choice. But markets may not settle down quickly enough to make the ultra-cautious ABF management take the plunge and go ahead with the Berisford deal regardless.

In this eventuality one can only hope that it will not be another 20 years before the next bid is launched.



Pict Petroleum

Since Pict Petroleum was formed more than 15 years ago, success has continuously eluded it. While many competing independent oil companies have become bigger fish, either through the lure of making big finds, or by doing deals and making acquisitions, Pict remains a minnow.

Its market capitalization is just over £12 million making it easily one of the smallest independent players in the North Sea.

Snatched from the jaws of disaster by the agreement with the US company Amerasia Hess last February, Pict has been saved from the worst effects of the collapsed oil price by the cash injection which formed part of that deal.

Since then, it has discovered a small oil find close to its Rob Roy/Ivanhoe field called Waverly. A second well is currently being drilled into the structure to determine its commercial viability. It could contain around 70 million barrels, about half of which would be in Pict's block.

Normally, such a small find would be of only marginal economic interest, but its proximity to Rob Roy/Ivanhoe means that it could be developed fairly cheaply by subsea completion. Pict's interest in the block is 3.75 per cent.

The company is currently involved in two further wells, both in the southern gas sector of the North Sea, so this will help to provide some continuing interest.

The share price is approximately in line with Pict's asset value, and the board is directing its efforts to producing a positive cash flow

Coloroll retrenches

Strange that when prices come down, all the buyers disappear.

Coloroll clearly had active plans to continue its aggressive acquisition strategy, and had gone so far as to build up stakes in targets in the home furnishing business. The crash induced £4.7 million write off on these quoted investments at the interim stage is undoubtedly conservative, but Coloroll has decided the time has come to start drawing in its horns.

While not ruling out opportunistic purchases in Britain, the American adventure is now at an end, and Coloroll is determined to retrench. Its managers, having

less to do with acquisitions, will be getting down to brass tacks on the domestic front.

This means gingering up the organization at the grass roots level, although those familiar with the company's highly motivational style will be surprised if there is much to be done at this level. The objective is to focus on cash generation, "rinsing out" profits to the bottom line, and the reduction of gearing.

Home furnishing is a discretionary activity, so those forecasting a recession of the dimensions of the 1930s will want to avoid Coloroll's shares. Those who take courage from yesterday's steadier market could find the shares attractive at these levels.

Maxwell makes US acquisition

Mr Robert Maxwell's company, Maxwell Communication Corporation, yesterday said it had acquired Alco Gravure Inc, the US publishing group. Maxwell said it was paying cash for the company but did not disclose the amount.

Based in Rochelle Park, New Jersey, Alco operates six plants in the US and employs just over 1,000 people. It is a private company with annual sales of \$150 million (£87 million).

Alco prints newspapers, magazines and catalogues, and its customers include leading US retail chain stores and newspapers.

Maxwell Communication Corp Inc, Maxwell's North American offshoot, already operates 10 printing plants in the US.

Maxwell Communication said: "Alco is an excellent fit for Maxwell and perfectly complements our existing network of plants."

Bertam Holdings reports a turnover of £685,000 (£519,000) for the first half of this year. Pretax profit rose to £342,000 (£234,000). Earnings per share were 0.95p (0.78p).

El Oro Mining In the half-year to June 30, pretax profit of El Oro Mining & Exploration rose from £629,000 to £945,000. Earnings per share were 13.94p (9.06p). The board reports that an encouraging start has been made to the second half and, in the absence of any dramatic change in market conditions, it feels confident that full-year results will be satisfactory. The company still remains in a position of strength and hopes to maintain or increase the dividend for 1987, the board said.

Stothert & Pitt Stothert & Pitt proposes to cancel, subject to shareholders' approval and the confirmation of the court, all the issued 5 per cent preference shares of £1 each. In return for the cancellation, the company proposes to pay 114.5p cash for each share.

J Smart ahead Bertam Holdings (Contractors) is paying a final dividend of 3.8p on December 14 for the year to July 31. This makes a total of 5.25p (4.75p). Turnover slipped to £11.44 million (£11.71 million), but pretax profit rose to £1.42 million (£1.36 million). Earnings per share were 9.46p (9.12p).

Rand Mines slips A final dividend of 330 cents (330 cents), making 435 cents (425 cents), is being paid by Rand Mines for the year to September 30. Turnover slipped to £759.6 million (£720 million) against £787.2 million, while group operating profit fell to £230.7 million (£281.9 million). Earnings per share were 1.117 cents (1.197 cents).



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PILKINGTON
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Banham says forget the crash and invest for growth

Mr John Banham, the director-general of the Confederation of British Industry, told the national conference in Glasgow yesterday that massive investment in manufacturing industry would only be possible on the scale required when interest rates were at competitive levels.

Recalling events in the City in the past few weeks, he said that every problem brought its opportunities and there was now a golden opportunity to reduce interest rates. This would be an important signal of confidence as Britain had sound economic fundamentals.

He felt that it would be easy for British business to talk itself into depression, but it had come through some tough times, so the latest squall need hold few terrors. "Now is the time to look beyond the turbulence of the markets and invest for growth," he said.

Business must never forget that despite events of the last three weeks, the City had been doing a magnificent job in tough international market conditions. Last year, it earned more than £9 billion net in foreign exchange, a remarkable achievement.

He said: "Our problem has always been, and remains, the need to create more wealth

and this is where investment comes in. We must rebuild our manufacturing base."

Mr Banham criticized present high interest rates and pointed out that most companies would not even contemplate an investment that would take longer than four years to pay for itself. This, inevitably, was a recipe for short-termism. But companies had no alternative, given the present rates of interest.

"Despite all our recent improvements we have been locked into a cycle of relatively low investment, low productivity and low profitability. We must break out of this vicious circle and there is no alternative to investment," he said.

Mr Banham added that the Government must reform the public sector in its third term. Despite all the howls of anguish, public expenditure had gone on rising. What was needed was a public sector with a will to manage.

Over the next four years there was a great opportunity to reform the tax and benefit system, to ensure that the £2 billion-£3 billion a year of value improvements known to be available in local government are delivered. He said that private sector services like catering, cleaning and

security should be contracted out and business should ensure that it secures electricity costs that are internationally competitive.

The latter must be the objective of privatization of the electricity supply industry. The resources were available as waste in the public sector alone was probably costing businesses more than £5 billion a year. But it still made no sense for business to look to the Government to solve all its problems.

"Too many of us are still paying out more in wages than we are getting back in performance," he said.

The director-general set out what he thought should be some of the CBI's targets over the next few years. He said that within the next five years he would like to see all 5,500 secondary schools in Britain twinned effectively with the local business community.

He wanted both the investment in training and the proportion of graduates going into industry and commerce doubled.

Mr Banham said that business should be playing the lead role in reviving inner cities and it should be properly priced to exploit the opportunity of the single European market.



Tough talking from, left, John Banham, director-general, and David Puttnam, film-maker

CODE OF CONDUCT

In search of better managers

A code of best practice is to be established, encouraging companies to improve management development.

The conference endorsed the proposal in a resolution, moved by Sir Edwin Nixon, chairman of IBM (UK), expressing concern that many manufacturing companies were having difficulties recruiting future leaders.

It called for CBI initiatives to encourage talented young people to take up careers in industry and considered that a code of best practice would ensure management development and training were taken more seriously.

Sir David Nickson, president of the CBI and chairman of Scottish & Newcastle Breweries, said it was also considering setting up a management charter group comprising leading companies.

A code of practice would spur all companies to improve the quality of their management.

Mr Robert Reid, of Shell UK, said the key to maintaining the momentum of industrial recovery was professional management. To secure this, management should become a recognized profession.

"This requires an architecture of education and development processes leading to a national, recognized qualification,"

ENVIRONMENT

Puttnam warns industrialists

Mr David Puttnam, the film producer and president of the Council for the Protection of Rural England, told the conference that industrialists would underestimate the pressure to clean up the environment "at your peril."

If the environment were not respected, he said, "I promise you it will bite back. Let us all acknowledge and welcome it — or we shall certainly be the losers."

Mr Puttnam, who had flown from Hollywood to address the conference on environmental investment, said: "You have a personal and a national interest in seeing that environmental safeguards are enforced evenly throughout the European community."

Mr Puttnam — producer of *Chariots of Fire* — attacked the Government over nuclear power. He said it was striking that the prospect of privatizing electricity, and introducing real competition to the supply of power, had hardly been greeted with overwhelming enthusiasm by nuclear industry leaders.

Two weeks ago, Lord Marshall of Goring, chairman of the Central Electricity Generating Board, had owned up to the fact that nuclear power

in Britain had never, in its 30 years of use, been economic.

Mr Cecil Parkinson, Secretary of State for Energy, had said that Britain possessed 500 years of stockpiled plutonium, said Mr Puttnam, while he continued to finance at large cost the development of a fast-breeder reactor at Dounreay, whose only advantage was to produce more plutonium. "That makes Dounreay the most expensive job creation project in history."

Mr Puttnam added: "How many of you will truly be rushing forward with your pension funds when the Government offers us all the chance to buy a share in seven gigawatts of used nuclear reactors, decommissioning and insurance costs unknown, later in this Parliament? There is possibly a better way to spend your money."

The conference passed a resolution stating that business accepted its responsibilities towards the environment.

It added: "However policies and initiatives in this field must not be based on emotion but must balance benefits to the environment against the need for companies to be internationally competitive."

Conference reports by Edward Townsend, Alan Wood and Peter Mulligan

Poll tax 'would throw up big business losers'

A resolution hostile to Government plans for rates reform was carried by a substantial majority.

It said the proposed reforms would lead neither to greater accountability nor a clear connection between spending and local taxation.

After the debate, during which only one speaker supported government plans, Sir David Nickson, the CBI president, promised the CBI would publish alternative proposals within 10 days.

The resolution was moved by Mr Michael Davis, of Greenall Whitley, who said: "The uniform business rate, coinciding with the first revaluation in England and Wales since 1973, will throw up some big losers in the business community. The business rate currently amounts to around £8 billion. It is one of the main taxes paid by business."

"It hits company profits and share prices. To have large, sudden and arbitrary changes in this cost is not on." He said the business community should be de-rated by 25 per cent or around £2 billion.

Because the Government had refused to do this, the CBI was now lining up with the Government's many opponents on rating reform.

However, the objective of the reforms — that councils should be accountable to the

electorate for the money spent — had the wholehearted support of business.

Mr John Mills, of the Yorkshire and Humberside region, told of a recent meeting of 65 senior businessmen and women, none of whom supported the Government's proposals. "They describe them as ineffective, unfair and unworkable."

Mr Malcolm Smith, of Alex Lawrie Factors, gave a warning that the proposed reforms would mean business being unable, locally, to influence the decision-makers at county halls. Local consultation would be destroyed.

Mr G Drake, of Penrhyn Quarries, said that the government proposals were ill thought out and ill conceived. He warned delegates to beware of hidden costs in the proposals.

Sir David Nickson said that the CBI council had instructed him to pursue private discussions with the Government.

It was important for those delegates who felt strongly about the reform of the rating system to speak locally to people in a position to do something about it.

It was clear from the context of the debate that conference was not happy with the Government's proposals for a uniform business rate.

POWER

Calls to cut prices

Mr Lewis Davies, the chairman of the CBI Welsh Council, said that industry was not in the game of paying for the ideologies of political parties when he successfully moved a resolution emphasizing the need for British industry to have the benefit of competitive electricity prices.

He said that in Wales they had heard rumours that the Government might increase prices to make the electricity supply industry more attractive to potential investors. He went on: "If such a move is necessary to attract buyers I would submit there is no case for privatization."

He was echoing earlier comments by Mr John Banham, the CBI director general, that there must be internationally competitive electricity costs

and this must be the objective of privatization. Any talk of increases simply to get privatization away was quite unacceptable, said Mr Banham.

The resolution also called on the CBI to undertake a major publicity campaign on the merits of nuclear power.

Mr Christopher Harding, of British Nuclear Fuels, said that over the next three or four years it will be spending £500 million on improving discharges and better handling of effluent.

Mr Roger Farrance of the Electricity Council, said it was well aware of the need to supply industry at the lowest possible prices but it was moving from a period of surplus capacity to one where considerable new investment would be needed.

Why moving makes sense

Mr Malcolm Rifkind, the Secretary of State for Scotland, told the conference that in the 1990s industry would be increasingly on the move to Scotland, Wales and northern areas of England for basic industrial commonsense rather than for financial inducements.

He said that if the Germans could penetrate British markets and the Japanese could do so from the other side of the world, there could be few arguments more spurious than the suggestion that a few hundred miles north of Watford, Hertfordshire, was all the difference between profitability and failure for British industry.

The Secretary of State praised British industry for the sensible way in which it has responded to recent

convulsions on stock exchanges round the world.

The situation had been helped by the fact that the

Study group

The CBI is to set up a task force to study the adequacy of industry's approach to education. Sir David Nickson, the president, said it would report its findings within a year.

Sir Adrian Cadbury, chairman of Cadbury Schweppes and a member of the CBI policy-forming body, will lead the task force.

The announcement was made at the end of a debate on the link between education and industry. It was addressed by Mr John Abbott, the director of Education 2000 which promotes such a link in Hertfordshire.

British economy was enormously stronger than it had been for many years.

He speculated what might have been the implications if the public sector borrowing requirement had been at the high level of some years ago.

Mr Rifkind rejected the idea that "popular capitalism" was over and said that the Government had been encouraging the public to understand that it should not indulge in gambling or speculation but that it should invest in investment.

He considered small investors in Britain were wiser and more mature as a consequence of recent experiences.

He welcomed the setting up of the CBI task force on urban regeneration and inner cities. In Scotland, the main problems would be those of peripheral housing estates in Glasgow and other urban areas

Stock market fall 'does not herald a world recession'

Bonn (AP-Dow Jones) — West Germany's five main economic research institutes said yesterday that the stock market crash does not forebode a worldwide recession.

The five institutes, which publish a joint report on the economy twice a year, say that, though the steep fall in share prices introduces more uncertainty into the economic picture, they are confident that policy measures in the leading industrialized countries will assure continued economic growth, albeit somewhat slower.

In West Germany, the institutes forecast a real or price-adjusted increase in gross national product of 1.75 per cent in 1987, after 2.4 per cent in 1986. The outlook for 1988 calls for 2 per cent growth.

The institutes expect the US economy to expand by 2.75 per cent this year and 2.5 per cent in 1988.

As factors of uncertainty resulting from developments on the stock market, the joint report cites a possible slowdown in investment and increased difficulties for industrial companies to finance expansion through share issues. The report said it has tried to take account of these uncertainties by making cautious estimates.

Private consumption will be the main engine for the West German economy in 1987 as well as in 1988, the report says. Private spending is forecast to rise 3 per cent both this year and next. Real disposable income is expected to rise 3.5 per cent in 1987 and 4.5 per cent in 1988.

But the nation's exports will continue to rise at a slower pace than imports. Exports, expected to be flat this year, are seen rising 3.5 per cent in 1988, while imports are forecast to increase 4 per cent this year and 5 per cent next.

The institutes note that, because world trade is expected to grow faster than West German exports, the country's industry is likely to lose worldwide market share next year.

The current account surplus is expected to shrink to DM65 billion (£22 billion) in 1988 from an estimated DM75 billion in 1987.

To provide more immediate stimulus to the domestic economy, the institutes repeated the call, made in their April joint report, to move forward the government's tax-reform package now scheduled to take effect in 1990. They said such a move could even be considered urgent in view of the negative effects the country's shrinking exports have on the economy.

"It is still valid that whatever serves the improvement of growth conditions should be done as early as possible," said Herr Horst Seidler, an economist at one of the institutes, DIW.

The institutes question whether the government's proposed controversial introduction of a 10 per cent withholding tax on interest income, to finance part of the tax cut, will have the desired effect. They note that it is doubtful whether the planned revenue of about DM4 billion can be raised.

The report also notes that, because the move is likely to raise interest rates, it will increase the state's financing costs. It foresees that West German consumer prices, which dropped by 0.2 per cent in 1986, will rise 0.5 per cent in 1987. The price rise will be a steeper 2 per cent in 1988, the report predicts.

A majority of the five institutes said a continued overshooting of the Bundesbank's money supply growth targets will sooner or later cause a rise in prices. But DIW, in a dissenting opinion, said it does not share the immediate inflation concerns of the other institutes. Instead, DIW said a tighter monetary policy would have had a negative impact on domestic investment and economic growth.

The four-institute majority also forecast a 1988 money supply growth target of about 5 per cent, after a 1987 target range of 3 to 6 per cent. The Bundesbank is expected to revise its target range before year-end.

The institutes predict that the 9 per cent unemployment rate will stay unchanged in 1987 and will only change marginally to 9.1 per cent in 1988.

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David Mallory, Assistant Director Sell Nicholson Henderson (Lloyds Re-insurance Brokers)

"Chris uses a visual pager, so my order goes straight to him. We get rapid delivery — within hours sometimes."

Katie Bradshaw, Stationery Buyer Original Additions (Beauty Products)

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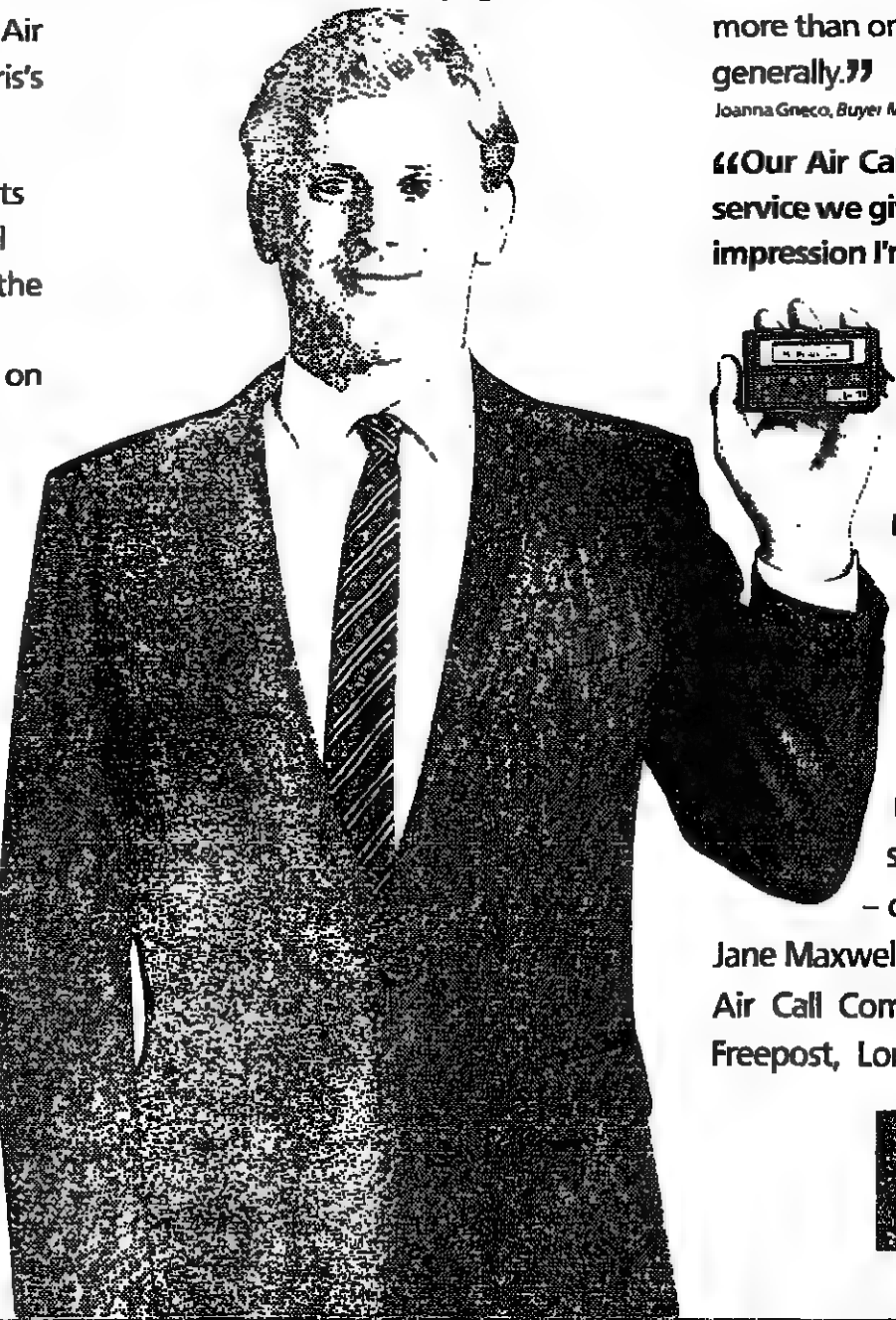
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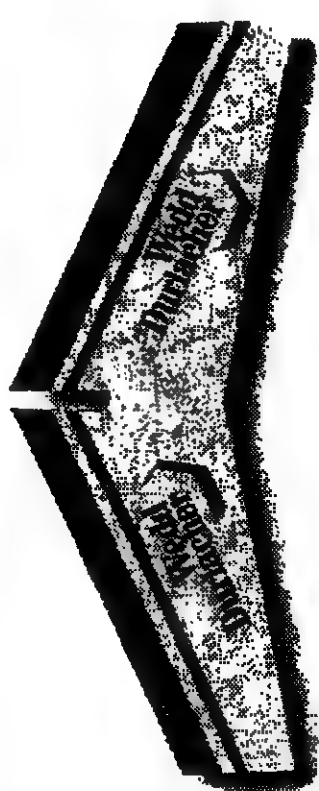
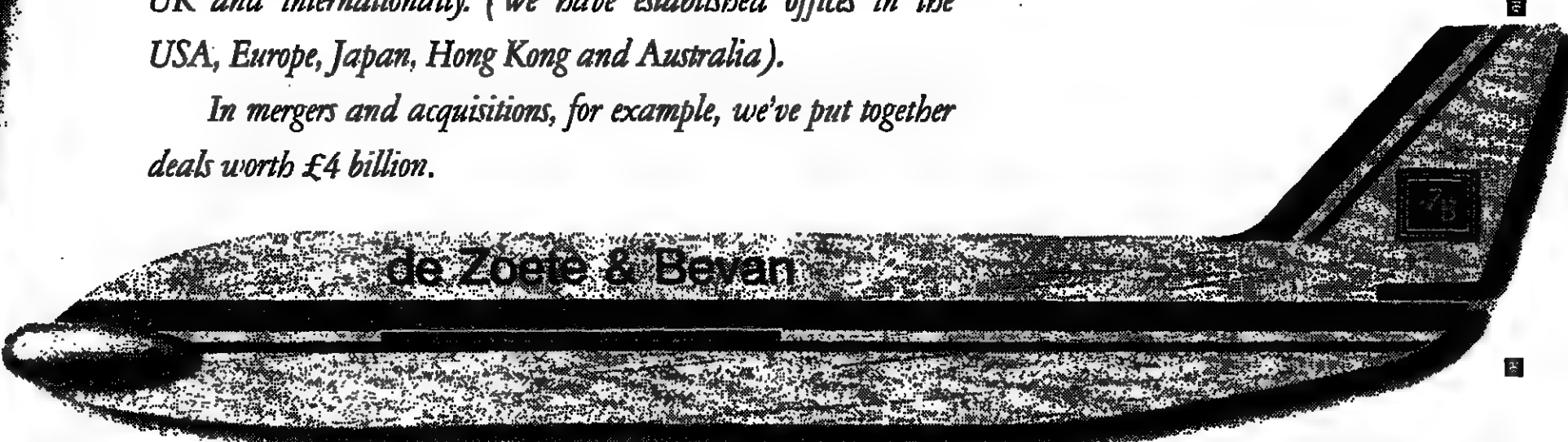
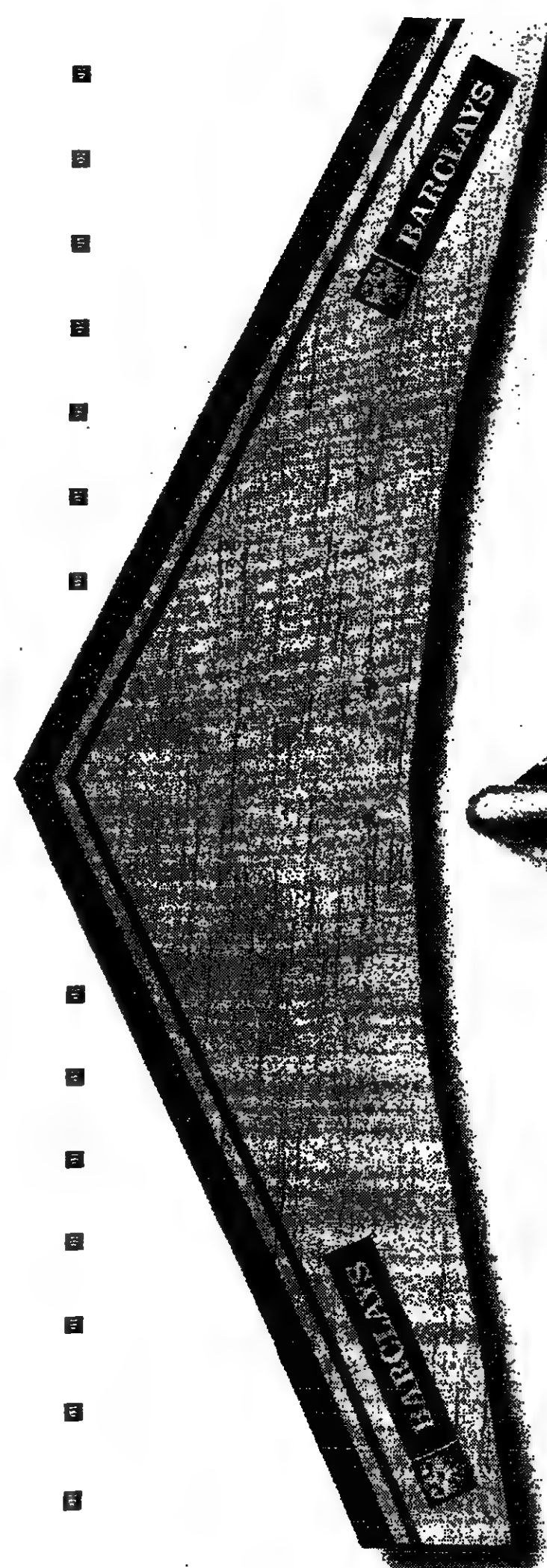
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Brussels: 1992 and all that (III)

Small firms: on a European hiding to nothing?

Asking what "1992" — a genuine internal market in goods and services — may mean to small firms raises a quick, secondary query about what "small firms" may mean in 1987.

Brussels bureaucrats have defined small and medium-sized enterprises, or SMEs, as companies with a workforce below 500 and a capital of less than £60 million. Dragging in "medium-sized" produces a hopelessly loose categorial fit. Our own Bolton Commission on Small Firms worked on more realistic parameters of 200 workers and £200,000 capital, in 1971 money.

Such statistical semantics apart, the sort of small business on which public and political attention is centred throughout the Community is on a much smaller scale of smallness than that measured for SMEs.

Definition may be difficult, but description worse. Politicians, while still churning out detailed legislation, have cut small firms' burdens of form-filling in a series of

pious, public relations purges. Thousands of businesses have been wiped off the statistical map and we know practically nothing about their characteristics or activities.

Gauging the effect of the internal market on small companies in these circumstances is a case study in coarse guesswork.

We can assume that they will all benefit from such Commission proposals as raising VAT ceilings, improving rules for the carry-forward of losses for tax purposes, and general encouragement of official interventions. But 1992 will spell out different messages for different sub-divisions of the small firm population.

Many of the Commission's 1992 proposals are served in sweet and sour sauce. Liberalizations are paired with restrictions or rules to ease transitions and ensure fair competitive play.

About half our small businesses turn out to be garages, shops, cafes, public houses,

one-vehicle road haulers, household odd-job and repair services, hotels and boarding houses. All are firmly rooted to their local spot. Opportunities to exercise talents and invest cash at a range of new points, from Copenhagen to Corfu, may strike few answering entrepreneurial chords but many of the regulations, paired with these notional freedoms, will still apply.

This could seem to put "captive" small firms on a regulatory hiding to nothing, but a Tory Government, fully alert to small business voting strength, can be relied on to stifle any really oppressive EEC innovations.

The other half of the small firm sector, including manufacturing and "extrovert" service industries, has a much more positive interest in internal market developments.

Sub-contractors and small companies interested in public supply business are, almost certainly, in for a Brussels-based shake-up. Only 2 per cent of public procurement contracts in the EEC are awarded to companies from other member states. The Commission is aiming for radical liberalizations in public works, and energy, telecommunications and transport procurement.

Sub-contractors are bound to be caught in powerful cross-currents of opportunity and competition. "Foreign" main contractors, breaking into traditionally-public procurement pastures, could bring their own sub-contractors with them. Or they might look to local suppliers and services to cut distribution costs, shorten management control lines and provide useful "native" know-

how. This could open up new business for small companies with no previous links to displaced British contractors.

Enterprising small businesses could well put out feelers to leading contractors in other member states to cover not only possible co-operation in Britain, but also sub-contracting prospects elsewhere. Others, who want to stick with their British main contractors, could co-operate with them to monitor and exploit 1992 moves to open up public procurement in other EEC countries.

The internal market saga will also include action-packed passages for small firms in technologies such as lasers, information and telecommunications, new materials, robotics and advanced transport and energy systems. We have inventive small

companies in all these sectors. Some are unable to find adequate outlets for specialized products or services in Britain and could benefit from cross-frontier partnerships or agency arrangements. Most would welcome wider, easier flows of information about technical developments.

The Commission claims help is at hand to meet these needs, in projects such as Eureka, Sprint, Tedis, and Esprit. But how does a quiet, inoffensive small firm hack its way through this acronymic jungle to any sort of contact with actual assistance?

An immediate, if probably temporary answer lies in the Commission's new SME agency — the Small Firms Task Force. As millions of small EEC firms hear the 1992 message, this modest unit can expect to be swamped by approaches. At the moment, however, it might not be averse to a few inquiries and fostering one or two guinea-pigs. New technology firms could be especially welcome.

British companies may find

contact easier because the Task Force is in the brick, British hands of Alan Mayhew, recruited from the Clinton Davis cabinet.

Other 1992 developments of potential interest can be identified by plotting details of the 1992 timetable against projects in the Task Force action programme.

How will small firms that spot such possibilities interface with the Department of Trade and Industry's 1992 advice and information campaign? Direct contacts could be complicated by the fact that Lord Young, when Minister for Employment, whipped the Small Firms division away from the DTI to enlarge his administrative empire.

Can he now, as Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, let highly innovative small companies, with so many interests in 1992, lie about in Employment, while his own wealth-creating remit, is taking on key internal market responsibilities for the rest of British business?

'Positive' reaction to Eurotunnel in Japan

Tokyo (Reuters) — Japanese institutional investors are showing a warm-to-cautious reaction to the Eurotunnel share issue, Mr Alastair Morton, the co-chairman of Eurotunnel, said yesterday.

Mr Morton met about 50 Japanese institutional investors to try to sell between 2 and 10 per cent of £750 million worth of shares being privately placed.

"Reactions ranged from warm to cautious. None of it was negative," he said. And having Japan's biggest brokerage house, Nomura Securities, as lead underwriter was an asset, he said.

The Anglo-French project to build a 50km rail tunnel under the Channel is expected to be completed in 1993 at a cost of £4.85 billion.



Morton: Nomura an asset

Subscription for the securities, to be listed simultaneously in London and Paris in early December, will begin this month. The pathfinder prospectus for the flotation will be launched on Thursday.

"After the (global stock market) crash, people told me to postpone the listing. But we said no way," he said.

Unlike other shares being floated, Eurotunnel shares have no existing price or price earnings ratios, Mr Morton said.

He said he thought the shares were likely to appreciate by more than 25 per cent a year.

British and French investors will each take £300 million to £350 million of Eurotunnel shares, while other investors will take between £50 million and £100 million.

Fifty banks, 39 of them

Japanese, agreed in August to

lend the Anglo-French con-

sortium £5 billion, provided

the flotation was successful.

...the ...

Edited by Matthew May

COMPUTER HORIZONS/1

High-tech companies need new perks

As the stock market has tumbled last month, so too have the fortunes of many employees of the high-technology firms that have sprung up over the last five years.

Many have used the option to buy stock in their companies. Since growth rates in some companies have exceeded 200 per cent, the ability to buy shares through an employee share-purchase scheme has been a big attraction.

Employee share-option schemes operate at several companies, from Digital Equipment to Apple and from Lotus Development to Electronic Arts. They are usually based on employees who stay with the company for a certain period of time.

They are offered shares in the

THE WEEK

By Geoff Wheelwright

company at a preferential rate. The idea is that it not only acts as an incentive for new employees to resist poaching by competitors, but provides them with greater reason to help the company to make money.

Stock market prices for high-technology firms have suffered particularly badly in the recent slide. Several Silicon Valley firms, with a lot of staff employed in Britain, such as Apple, Atari and Amdahl, have seen their prices cut in half, or worse. While many share-option schemes for employees are linked to a market price, the large

and fast swings in the prices of these companies makes it increasingly difficult to maintain an attractive scheme.

If recovery is slow, computer businesses may have to look at other "sweeteners", particularly when trying to seek out software-development talent, which is always in short supply.

Yet recruitment and employee share-purchase plans may be the least of some companies' problems in the deflated stock market as they find their stocks valued at even less than their annual turnovers.

Such bargain-basement prices could tempt corporate raiders into the high-technology stocks when companies such as Amstrad - another company to see its stock-

market value halved, and a company such as Tandem - which makes disc drives and personal computers - dropped to a valuation of \$100 million on a \$400 million annual turnover.

The reaction of Amstrad's chairman and founder, Alan Sugar, to the stock market problems and the potential dangers represented was typical.

"We can only get on with the job in hand and that's what we're doing," he said.

For takeovers in the high-tech world to succeed, there is usually some form of common interest. Examples include Jack Tramiel's acquisition of the ailing Atari computer company from Warner Communications almost three years

ago and the buy-out last year by Alan Sugar of Sir Clive Sinclair's home-computer range. In both cases, Mr Tramiel and Mr Sugar knew the home-computer business extremely well.

Some argue, however, that selling computers and the software to go with them is simply a marketing job. They might point to people such as Apple UK's managing director, David Hancock, about to move to international operations for Apple, and who came to the firm three years ago from Gillette. He represents an example of what is described as a "second phase" of management in computer companies by bringing in marketing people who know the business of selling and running a company first and the computer industry second.



Taking a chip off the old oak block

PEOPLE

By Eddie Coulter

"I have never had ambition," says Iann Barron, 40 this year and director, shareholder and driving force behind Immos, the British semi-conductor company.

It is a surprising comment, as Mr Barron has made a reasonable fortune from computers, and is recognized internationally by the computer industry as an academic and entrepreneur.

His track record reads like a history of the British computer industry. He was just 22 when he designed the first commercial transistorized computer in Britain - a best-seller in its time.

By 23 he was on civilian technical assignments with the Army Operational Research Group and the Air Ministry. At 29 he was head of his own mini-computer company and subsequently designed a time-sharing machine which was ahead of its time.

Later he was to go on to raise £50 million from the British Government to put UK semiconductor manufacturing on the world map and led the team which has designed the world's fastest micro-processor.

Now owned by Thorn-EMI, Immos was once the subject of political in-fighting and Cabinet-level discussions under both Labour and Tory governments before Iann Barron's dream of Britain's own semiconductor stake was realized.

He describes his attitude to ambition as "never having the time to think about it."

"In terms of ambition I have not really planned what I have achieved," he says. "And I don't have any future ambition. I only have a focus for now and that's to make Immos and the transporter successful. After that, I will sit down and think about the future."

The transporter Iann Barron refers to is an innovative micro-processor designed under his direction using a new computer architecture. A



Iann Barron: A fortune

floating-point version of the transporter is at the heart of an EEC super-computer development under the Esprit programme.

This chip will process instructions at the equivalent rate of 100 million per second - that is 10,000 times faster than the first transistor computer Mr Barron designed in the 1950s.

In 1977 what was to become

Immos was first mooted by ex-Mostek president and semi-conductor specialist Richard Petritz. Iann Barron was encountered by Petritz at Toronto airport, following a conference he attended there.

Mr Petritz recognized Mr Barron, having met him at the conference, helped to resolve the airport problem and while they travelled together on the flight, proposed the subject of a new semi-conductor company.

Wanting to work in the UK and to see Britain with a decent stake in the immense world market of microchips, Iann Barron set to work raising the money from the National Enterprise Board.

The rest of the Immos story is well documented, but earlier lessons learned resulted in one of the attitudes which Iann Barron actively pursues today.

"To be successful in Britain with any semi-conductor products you need a world market," he says. "The bulk of that market is not in Europe. I don't believe there is a role for

national or localized markets in semi-conductor manufacturing. We are aiming to compete fair and square with the major Japanese and American companies. If we can't do that there is no point in being in business."

Pursuit of success for Immos and the transporter gives Iann Barron little time to rest. He has not had a holiday for a number of years and often loses weekends with business travelling and meetings. Yet he denies that he is a workaholic. "I can live without my work," he says.

Not working means time spent walking and reading at his 16th-century house in a small village outside Bristol, not far from his Immos office.

A lover of old oak-beamed houses, Iann Barron gives a wry, disapproving smile when asked if he has a computer terminal at home. It implies that it would be sacrilege to mix technology with historical beauty. It is obviously one place where, as far as Iann Barron is concerned, the chips are left firmly alone.

Extra-loving care for the employee

RECRUITMENT

By Pat Sweet

Most companies attempt to hang on to their computer staff through their pay packet. Many employers devise attractive salary and benefits packages in order to persuade staff with scarce skills to stay.

But one computer services group is working with organizations such as financial institutions and large multinationals which are starting to feel that some extra care and attention, rather than more cash, may be what is needed.

"Such companies believe employees in management ser-

salaries and grades that allow people to stay within the technical environment," Mr Robson said.

The career development programme also indicates what sort of training will be needed at various times in an individual's career. Mr Robson finds that those companies which do invest in training for their computer staff tend to concentrate on purely technical courses.

"But we find people in management services departments often want training in interpersonal skills. It's a service function and many of the employees need the sort of techniques taught on sales training courses in order to negotiate with their users," Mr Robson pointed out.

CMG interviews groups of management services employees to determine their views on their training needs. These discussions invariably lead on to what Mr Robson terms "associated observations", chief among which is a desire to feel more involved with the company's business.

"On one level managers often feel they are not brought in on the decision-making process enough. And nearly always management services

are looking for more than just salary as a reward and that they want to see a planned career progression throughout their company life," explains CMG management consultant Fred Robson.

Plotting a career path for a computer professional inside an organization primarily dedicated to banking, for instance, can prove very difficult for the personnel department.

CMG has taken on assignments to draw up career development programmes for entire management services departments. These will include devising the organizational chart, defining grade structure and working out how those grades match similar positions of responsibility elsewhere in the company.

The firm also defines each employee's career path, both inside management services, and on occasion spreading out into the company's mainstream activities.

"Often people who come into computing want to stay technically oriented and don't want to have to move into administration or management areas just so they can get a higher grading and salary. The career path should offer



Fred Robson: Management needs training in inter-personal skills

employees feel people don't communicate to them enough information about what is happening in the company," Mr Robson said.

Communications can be difficult

Communications can be difficult if a company has numerous sites. But Mr Robson believes that a serious attempt to make the computer department feel part of the company, plus a clearly-defined career path for everyone, may be more effective in improving staff retention levels than big pay increases.

BRIEFING

■ Compaq is to bring forward the second phase of its Scottish plant development, to start two months before the first phase has gone into production. The new factory at Erskine, near Glasgow, should create an estimated 350 new jobs by the end of 1988, a year ahead of schedule. Compaq intends to produce all its full range of desktop and portable computers, including the new Compaq Deskpro 386/20 and the Portable 386 at the Scottish plant. Work on a first-phase building is nearing completion on schedule, ready to start delivering computers at the start of next year.

■ Sun Microsystems has announced that Xerox has become its second major customer in a month for its new high-speed microprocessor. Xerox said that it would incorporate Sun's chip into its computers and that it was also negotiating more extensive technology exchange agreements with Sun. Last month AT&T said it would also build machines using the Sun chip. The two announcements indicate a fast start for Sun's new high-speed

Compaq move on Scottish plant

chip, known as Sparc. Sun is also trying to rally support for a new standard operating system for computers based on AT & T's Unix operating system. AT & T and Sun announced have an agreement to cooperate on developing a standard version of Unix. Xerox, which has used its own operating system, said it would adopt the joint AT & T-Sun operating system.

■ With tempting incentives ranging from tax breaks and free land to cut-rate electricity and lottery-subsidized infrastructure, the state of Oregon - sandwiched between California and Washington on the Pacific coast - is courting Japanese industry in a big way. The Japanese are responding, eagerly flocking to a lush area of forests, rivers, mountains and gentle rain to build manufacturing facilities. More than 60 Japanese companies have facilities in Oregon, the largest among them built since 1984, when the state repealed its unitary tax on

worldwide profits of companies that locate there. Repeal of the tax, which California still has, cost the state an estimated 15 million dollars in annual revenue. Japanese companies have since plowed initial investments into the state totalling more than £120 million with potential investment equalling nearly £500 million, promising increased business and property-tax revenues several times the loss.

■ Japan's NEC Corporation, the world's largest computer microchip maker, has seen profits stagnate over the last six months due, says the company to the strong yen and trade friction. NEC, which makes everything from supercomputers to home appliances, said its exports slumped in the six months ending September 30 as the high yen made its products less competitive abroad. NEC said it recorded net profits of 16 billion yen (£66 million) in the first half of the fiscal year, virtually

unchanged from the same period a year earlier. Sales increased slightly during the period to 1,048 billion yen (£4.3 billion).

Managing director Kazuyoshi Akimoto forecast good times ahead, saying net profits for the year as a whole should show a 35 per cent increase.

■ IBM is joining the flood of companies that have announced stock buyback programs in the face of a volatile market, with a decision to repurchase up to \$1 billion (£570 million) of its stock. Many companies have made similar moves in part to show confidence in themselves.

Marti Easterbrook, an IBM spokeswoman, said the buyback is an extension of a current \$2.5 billion (£1.43 billion) buy-back program, which should be completed in a few weeks. The company said its board had authorized it to buy its shares in blocks of 5,000 from time to time on the open market. IBM's stock price has dropped from a high of \$175 a share earlier this year to a low of \$102 after the market collapse on October 19th. The company plans to pay for the stock repurchases with general corporate funds. IBM is today expected to name a delivery date for the extended version of the OS/2 operating system for its Personal System/2 computers.

■ Amstrad's four new portable computers range in price from £460 to £690 - half the price of competitors, says the company chairman, Alan Sugar.

Low prices also mean low profit margins and Amstrad must convince plenty of new customers of the need to go portable. All the machines are IBM compatible, use 3 1/2 in. disc drives and two versions include a modem.

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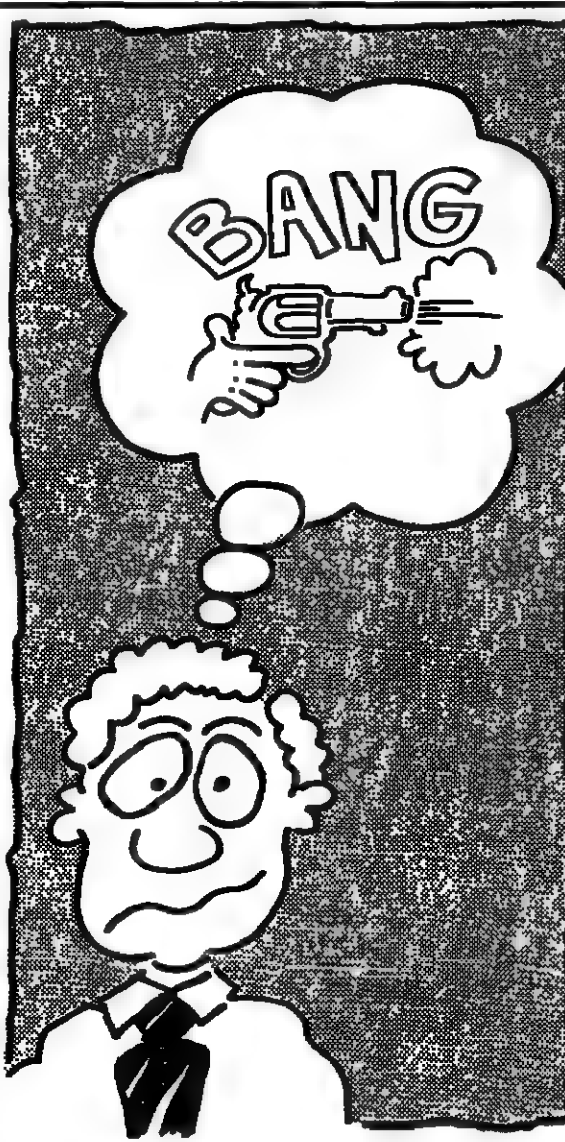
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COMPUTER HORIZONS/2

For the Pick of the jobs

JOBSCENE

By Eddie Coulter

While most of the computer industry has been aware of the Pick operating system for some time, its significance has, in many ways, been played down.

Suddenly the market is coming awake and is said to be growing at between 40 and 50 per cent a year. By next year it is estimated that there will be 100,000 Pick-based machines with a million screens in use worldwide.

Already 50 per cent of stock-exchange back-office systems — back offices being the computing area with the most catching-up to do since Big Bang and last month's "Big Burn" — are using Pick. There are also many users in the health area, police, defence and a variety of individual end-user departments. And the skills shortage problem is starting to rear its head.

Mark Harris, managing director of Brookteam Computer Recruitment, a specialist Pick recruitment consultancy set up 18 months ago, said: "Pick is renowned for being a well-kept secret."

"The market has been building for the last five years. Now there is a great



Mark Harris, managing director of Brookteam Computer Recruitment. Pick is renowned for being a well-kept secret.

around the operating system — the only time an operating system has preceded commercial hardware. Thus Pick had two masters: McDonnell Douglas, which began to push the operating system after the US court decision in 1981, and Mr Pick himself. Like a sleeping giant awakening, Pick's started to take off — its capabilities for database management integral within the operating system and fuelled by the general surge in database usage.

There now exist 25 Pick licences with Pick-based machines available from manufacturers such as Prime and General Automation as well as McDonnell Douglas.

Recently Fujitsu in Japan and Inter-technique in France also announced plans to enter the Pick market with new systems which should soon reach the UK. There is even a micro-based version of Pick, known as Revelation, which runs under DOS on many PCs.

According to Mr Harris demand is increasing at all levels for Pick staff, but programmers and analysts with experience of structured techniques and those with knowledge of the Pick-based fourth-generation language All, are the most highly sought.

Additionally, Mr Harris believes,

there is a greater move by users towards larger Pick-based systems. It means that professionalism of the personnel is set to increase.

Originally, it was the fact that there were a lot of smaller Pick systems with end-users feeling isolated from the rest of the data processing community, that led Alan Pritchard, data manager of the Planning and Statistics Unit at the City of London Polytechnic, to found the Pick User Group in the UK in September last year and become its inaugural chairman. At the last count more than 300 users were in the group.

"Many Pick users are not traditional computer people at all," he said. "They are accountants, stores controllers, policemen. Yet suddenly they are in demand. There exist 4,000 Pick-based systems in the UK and installations will probably increase by 2,000 in the next year."

"That will mean perhaps an extra 3,000 Pick personnel — programmers, analysts, project managers — being required."

Many of the people needed for Pick systems development will possibly progress from the end-user area, according to Alan Pritchard. He considers that an increase in salaries is inevitable as Pick

Additional benefits for the employees

gains increasing strength in the market place. However, as Mr Harris points out, the Pick recruitment market is more stable in salary scales across the country — they are not excessively high even in the City.

About 50 per cent of Mr Harris' applicants for jobs are more than willing to relocate to various parts of the country, although many wish to avoid the excessive house prices of the south-east. And though consultants can command up to £30,000, most vacancies are for analyst-programmers in the £12,000 to £18,000 a year bracket, with many jobs offering additional benefits such as cars.

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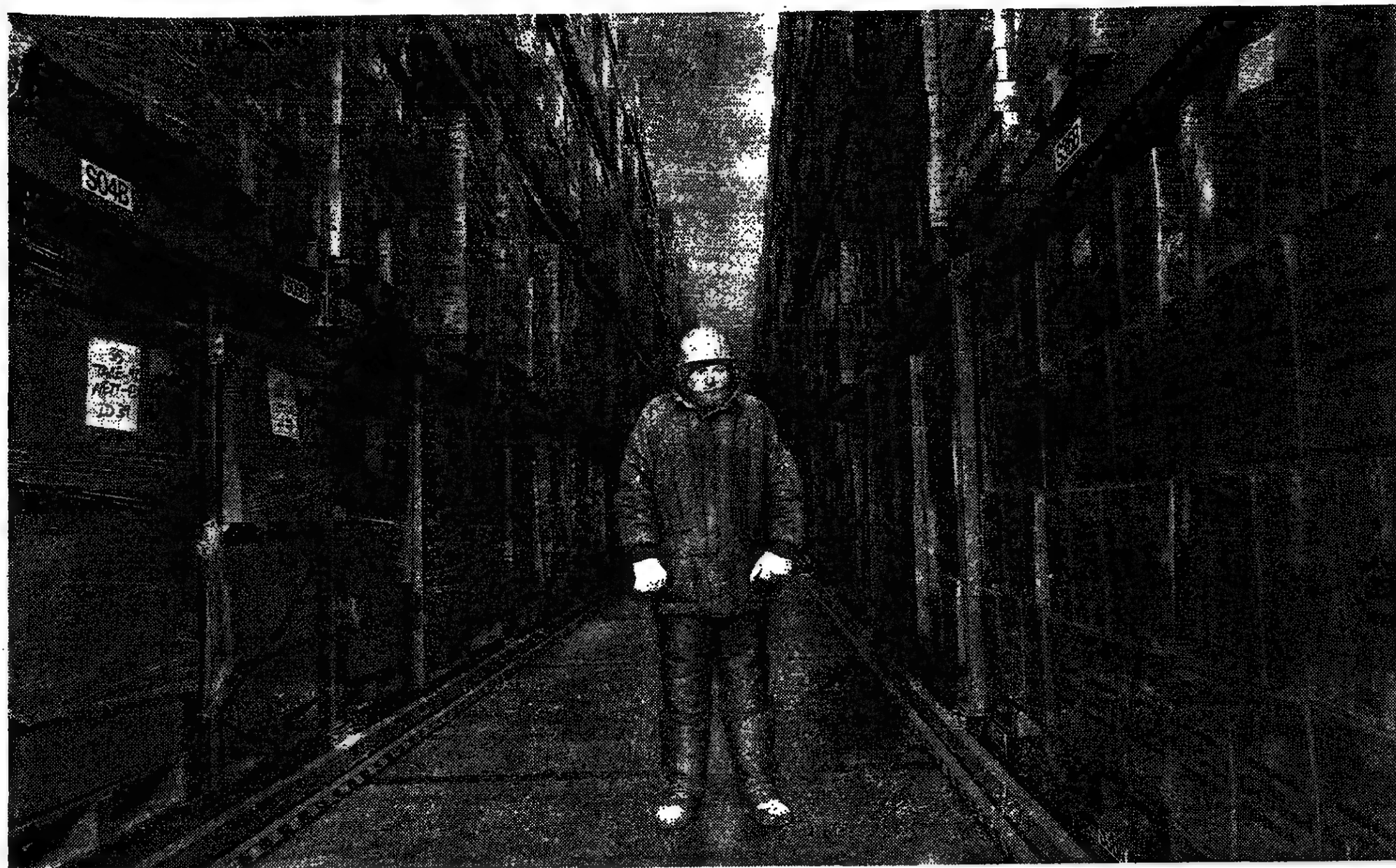
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HORIZONS

A guide to
career opportunities

Climbing the housing stairs

Keen on welfare but technically inept: to whatever extent this traditional image of women still applies, it is a factor contributing to the uncertain career prospects of trained and qualified women who work in housing.

Although women slightly outnumber men in the profession they pioneered from Octavia Hill's day, it has become strongly dominated by men, with women holding disproportionately few of the top posts. And those who want to return from a career break should not imagine that, because they are qualified, they will be able to return at the same level after several years at home. It doesn't happen.

The better news is that in the last few years several developments have occurred towards improving women's prospects. One is the networking pressure group Women in Housing (WiH), which was formed in 1981. Another is that working parties relating to women have been set up by the Institute of Housing (IoH), the professional body, and the National Federation of Housing Associations. The former has produced booklets and organized courses to help trained and experienced women return to paid work after a career break.

Further, there has been the work of the Housing Employment Register and Advice (HERA), a non-profit-making employment register set up with the backing of WiH and a London housing association. HERA is mainly, though not exclusively, for women seeking, among other objectives, to improve their career and employment outlook.

Young women should be positive about a career in housing and not simply drift in, as many do, sometimes as the result of inadequate careers advice.

Instead, they need to know about the different types of work, which areas offer opportunities for advancement and responsibility, such as estate management and technical services, and which are likely to be a cul-de-sac - housing aid, homelessness and admin.

To learn more about this, and how to prepare for your career, it would be helpful to obtain *Women at Work in Housing* (£2.95, plus 30p p&hp, from HERA), which draws on the experience of women in this field and offers possible solutions to some of the obstacles and discrimination they encounter.

It is written by Kate Leavers who, at the age of 28, became chief housing advisory officer to a London borough. She is now 30 and recently returned to the same job after taking only the statutory six months' maternity leave for the birth of her first child.

She explains in her book why housing, once women's territory, is now dominated by men. The expansion of the housing association movement and local government reorganization brought better-paid managerial posts which have made the work more attractive to men;

Men have taken over
most of the top jobs in
Britain's housing.

reports Sally Watts, who
advises how women are
fighting their way back

The "caring" jobs to which women gravitate, or are assumed to prefer, do not offer good promotion prospects; and the career break not only causes them to slip back, but affects their recruitment, training and promotion.

Most of the basic jobs are done by women - housing assistants, estate officers, interviewers, clerical staff - and though some use their job as a stepping stone others are content to stay at this level, while those who lack training prospects may have no choice.

Kate's first job with her London borough was as an estate manager, a good choice because it involved many aspects of work. Later, she was promoted to deputy area manager, then to her present role in which she has a staff of nearly 20, of whom about half are men.

"I'm a good example of someone who has been pushed on," she told me. Two people were responsible: as mentor, the deputy director who encouraged her as a trainee in her first job in the West Midlands; as role model, a young woman who went into housing straight from school (Kate is a graduate) and forged ahead, gaining her professional qualification and working up to principal officer.

Many women lack this kind of drive and determination. Kate would like to see beginners moving around at basic levels; more women entering jobs at the sharper, more influential end - financial, technical, development - and taking responsibility for staff; and more girls taking technical subjects at school.

Her book suggests strategies for women hoping to return to work after having children, and illustrates their predicament by quoting from their accounts. It was partly these which scared her into taking only the statutory maternity leave - "I didn't want to have to build up my confidence again."

But the situation is improving. "Job sharing is increasing like mad - some local authorities have gone in for it in a big way. Assuredly, training has become respectable and today there are also management courses for women."

Between now and next spring, HERA is running a London training programme which includes housing jobs, assertiveness, being effective, career development workshops and key housing issues.

HERA is run by Kate Hargreaves. She previously directed a small housing

association. A glance at her CV might provide beginners with some useful ideas. After graduating she spent two years on an International Voluntary Service scheme in the Seychelles, which included helping to renovate palm-leaf houses. This, she says, enabled her to understand a whole range of issues involved in building and gave an insight into the economic aspect of housing projects.

Back in Britain, she got a job as "a very lowly housing clerk" with a local authority and studied for the IoH's professional qualification (then called the diploma in housing management). A year in Ontario with a housing association followed, giving her an insight into how other organizations work, and later she joined a UK housing association and worked up from assistant to housing and development manager, then moved as director to a different type of association.

Kate Hargreaves suggests three qualities for a housing career: an interest both in people and in the practical, technical aspect of buildings, and a working knowledge of finance.

You do not need a degree. "People skills are more important," according to one graduate. However, there are recognized housing degrees. Alternatively, you can study for the IoH's professional qualification - part-time, three-year course with exams held twice yearly. Subjects include legal, building, financial and management studies, and planning and development.

Students must be in housing-related work. Those under 25 need five GCEs, including two at A-level, or a relevant Business and Technician Education Council diploma or certificate, or the Scottish equivalent in either case.

Although housing is not particularly well paid, the rewards are high in terms of job satisfaction, and will be increasingly so for women as they, and their employers, improve their prospects.

"It matters to the women who aim for the higher levels of their profession. It matters because employers use scarce resources in training women whose expertise and experience are under-utilized. It matters, most subtly, because women are not sufficiently involved in the most influential planning, architecture and design decisions, which affect the quality of life of huge numbers of consumers of housing services."

● *Housing Employment Register and Advice*, 8th Floor, Artillery House, Artillery Row, London SW1P 1RX. Tel: 01-799 2128. Publications also include *Jobs & Careers in Housing*, by Diana Hodson, price £4 plus 40p p&hp, which describes the range of work, and *Job Search: An Information Handbook*, price £1.50, plus 30p p&hp.

● *Institute of Housing*, 9 White Lion Street, Islington, London N1 9XJ. Tel: 01-837 4280.

Social
Workers

(SECTION II)

£9,051 with possible progression to £12,882. Reading Division, a busy urban setting with a substantial Afro-Caribbean/Asian population, seeks 2 Social Workers from these backgrounds for the Division's front-line which is responsible for social need within these specific communities. We have already made some headway in encouraging black clients to test out our service provision and we want to build on this positively.

We offer the right candidate strong professional support and there is peer group support from the Black Community Support Unit. There are regular meetings with the Management Team to examine and influence policy and practice. This Division is committed to equal opportunity and is working to defeat racism.

If you hold a CSW we would like to talk to you - ring Tony Jones, Deputy Divisional Director, or Margaret Mackenzie, Assistant Divisional Director, on Reading 586111. Application forms from Personnel Section, Social Services Department, Abbey Mill House, Abbey Square, Reading. Tel: Reading 586111 Ext. 506. Closing date 12th November.

Royal County of BERKSHIRE
AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

DURHAM FAMILY
PRACTITIONER COMMITTEE
(National Health Service)

Administrator-family practitioner services. Salary 16,354-£20,652 (currently under review). Applications are invited for the above position which will become vacant on 4th April 1988. The Family Practitioner Committee covers the administrative area of Durham county and is accountable to the Secretary of State for the provision and development of family doctor, dental, pharmaceutical and optometric services. The administrator is responsible for managing the financial and administrative functions involving 44 million annual expenditure on family practitioner services.

The committee is seeking a person of appropriate experience, commitment and motivation to undertake this role and application forms and job description are available from The Administrator, Durham Family Practitioner Committee, Green Lane, Old Elvet, Durham DH1 3JX (Tel: 091 386 2326) to whom they should be returned by Monday 23rd November 1987.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL

This is an established private 120 bed hospital in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. Applications are invited from suitably qualified personnel in the following fields:

HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATOR
MATRON
ORTHOPAEDIC SURGEON
SPECIALIST DERMATOLOGIST
SRN NURSE
HOUSEKEEPING SUPERVISOR

Benefits include long-term contracts, paid annual leave, tax-free salaries, free furnished accommodation and paid airfares.

Please write with full cv to:
ATS INTERNATIONAL RECRUITMENT LTD.
73 SURREY ROAD,
KINGSTON
SURREY, KT1 2HG
TEL 01 541 1211

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

HEALTH CARE

BRITISH PAEDIATRIC ASSOCIATION
Appointment of
SECRETARY
to the Association

Applications are invited for the post of Secretary to the British Paediatric Association (BPA), the national professional association for children's medical specialists. The duties of the post include the management of the headquarters and secretariat (currently 11); substantial responsibilities for committees, and contact with the BPA's membership of approximately 2000 doctors. The Association is looking for breadth of experience.

Salary in the range £18-20,000

Further particulars are available from the Honorary Secretary, 5 St Andrew's Place, London NW1 4LB (01-486 6151) to whom applications, giving the names and addresses of three referees, should be submitted by 20 November.

CONTROLLER OF DEVELOPMENT
AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

£34,500

Ambitious plans are in hand for the development of land and infrastructure of the Borough for the benefit of the community. We have created this post to play a major role in the way these plans progress and to ensure that services are adequately prepared for this challenge.

Other challenges include:-

The need to respond to the threat posed by the private sector to traditional Council Services: The greater emphasis on performance - real performance - not just ditches, and first rate service to match;

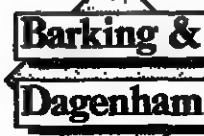
Management of diverse groups of professionals including Planners, Engineers, Architects, as well as managers covering Parks and Leisure, Highways and Cleansing to name but a few.

We have already taken some key decisions and have made resource provision to get you started. The shape of what is to follow is up to you.

Any number of professional qualifications would be appropriate: we are therefore not restricting this post to any given discipline. Above all we are looking for proven management experience, sound leadership and team building skills, determination, vision and flexibility.

The salary package will be worth up to £34,500 which includes car allowance. Extra payments are made for evening meetings; a car leasing scheme is under consideration and full relocation expenses up to £4000 are available in appropriate cases.

Further details and application form from Town Clerk's Department, London Borough of Barking and Dagenham, Civic Centre, Dagenham, Essex. Tel: 01-592 4500 x 2355. Closing Date 23rd November 1987.



An Equal Opportunity Employer

LIVERPOOL SCHOOL OF TROPICAL MEDICINE
Lecturer/Senior Lecturer
Health Services Development
(Research)

Applications are invited for a new 3 year appointment in the Department of International Community Health for a Health Services Research worker. The person appointed to this unusual post would have teaching and research responsibilities within the department but would be largely concerned with neighbouring Wirral District Health Authority. In this role the appointee would have an honorary appointment with Wirral and be responsible to the Director of Community Medicine. The office would link when relevant with the Management, Information Systems, Health Economics and other groups within the department.

Applicants could be from a range of disciplines and would be expected to have had postgraduate qualifications and experience in health services research. Knowledge and experience within the NHS essential. Communication, quantitative, and teaching skills an advantage.

Appointment could be made at the Lecturer/Senior Lecturer salary level according to experience. Enquiries and applications with the names of three referees should be sent to:

Professor K.W. Newell
Department of International Community Health
Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine
Pembroke Place
Liverpool L3 5QA

Applications close on 13th November 1987

Angel Ash
international
recruitment

We currently have vacancies in Saudi Arabia and the U.A.E. Applications from Consultants/Physicians, S.R.N.'s and all related personnel are urgently required.

Biomedical Engineers	5 yrs exp	28K
Radiologists	5 yrs exp	36K
Neurologist	3 yrs MRCP	34K
Dermatologist	3 yrs	32K
Audiometrist	HNC 2 yrs	11K
E.C.G. technician	City & Guilds	11K
Accountant (Arab speaking)		24K

and many other vacancies

Tel: Kathy Johnson
01 408 1444 Mon - Fri
0795 76392 Eves + W/ends
70-71 New Bond Street
London W1Y 9DE
ENGLAND
Telex: 296364 ASBG
Fax: 01 629 8644

ROYAL SOCIETY
OF MEDICINE

Applications are invited for the post of Medical Services Secretary, a senior appointment with responsibility to the Executive Director for planning all medical meetings of the Society at home or abroad. The successful applicant will be medically qualified and should be able to demonstrate experience of organising meetings within the medical academic environment.

An ability to communicate effectively at senior levels with colleagues in university departments, hospitals, research institutes and in industries allied to medicine is essential. The Society expects to appoint someone between the ages of 45 and 55 and the salary will be negotiable.

Applications should be received before 19 November. They should be accompanied by a CV and be sent to the Executive Director's Office, 1 Wimpole Street, London W1M 8AE.

WOODLEIGH
NURSING HOME

WOODLANDS DRIVE, RAWDON

Opening mid-November, requires caring and conscientious

STAFF NURSES

for full or part time day duty (plus 2 nights per week). Hours negotiable. Excellent rates of pay and working conditions.

Please contact the Matron on Leeds 507914 or 753355 evenings

CROYDON HEALTH AUTHORITY
TRAINEE NURSE
OPPORTUNITIES FOR
MEN AND WOMEN
JANUARY AND MAY 1988

We have vacancies for trainees in Nursing the Mentally Ill (May 1988) General Nursing, and Nursing the Mentally Handicapped (Jan and May 1988).

You need 5 'O' levels (grades A, B or C) or the equivalent eg CSE Grade 1. One of the passes must be in English. The age range we are looking for is 18-45 and you must be physically fit too.

We can offer you first rate training in modern facilities with an emphasis on community based nursing. Bedsit type accommodation is available on the hospital sites.

When you're not nursing, Croydon offers you a superb shopping centre and excellent leisure facilities. Central London and open countryside are 30 minutes away by bus or train.

To find out more or arrange an informal visit please ring 01-684 6999 ext 3480 (General), 0883 46411 ext 114 (Mental Handicap, St Lawrence's Hospital, Caterham) or 0883 2101 ext 11 (Mental Illness, Warrington Park Hospital).

For our brochure please write to Miss J Gardner, Croydon School of Nursing, Mayday Hospital, Thornton Heath, Surrey, CR0 7YE.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

CORPORATION OF
LONDON
SENIOR LEGAL
ASSISTANT

Applications are invited for the post of Senior Legal Assistant in the Comptroller and City Solicitor's Office of the Corporation.

The salary is £11,439.00 to £16,283.00 inclusive, with a pay award pending. The post offers a variety of work in the Litigation Section of the Office, with an emphasis on two areas: employment law and the renewal of business tenancies under Part II of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1954.

Applications will be considered from legal executives or other suitably experienced persons. Benefits include generous holidays, staff luncheon facilities and an interest-free loan for London Transport/British Rail Annual Season Tickets.

To find out more about this position please telephone Michele McAllister on 01 260-1697. If you only require a job description and application form, please telephone 01-260-1686 or write to Corporation of London, Comptroller and City Solicitor's Office, P.O. Box 270, Guildhall, London EC2P 2EL, quoting ref. L810.

The closing date for the receipt of completed application forms is 18th November 1987.

SHEFFIELD COUNCIL
Working for a better City

CHIEF BUYER
PO2f/g £14,301 - £16,773

POST NO. 275
FINANCE, ADMINISTRATION AND TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION

We are looking for someone special! An enthusiastic and experienced Buyer is required to lead a team of 12. He/she will have had extensive experience in obtaining materials and services connected with New Construction and Building Maintenance Work in both the Building and Highways Industries.

Applicants must be able to demonstrate a proven track record in a similar environment and possess excellent negotiating skills. A high degree of initiative is also required together with good communication skills; an ability to motivate staff; and a positive and innovative approach to work.

The post also has responsibility for Stores and the knowledge of a computerised stores system would be advantageous although not essential. A Computerised Purchasing Package should be operational in the Department within the next 12 months and the Chief Buyer will play a major role in getting this project off the ground.

Sheffield Works Department is the Direct Labour Organisation for the City of Sheffield, having a turnover of approximately £80 million per year, and purchases goods and services to the value of £25 million. A casual car user allowance is payable. Relocation expenses are available in appropriate cases.

For an informal chat about any aspect of the post, please contact Marilyn Hale, on 0742 - 734412.

APPLICATION FORMS AND JOB DESCRIPTION ARE AVAILABLE FROM SHEFFIELD FIELD WORKS DEPARTMENT, PERSONNEL SECTION, MANOR LANE, SHEFFIELD S2 1TR. TEL: 0742 735229. Closing date: 18th November.

An Equal Opportunity Employer

DUMFRIES and GALLOWAY covers an area of outstanding natural beauty incorporating a pleasant coastline and attractive rural environment together with an expanding industrial base. The region is well served by educational facilities, leisure pursuits and as our housing costs are lower than in most other areas of the U.K., it provides an excellent area in which to live.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS
£8559 - £10,647

If you are interested in developing your occupational therapy skills then we can provide the opportunity in a progressive Social Work Department committed to expanding services to the handicapped and elderly.

At present there are 4 vacancies, 2 full-time (based in Dumfries and Kirkcaldy) and 2 part-time (based in Annan and Stranraer) with the part-time posts pro-rata to the above salary scale.

Ideally we are looking for Occupational Therapists with a couple of years experience but would be interested to hear from newly qualified Occupational Therapists or someone returning to work who would welcome experienced leadership.

Applicants must have an Occupational Therapy Diploma and if possible be State Registered.

Benefits include an essential users car allowance (driving licence essential), assisted car purchase and car leasing, and generous assistance with relocation where appropriate.

For an informal discussion please call Margaret Hutchings, Senior Occupational Therapist, Telephone (0387) 63022. Closing date for applications 29 November 1987. Please quote post reference 12/24.

Application forms are available from:-

The Regional Manpower Services Officer
Dumfries & Galloway Regional Council
Council Offices, Dumfries, DG1 2DD or
by telephoning (0387) 53141 Ext. 259.

DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY

WALTHAM FOREST HEALTH AUTHORITY
PERSONNEL
MANAGER

ACUTE HOSPITALS SERVICE
Salary: Up to £17,993 (pay award pending)

Can you contribute to the management of an essential service which has an insatiable appetite for ability, energy and initiative?

If so, applications are invited from experienced professionals to head the personnel function in this large Acute Hospitals Service (including Whips Cross and Wanstead Hospitals), serving North East London.

The post holder will provide a full input into the work of the Management Team and will be expected to review and develop the Personnel Service. The Health Authority is committed to developing Equal Opportunities and personnel planning strategies.

Informal enquiries welcome - written applications to Mrs. S.A. Fayers, Personnel Department, Whips Cross Hospital. 01- 539 5522 extension 279

01-481 1000
TEMPORARY SENIOR EN
£11,805 -
01-481 1000
NORTHAMPTONSHIRE
SCHOOL OF NURSING
An Equal Opportunity Employer
St Crispin Hospital
STUDENT NURSE
TRAINING FOR
REGISTERED
MENTAL NURSING
A CAREER IN
PSYCHIATRIC
NURSING
Places available in January
1988 for 3 year course
leading to the R.M.N.
Certificate based at St.
Crispin Hospital,
Northampton.
Applicants should possess
5 'O' levels (Grade A, B or
C) or entrance test may be
taken by mature students.
Ring David Garrity (Senior
Tutor), Northampton S2232
extension 345 for details,
or write to Central Nurse
Recruitment Office, C/O
School of Nursing, General
Hospital, Billing Road,
Child Care
Solicitor
Barrister

01-481 1066

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

01-481 1066

DUMFRIES and GALLOWAY covers an area of outstanding natural beauty combining a pleasant coastline and attractive rural environment together with an expanding industrial base. The Region is well served by educational facilities, leisure pursuits and with housing costs lower than in most other areas of the U.K., it provides an excellent area in which to live.

TEMPORARY ENGINEER/ SENIOR ENGINEERS

£11,805 - £14,319
(Bar at £12,897)

These posts offer exciting and challenging opportunities for Chartered Civil Engineers within a progressive Roads and Transportation Department committed to improving services to the community. The Department is engaged in a large and varied programme of interesting schemes on both Trunk and Regional Roads and offers excellent experience to design, construction and transportation engineers.

Although these posts will initially be offered for approximately 2 years, it is anticipated that there is a probability of extension thereafter.

At present we are looking for engineers with experience in the following areas:-

- The design and construction of highways
- bridges and highway structures, design and construction
- transportation and traffic management.

Benefits include an essential car users allowance (driving licence essential), car purchase and car leasing schemes and generous assistance with removal expenses.

For an informal discussion, please call Ian Jordan on (0387) 53141 ext. 227.

Closing date is 20 November 1987

It is anticipated that interviews will be held on 30 November 1987

Please quote post reference 11/135 - 9

Application forms are available from the Regional Manpower Services, Officer, Dumfries and Galloway Regional Council, Council Offices, Dumfries DG1 2DD or by telephoning (0387) 53141 ext. 259



**DUMFRIES
& GALLOWAY**



PORTSMOUTH department of architecture and civic design

This multi-professional department has a major commitment of both City and County work in all areas of building activity.

Architect Up to £14,300

Portsmouth is a City with an exciting future and a wide variety of work restoring an historic town, providing new buildings and generating fresh ideas for the City's changing image as a major continental ferry port and tourist centre based on its considerable Maritime Heritage.

The department is equipped with Micro Cadam CAD and would require some expertise in this field.

Application form and further particulars including details of the City Council's removal scheme available from Ken Norrish FRIBA, FRSA, City Architect, Civic Offices, Guildhall Square, Portsmouth PO1 2AT. Tel (0705) 834667.

Applications by 13 November 1987



PERSONNEL OFFICER

Salary £15,000 (under review)

The Museum of London requires a Personnel Officer to develop and maintain a comprehensive personnel service to include salary administration, recruitment, conditions of service and training. The post-holder will also be involved in raising and developing employee relations and other personnel matters.

The successful candidate will have 3-5 years experience in Personnel Administration, and will have managed a small personnel team. Knowledge of employment legislation, equal opportunities and job evaluation techniques is also essential. Familiarity with local government conditions of service is desirable.

Further details and an application form are available from:

Personnel Officer, Museum of London, 150 London Wall, London EC2M 5TW.

Tel: 600 3000 ext. 212. (Accessphone service available).

Closing date for completed applications: 20 November 1987.

COUNTY ARCHITECT'S DEPARTMENT LAND AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT/ LANDSCAPE SERVICES

The Landscape and Site Development Section of the County Architect's Department is being restructured to accommodate the Authority's objective of rationalising property and maximising its capital receipts. The Section is also responsible for land surveying and landscape design for building projects.

PRINCIPAL LAND AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

(Post No. A0029X)

£17,976 - £19,479 (SM2)

You will represent the Department on an inter-department working group to review the Authority's land holdings. You will be a qualified, and experienced professional officer of an appropriate discipline i.e. LA, RIBA, RICS, and must possess an imaginative approach to the development of property, architecture, environmental and landscape design.

SENIOR SITE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER

(Post No. A0043X)

Grade PO4 £13,506 to £14,789

This is a new post and you will be expected to play a key role in implementing the work of the Section. You will be professionally qualified in a relevant discipline and must be capable of undertaking feasibility studies and of taking projects through the inception to completion.

Further details and application forms, returnable by 20 November 1987 are available from the County Architect, County Hall, Dorchester, Dorset DT1 1JL. Telephone (0305) 204403.

Please quote the post number.



RESEARCH APPOINTMENTS DIPLOMATIC SERVICE

in the Research Department, (East European Section) of the Foreign and Commonwealth Office in London, which contributes to the formulation of policy advice by conducting research into past and current issues and conducting in-depth studies on matters of current political interest.

You must have a degree preferably with 1st or upper 2nd class honours (where divided) or a post-graduate degree. A good knowledge and understanding of the political systems, international relations, general economic policies and some knowledge of the culture and history of Eastern Europe are required. A knowledge of

at least one East European language is necessary (Serbo-Croat would be an advantage) and a knowledge of French and/or German is desirable.

Salary £8810 - £12,085. Starting salary according to qualifications and experience. Promotion prospects.

Opportunities to serve overseas.

For further information and an application form (to be returned by 4 December 1987) write to Civil Service Commission, Personnel Unit, Basingstoke, Hants RG21 1LB, or telephone Basingstoke (0256) 466551 (consuming service operates outside office hours). Please quote ref: G/7389.

The Civil Service is an equal opportunity employer.

Senior Assistant Solicitor

Salary Negotiable up to £15,966 per annum (£16,329 p.a. from 1 February 1988) with a further review under consideration.

Plus we will offer you these benefits:

- Performance related pay of up to 10% of annual salary
- Free private medical care scheme
- House purchase assistance scheme
- Recently updated relocation package
- Professional membership subscriptions
- Lease car at very generous rates
- Flexi time working arrangements

This is an ideal opportunity for a motivated and enthusiastic solicitor keen to gain varied experience in the busy legal section of a local authority situated in an attractive country town. Previous post holders have invariably used the experience gained in the post to progress to more senior posts in local government and elsewhere.

You will be directly responsible to the Chief Solicitor and carry major responsibility for the Authority's legal service. You will make a personal contribution in widely varying work including planning appeals, enforcement action, litigation and in property matters which embraces extensive town centre schemes.

A willingness to undertake advocacy at inquiries and in court is essential.

You can have an informal discussion by calling Martin Harris, Chief Solicitor on (0892) 26121 Ext 231 and you can obtain an application form and job description by ringing Jerima Edridge or Teresa Carney on Ext 153 or write to the Personnel Service, Town Hall, Tunbridge Wells, TN11 1RS.

Closing date for receipt of completed application forms: 25th November, 1987

TUNBRIDGE WELLS BOROUGH COUNCIL

EXPERT SYSTEMS IN SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

14-18 December at
RMCS (Cranfield) Shrivenham

Do you want to know more about one of the most important new areas of current technology?

Expert Systems can help you make the right decisions more quickly - saving time and money.

Wide-ranging applications include engineering design and production, fault finding, project design and management, numerical analysis and software.

- * Hands on practical sessions and demonstrations
- * Invited lectures from leading specialists in the field
- * Comprehensive lecture notes
- * No previous knowledge assumed
- * Accommodation available
- * Course fees £500 (excluding accommodation)

For full details contact Mrs P M Moore, Computational Mathematics and Software Group, Royal Military College of Science, Shrivenham, Wiltshire SN6 6LA.

Tel (0793) 782551 ext 2317

EAST HAMPSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

SOLICITOR

(up to £16,368 per annum)
(£16,740 w.e.f. 1 February 1988)

Plus possible further performance related advancement by increments up to £17,870 per annum

AND Car

Wanted - a Solicitor to join a team of lawyers providing a comprehensive legal service to the Council. Experience of local government is not essential but the successful applicant will be expected to take on a 6 assignment including planning work, advocacy, litigation and responsibility for providing legal advice to various service committees of the Council.

Salary will, dependent on experience and ability, be within a range:-

(£14,801 - £15,587) OR (£15,162 - £16,368)

(£14,825 - £15,921) * OR (£15,507 - £16,740) *

* w.e.f. 1 February 1988

There may be prospects for further advancement based on outstanding performance.

The Council's offices are situated on the outskirts of Petersfield, in a superb setting amidst rolling downland. There are good road and rail links with London and the South Coast.

Other benefits include:-

- FREE CAR LEASING SCHEME

- MORTGAGE SUBSIDY/MORTGAGE EQUITY SCHEME

- ENDOWMENT SUBSIDY

- BRIDGING LOAN

- REMOVAL AND DISTURBANCE ALLOWANCES

- PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE SCHEME

- PAYMENT OF PROFESSIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

- FLEXIBLE WORKING HOURS

- SPORTS AND RECREATION FACILITIES

For further particulars and an application form please contact Jean Passingham tel. 0730 66551 ext. 214 or write to me at the address below.

If you would like an informal discussion about any aspects of the post please contact me on the above telephone number extension 220.

Robert Butler, Solicitor to the Council, East Hampshire District Council, Pinnis Place, Curdridge Road, Petersfield, Hants. GU31 4EX.

Closing date for receipt of applications is 20 November 1987.

SENIOR ECONOMIC ADVISER

£12,018-£17,275 pa (Scales 18/23)

NAHA is the representative organisation for health authorities. We offer a range of services to the NHS including policy development, representation, publications and conferences.

Following a major review, we are now embarking on a development programme. This new post will be a key appointment on the financial side of our work. The Senior Economic Adviser will take the lead in policy formulation and developing the Association's policies on NHS financial issues.

We are looking for an economist with a good degree and relevant research experience. The postholder must have commitment, good communication skills and be able to present the Association's policies to a wide range of audiences including MPs and the Government.

Application forms and further details are available from Philip Hunt, Director, NAHA, Garth House, 47 Edgbaston Park Road, Birmingham B15 2RS. Telephone 021-471 4444.

Closing date for applications: Friday, 20 November, 1987.

NAHA is an equal opportunities employer.

The National Association of Health Authorities. (NAHA)

Financial Controller

PO (34-37)

£12,862 - £13,690

(£13,173 - £14,205 on 1.2.88)

The Financial Controller will manage the Support Services Division of the Technical Services Department.

The Technical Services Department provides Building Control, Highways, Sewerage, Cleaning and various other Engineering Services, Planning, and Recreation and Amenity Services. The support Services Division provides financial monitoring, programming, typing, filing and reception services for the Department.

The person appointed will assist with the overall management of the Department and will provide a financial advisory and co-ordination service to the Director and Divisional Heads. Applicants must have previous local government or similar experience with a financial background; be familiar with computerised financial systems and be aware of the needs of a Technical Services Department.

Regis lies in pleasant countryside in the heart of England with easy access to all parts of the country via road and rail links. In addition to the salary quoted, the Council offers:

- relocation expenses (up to £2,500)
- possible Council housing
- car loan scheme
- 3 year salary reviews

For an informal discussion about the post, please contact Mr C D Smith, Director of Technical Services on ext 701.

Application form and further details available from The Personnel Unit, Chief Executive's Department, Town Hall, Essex Way, Rugby, Warwickshire CV21 2LB. Tel: Rugby 533535 ext 574.

Closing date: 13th November 1987

RUGBY BOROUGH COUNCIL IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES EMPLOYER

RUGBY BOROUGH COUNCIL

HEBERDEN COIN ROOM ASHMOLEAN MUSEUM

Assistant Keepership.

Applications are invited for an Assistant Keepership of either Greek or Roman coins, from 1 January 1988 or by agreement as soon as practicable thereafter. The appointment is for 6 years in the first instance, with the possibility of reappointment to the retiring age (of 65). Stipend will be according to age on the scale £9,305 (at age 24) to £19,440 (at age 42), (under review), with membership of the Universities Superannuation Scheme. The duties of Assistant Keepers are laid down by decree. It is expected that the successful candidate will be appointed to a part-time University Lectureship in either Greek or Roman Numismatics.

Applications, with curriculum vitae and the names of two referees who can comment on the candidate's academic work, should be sent to:

The Keeper, Heberden Coin Room, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford OX1 2PH,

marked 'Assistant Keepership', by 1 December 1987.

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA PROCESSING AND SYSTEMS MANAGER

Applications invited from qualified and experienced persons for this important new senior appointment. The ADPSM will be responsible for providing a data processing system covering the whole of the University Administration and meeting the needs of the academic departments.

Salary not less than £22,050 p.a.

Further particulars available from the Registrar and Secretary, University of Bristol, Senate House, Bristol BS1 1YK in whom applications should be sent not later than 16th November.

Please quote ref JHMP.

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Child Care Solicitor or Barrister

Up to £14,301

We urgently need a solicitor or barrister to help us with the increase in legal proceedings for the protection of children.

This is a busy area of work. But the demands are stimulating and you will find considerable satisfaction in working with health and social services to secure a better future for deprived children.

If you are about to qualify, have just qualified or are an experienced solicitor or barrister looking for a challenging change and with an interest in advocacy we welcome your application. Training will be given.

We offer flexible working hours, 4/5 weeks holiday, car loan, generous allowances and the opportunity to work in a friendly office in this attractive County. If you want to find out more please ring Judith Allright, Senior Assistant Solicitor (ext. 3060) or Oliver Holder, Assistant County Secretary (ext. 3006).

Application Forms from the County Secretary and Solicitor, County Hall, Trowbridge BA14 8JN. Tel. 02214 3641 ext. 3007.

Closing date for applications: 15th November, 1987.

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THE PLACE is South Devon bounded on the south by beautiful coastal and creek scenery and extending inland into Dartmoor National Park. THE CHALLENGE to promote the high quality image for this area of Outstanding Natural Beauty and Heritage whilst being sensitive to the local needs.

THE PERSON we are looking for is a highly motivated applicant who needs to be both creative, resilient and capable of achieving maximum effectiveness for the progressive policies of the area.

THE PACKAGE salary up to £15,100 per annum plus car allowance and assistance with relocation expenses.

Further details and application form (returnable by Friday, 27th November 1987) are available from the Personnel Section, South Hams District Council, Follaton House, Plymouth Road, Totnes, Devon, TQ8 5NE. Tel: Totnes (0800) 854493 Ext. 150.

SOUTH HAMS is South Devon

HEALTH CARE

TOWER HAMLETS HEALTH AUTHORITY THE LONDON HOSPITAL (WHITECHAPEL)

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The successful applicant will be able to work within a multi-disciplinary team, and be willing to participate in the setting up of a primary nursing system for the Unit.

For an informal visit please contact Miss J Carroll, Infection Practice Manager Tel. 01 377 7000, Bleep 1281.

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We are currently recruiting for Registered General Nurses with or without theatre experience who wish to develop their theatre technique and knowledge. Wide range of theatre experience available. Informal visits contact Mr. David Holden, Theatre Manager, on 377 7655.

Application forms from Mrs. D. Williams, Senior Nurse, Personnel, The Old House, The London Hospital, Whitechapel, London, E1 1BB. Tel. 01 377 7337. TT 311.

CLOSING DATE FOR APPLICATIONS: Nov. 11, 1987.

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Salary circa £23,000 (Under review)

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Our Director is leaving in early 1988 and we are seeking another dynamic achiever of the highest calibre to spearhead the organisation. We want a self motivated individual with commercial acumen and excellent communication and presentation skills. The successful candidate will be able to show a record of success in management positions at a senior level and have the personality, maturity, competence and energy to deal effectively with a wide variety of issues and organisations.

In addition to a competitive salary we offer to the right person the opportunity to further shape and drive forward an organisation which has proven an significant growth potential.

To express initial interest please contact Kate Mackay, Director, on 01 671 7833 or Gary Sammers, Chairman, on 01 583 5000 ext 3325 or write for further details to SOVA, Brixton Hill Place, London SW2 1HJ. Please mark all envelopes "PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE DIRECTOR".

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES EMPLOYER

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL

PARLIAMENTARY LIAISON OFFICER

Amnesty International British Section is seeking a Parliamentary Liaison Officer. This challenging new post will require an energetic and resourceful person to devise and implement strategies to bring human rights to the forefront of political debate. This person will establish links between the British Section's local groups and human rights experts and government, parliament, embassies and the EEC.

Commitment to the aims of Amnesty International is essential and experience of lobbying and working with voluntary groups is desirable. This post will require some evening and weekend work.

Amnesty International is an equal opportunities employer.

Salary: starting at £10,992 rising in 6 annual increments to £14,736

L.V.s: £1.20 per day

Job description and application form (please send SAE) from:

Annabel Harris, Amnesty International British Section, 5 Roberts Place, off Bowling Green Lane, London EC1R 0EJ

Closing date for receipt of completed applications: 4 December 1987

Interviews will be held on 15 December 1987

The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors

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Salary package based on £25,000.

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Details from Mrs. Brenda Baker, RICS, 12 Great George Street, London SW1P 3AD. Telephone (01) 222 7000 Ext. 212.

Applications to be returned by 16 November 1987.

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North London

The success of the ICRF depends on the funds we raise. The people involved in our regional networks provide a vital lead to all the individuals and groups who contribute to this effort.

We plan to expand our activities in this region. An enthusiastic person with the ability to get things done and a commitment to the charity is required to co-ordinate and promote a wide range of fund-raising and public relations functions, throughout this area.

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will assist the Group Legal Adviser in a wide range of work including acquisitions and disposals (both shares and businesses), commercial agreements, intellectual property, and food legislation (including media advertising). The legal department works in an informal atmosphere and independence will be encouraged, with sole responsibility for specific areas being delegated as the lawyer gains the expertise required. The position offers the opportunity to acquire first-class commercial experience.

A generous salary will be paid, together with a company car and the usual large-company benefits. For more information, telephone Sonya Rayner or write to her with your c.v.

Chambers

74 Long Lane, London, EC1A 3ET
Tel: 6962182 (01) 606 9371 Fax (01) 600 1798

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Working in our Legal Section you will provide a full legal service to the Council, advising both Senior Officers and Members. Your workload will be appreciable and varied incorporating responsibility for advising and taking the Housing Committee as representative of the Chief Executive, advising the Council on their power to prosecute, preparing and conducting cases plus representing the Council at Planning Inquiries and Tribunals.

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Salary up to £14,301 (12.8% up to £14,825) 75% Award pending.

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Interested? Please write to discuss your application or ask for a job description and application form from:

The Personnel Officer, 12 Dunstable Street, Amptill, Bedfordshire MK45 2AL. Telephone (0525) 470251 ext 287 or after hours (6pm - 9pm) on Bedford (0234) 49803. Closing date for applications is 20th November 1987.

"The Chambers of Mr John Hoggett Q.C., 40 Kings Street Manchester 2, (formerly 460 The Royal Exchange, Manchester 2, sec 1)

- (1) An established practitioner or qualified officer in the field of Local Government Law/Planning Law;
- (2) An established practitioner in the field of crime.

Applications with c.v. to the Head of Chambers

COMMERCIAL
LAWYER

Travers Smith Braithwaite is looking for an enthusiastic young lawyer with common sense and an interest in commercial matters to join its expanding commercial law group. Applicants should be able to offer up to two years' relevant experience since qualifying.

The group deals with a wide range of commercial matters with an emphasis on intellectual property and competition law. The former category includes advising on and drafting licences and other documents relating to trade marks, patents, copyright and many novel contracts relating to computer technology. The competition law practice involves advising on EEC and UK competition law, OFT and MMC procedure and all relevant aspects of take-overs and mergers.

The work of the commercial group offers great variety and interest in an informal atmosphere where you will have a real opportunity to participate in its development.

If you are already practising in this area of the law, or are interested in developing expertise in this type of work, please telephone or write to John Longdon at:

Travers Smith Braithwaite
6 Snow Hill, London EC1A 2AL
01-248 9133

TRAVERS SMITH
BRAITHWAITE

Woman to be evicted after 50 years

Sefton Holdings Ltd v Cairns
Before Lord Justice Lloyd and
Sir Rouseley Cumming-Bruce
(Judgment November 2)

Whether a person was entitled to succeed to a statutory tenancy on the death of the first successor of the original protected or statutory tenant, within the meaning of section 2 of and paragraph 7 of Schedule 1 to the Rent Act 1977, depended on that person being a member of the deceased's family and not merely living as a member of the family or being a member of the household.

The Court of Appeal so held when it allowed the appeal of the plaintiff landlords, Sefton Holdings Ltd, against the decision of Judge Downey at Liverpool County Court on August 11, 1987, when she dismissed their claim for possession of the dwelling house, 49 Cherry Avenue, Walton, Liverpool, from the defendant, Miss Florence Cairns.

Miss Bernadette Goodman for the plaintiff landlords, Miss Linda Pearce for the defendant.

LORD JUSTICE LLOYD said that the plaintiffs let the premises to the original tenant in 1939-1941 when the house was built. He died in 1965, his daughter succeeded to the tenancy and she died in 1986.

The defendant came to live with the family in 1941, aged 23; she was single, both parents had died, her boyfriend had just been killed in the war, and the daughter had asked her parents to take her in. They treated her as their own daughter. She was now aged 70 and had lived in the same house since 1941.

His Lordship said that the defendant was clearly residing with the deceased daughter (of the original tenant) at the time

of her death, but the question was whether she was a member of her family within the terms of the 1977 Act.

No court could but sympathise with a woman aged 70 who was in danger of being turned out of the house where she had resided for nearly 50 years, but the court had to apply the law, it had been held over and over again that the word "family" in this context had to be given its ordinary everyday meaning.

The present case was covered by the passage in the judgment of Lord Justice Russell in *Ross v Collins* ([1964] 1 WLR 425, 432) which was expressly approved of by the House of Lords in *Joram Developments Ltd v Joram* ([1979] 1 WLR 928, 931).

There was no doubt that the defendant and the deceased regarded each other as sisters, but the fact remained that in 1940 when the defendant was taken in, she was taken in as a stranger.

However long she lived with the family and was treated kindly by them, she did not and could not become a member of the deceased daughter's family. The length of residence could not transform her into a member of the family.

Miss Pearce submitted that she became at any rate a member of the parents' family by adoption, and it was clear, in his Lordship's view, that *de facto* adoption was enough to make a child a member of the family; but the court had to ask whether she was a member of the deceased's family, not that of the parents.

Nor was there any decided authority which held that the protection of the 1977 Act covered a *de facto* adoption of

an adult. It could not be said that the defendant was brought up as a child of the family, and she had not become a member by adoption whether *de facto* or *de jure*.

In approaching the present case, his Lordship bore in mind the distinction drawn by Viscount Dilhorne in the *Joram Developments* case, at p.932, between being a member of the family and being a member of the household, and the distinction between being a member of the family and living as a member of the family. Clearly, the defendant was a member of the family, and the appeal had to be allowed.

SIR ROUSELEY CUMMING-BRUCE, agreeing, said it was clear that the defendant became a member of the household.

Throughout the mounting line of cases, there was no case in which a court found it possible to identify the necessary ingredient or quality that distinguished a family nucleus from a nucleus which was less than familial.

Being a member of the family was different from being treated as a member of the family.

Solicitors: R. H. Vyner, Brooks & Co, Liverpool; Ashby Cornforth & Co, Liverpool.

Relationship stable enough for tenancy

Chios Investment Property Co Ltd v Lopez

Where the facts showed that an occupant's relationship with a deceased protected or statutory tenant had reached a sufficient state of permanence and stability for it to be said that in all the circumstances he was a member of the original tenant's family, the occupant was entitled to succeed to the statutory tenancy within the terms of paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 to the Rent Act 1977.

The Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Parker and Sir George Waller) so held on October 28 when they dismissed the plaintiff company's appeal from the decision of Mr Assistant Recorder Mann, QC, who, on March 2, 1987, at Bloomsbury County Court held that the defendant, Miss Arraz Lopez, was the statutory tenant of the

plaintiff's flat in succession to Mr Sharaf El-Din, she being a member of his family and residing with him at the time of and for a period of six months immediately before his death.

SIR GEORGE WALLER said that, although it was submitted that the relationship of only two years should have resulted in a different conclusion, there could be no rule about length of time, the longer the relationship the easier it would be to infer permanence.

There was no reason for interfering with the judge's conclusions and he had applied the correct test. The instant case was most exceptional and should not be regarded as a precedent entitling courts to draw a similar inference from a similar short period of time unless there were wholly exceptional circumstances.

Potential prejudice insufficient to establish forgery offence

Crown Court (Judge Percy and a jury) on one count of conspiring to use false instruments, namely Trans World Airlines tickets and miscellaneous charging orders, contrary to section 1(1) of the Criminal Law Act 1977.

Section 3 of the 1981 provides: "It is an offence for a person to use... an instrument which is, and which he knows or believes to be, false, with the intention of inducing somebody to accept it as genuine, and by reason of so accepting it to do or not to do some act to his own or any other person's prejudice."

Section 10 provides: "...for the purposes of this part of this Act an act or omission intended to be induced is to a person's prejudice if, and only if, it is one which, if it occurs - (a) will result - (i) in his temporary or permanent loss of property..."

Mr David Lederman, assigned by the Registrar for

Criminal Appeals, for the appellant, Mr Nicholas Coleman for the Crown.

LORD JUSTICE RUSSELL said that the judge failed to give any direction to the jury as to double intention and, as far as the summing up dealt with passengers, it introduced their "inconvenience and upset", considerations outside the scope of section 10.

Furthermore potential prejudice was insufficient and the use of the words that passengers were "clearly persons who could well have been prejudiced" was inappropriate as section 10 contained the words "will result".

Having regard to the complete absence of an appropriate direction it was not a suitable case to apply the proviso to section 2(1) of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968.

Solicitors: Crown Prosecution Service, Acton.

SENIOR LEGAL ADVISER
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South Coast

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Based in Kent and working largely on his/her own initiative, but reporting to Translink's Head of Legal Services, the successful candidate will become quickly involved in all aspects of the Channel Tunnel Project, the largest Construction Venture ever known in the U.K. Whilst experience in the construction industry would be an advantage, emphasis will be placed on sound commercial experience and an ability to deal with a large number of important matters within tight time constraints.

This is a key appointment and it is unlikely that applicants with less than 4 years post qualification experience will be considered.

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admission experience, preferably gained with a major City firm or a comparable provincial practice. Remuneration will be generous and will reflect ability and commitment. An early invitation to join the partnership is envisaged for the successful candidate.

If you wish to apply for this appointment, or to discuss your suitability, please write to or telephone John Hamilton quoting JH191 to:

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Tel: (0483) 574814

JHA

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LEGAL ADVISERS

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The principal duties of the successful applicant will be the giving of telephone advice on all aspects of commercial and personal legal problems and as the service is offered on a 24 hour basis the candidate will therefore have an opportunity to work flexible hours from the Group's Sutton headquarters.

The successful candidate will also have an opportunity to become involved in the Group's more specialised activities such as intellectual property matters and some knowledge of this particular field would be an advantage.

Salary is dependent upon age and experience but will reflect the high level of professionalism required and the commitment to providing a round-the-clock service.

Please forward c.v. to:

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The Legal Protection
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Marshall's Court
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Application form and Job description may be obtained from the Regional Personnel Department, Thrift House, Collington Avenue, BEXHILL ON SEA, East Sussex TN39 3NQ. Telephone: (0424) 730073 Ext. 2062/2066. Closing Date: 20 November 1987. REF: 7286

CHAMBERS VACANCY

We are a busy set specialising in civil and general commercial work. Chambers were set up in October 1986 in newly refurbished and spacious premises with exceptional facilities. Due to the volume of good-quality work generated a vacancy now arises for a barrister of at least 6 years call.

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Mr Frederick Philpott & Mr Michael Douglas
9 Devereux Court,
London WC2R 3JJ

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

SENIOR LECTURERS/
LECTURERS IN LAW

Applications are invited for the posts of Senior Lecturer/Lecturer in the Department of Law. The Faculty of Law contains a Department of Law (for undergraduate studies leading to the LL.B. degree and a Master of Laws (LL.M.) programme) and a Department of Professional Legal Education (for practice-oriented studies leading to the Postgraduate Certificate in Law, undertaken by graduates intending to become lawyers).

Applicants should possess a degree in law, preferably a higher degree, and a proven interest in and capacity for research. Experience of practice in Hong Kong or a similar jurisdiction would be an additional thought not a necessary qualification. Applicants with any field of interest will be considered, although an interest in family law would be an advantage.

Annual Salaries (superannuable) are on the scales: Senior Lecturer:

HK\$292,320 to HK\$392,700 (9 points), approximately £22,340 to £30,210. Lecturer: HK\$188,040 to HK\$314,340 (11 points), approximately £14,460 to £24,180 - Sterling equivalent as at October 19 1987. Start-up salary will depend on qualifications and experience.

At current rates, salaries will not exceed 16 2/3% of gross income.

Housing benefits at a rental of 75% of salary, children's education allowances, leave, and medical benefits are provided.

Further particulars and application forms may be obtained from the Association of Commonwealth Universities (Appointments), 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PF, England, or from the Appointments Unit, Registry University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong.

Closed 3 January 1988.

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£8,664 TO £10,167

(WITH AN EARLY PROSPECT OF £13,545)

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Further details can be obtained by telephoning Mrs Ann Johnson on Fareham 232733/282909.

E D Boffis (Mr)
The Court House
Trinity Street
FAREHAM PO16 7SB

Group
Legal Officer

The growth of Elders Finance Group and the development of a regulatory framework for financial services necessitate a Group Legal Officer to ensure compliance with regulations and to provide advice and guidance to the Group's management on all legal matters. The jobholder will be expected to build and maintain links with the appropriate SROs and develop internal procedures which enable statutory requirements to be met.

We are looking for a Solicitor with 5 years relevant commercial experience, with exposure to the finance sector. A good working knowledge of recent legislation is also required.

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Applications to include a full CV, should be sent to the Personnel Manager, UK/Europe, Elders Finance Group Ltd., 73, Cornhill, London EC3V 3QQ.

Elders

ELDERS FINANCE GROUP
LIMITED

W

Principal
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APPOINTMENT
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Solicitor
CLERK TO THE JUSTICE
The Court House
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Meredith Scott

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Applicants should have a thorough knowledge in conveyancing, Landlord and Tenant Law and planning and compulsory purchase procedures/law. The successful candidate will handle a substantial volume of work including major property transactions, building agreements and the grant of commercial leases.

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Interested? Why not ask for an application form and job description or telephone Mike Bird, Principal Assistant Solicitor on Romford 46040, extension 3400 for an informal discussion.

An application form and job description may be obtained from the Controller of Administrative and Legal Services, Town Hall, Main Road, Romford, RM1 3BD.

Telephone: Romford 46040, Extensions 3012/3019.

Closing date for applications: 20th November 1987

WEST SUSSEX MAGISTRATES' COURT COMMITTEE
MID-SUSSEX DIVISION**APPOINTMENT OF
GRADUATE TRAINEE**(TRAINEE GRADE: SALARY UP TO £7,155
(Pay Award Pending))

A vacancy arises in the office of the Clerk to the Justices for the above division and offers an excellent opportunity to a young person wishing to embark on a career in the magistrature. Preference will be given to law graduates holding the qualification of solicitor or barrister.

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Applications marked 'confidential' stating age, education and qualifications, together with the names and addresses of two referees, should reach the undersigned not later than the 13th November 1987.

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Miranda Whitcombe on (0708) 606070 or
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Charners House, 425 Acrebury Boulevard,
Central Milton Keynes, MK9 2JL.**PRIVATE PRACTICE - LONDON****COMPANY/COMMERCIAL**
EC2

Continued expansion in the driving company commercial department has created 3 additional positions for lawyers with up to 3 years experience with this respected City firm. Working on a range of complex commercial transactions or alternatively specialising in corporate finance related matters, candidates will enjoy early responsibility for a demanding caseload and excellent prospects for career advancement.

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY
WC1

£18,000-£27,000

Two additional solicitors are sought for this expanding commercial property department. A recently qualified lawyer is required for wide ranging development and other commercial property work. Applicants should have some relevant experience gained during articles or post-qualification. In addition a 2 years qualified solicitor is sought to handle substantial Commercial Development matters. Previous experience in this field is essential.

CONSTRUCTION LAW
EC4

Opportunities currently exist for specialists in construction law within a major City firm now expanding its litigation department. The successful candidate must have substantial experience of High Court litigation, representing both commercial clients and public authorities, negotiating and drafting contracts related to civil engineering and building projects. Attractive and rewarding career prospects are available with a salary and benefits package to match.

PRIVATE CLIENT LAWYERS
E11

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Ivan Lendl will this week experience what life may have been like had he not chosen tennis

Puckish adventure for the master

Ivan Lendl has arranged to play in goal this week, but nobody will recognize him. He will be encased in the armour appropriate to his task, as he has persuaded one or two ice hockey stars to shoot pucks at him. The best tennis player in the business will thus have a concentrated sample of the goaltending role he suspects might have been his favourite alternative career.

"Since I was about three, my parents took me to watch hockey," he explained to an informal gathering of familiar scribes. "It's my favourite sport to watch." Evidently Lendl likes speed and an element of danger, because he also enjoys the motor racing scene, has spent a couple of hours at the wheel on the Porsche test track, and once clocked 160 mph. He even has a model race track set up in the basement of his Connecticut home.

In short, Lendl's active interest in sport extends far beyond tennis and golf. His affection for ice hockey and fast cars may be based on an affinity with split-second reactions. But it also sits oddly with the concern for health and fitness that governs much of his professional thinking. We must put him down as one of those men who respect the odds but believe that without the spice of calculated risk life would be less worth living.

"When I retire, I don't want it to be because of health problems," he said. "That's the saddest thing. On the physical side — strength and stamina — I have done about as much as I can. But psychology: that's unexplored. I be-

lieve the brain is a muscle, like any other, and can be improved." The way ahead for tennis, he considers, lies in psychology and in deeper medical study of diet and the volume and methods of practice.

Lendl has reached the top and stayed there because he is restless in his pursuit of improvement. But he may already be close to the peak.

Wild card Castle

Andrew Castle, Britain's No. 1, has been given one of the three wild card places into the Benson and Hedges £287,000 tournament at Wembley from November 10 to 13. The other two will be handed out later this week.

that point at which a man reaches the limit of his resources. The warning clouds gather when there is little progress to show for increasing physical and mental effort.

Bjorn Borg and John McEnroe went through that experience, though McEnroe has yet to admit — publicly, anyway — that his peak is behind him. "I haven't been blessed as much as McEnroe has," Lendl said. "He will always be remembered for his genius and his behaviour. But he's hurting his image, tennis-wise. He has to work harder but I don't think his body can take it. He talks about carrying on for about two years, but it wouldn't surprise me if it was only four months or so."

"McEnroe couldn't improve, before, because everything came so easily to him

and he wasn't willing to work. Borg was not as talented, even though he won Wimbledon five times — which was a tremendous achievement but a mystery to me."

Lendl has been runner-up at Wimbledon for the past two years: but he lost three United States finals before winning three. "I'm extremely steady on grass," he said. "Very solid. But I have not been able to lift my game — I can do it on other surfaces — when playing somebody who is playing unbelievably well."

Lendl needs Wimbledon. He would not be at peace with himself for the rest of his life, he said, unless he did everything in his power to complete a grand slam of the four major championships. He is going to Australia four weeks in advance. Aged 27, Lendl must achieve a grand slam soon or not at all.

Meantime, his domestic future remains, to some extent, in the pending tray. He may marry ("Samantha is extremely understanding"), but considers that one way or another it would be "cheating" to have children while he is travelling the world. "I like to do things 100 per cent," Lendl added.

That message has been coming through loud and clear for years. The surprising news concerned Lendl's ice hockey assignment. Lucky indeed will be the favoured few who watch the French and US champion fielding flying pucks instead of Boris Becker services.

Rex Bellamy



Familiar guise: Lendl on his way to another victory, against Meek, in Antwerp on Sunday

Returning to the fold after 48 years

By William Stephens

After an absence of 48 years, Cheltenham College today resumes its role as a rackets-playing school. Restoration work has recently been completed on a court which was last used in 1939, and the first ball since then will be struck by the headmaster, Richard Morgan.

The court is in the east wing of an elegant Victorian sports hall, which overlooks the cricket square on which Gloucestershire play at home during the Festival. The building was constructed in 1864 to house a rackets court at the end with a gymnasium between. During the Second World War the block was requisitioned by the War Department and used for storage and afterwards the west court was converted into a cricket pavilion while the east court was used as a workshop for the maintenance department.

Cheltenham entered the first public schools championship in 1868 and their pair, J. J. Reid and A. T. Myers, reached the final, where they lost to Eton, 3-4. They have never again gone so far, and the last pair to compete in the championship was P. B. C. Moore (now Lord Moore) and E. S. L. Mason, in 1939.

A champion of the college who also achieved eminence in later life was R. T. Reid, who became Lord Loreburn and Lord Chancellor. He had been champion in 1862, when the game was played in open-air courts built in 1852 and later converted into a museum.

The best-known master among Cheltenham rackets players this century was probably K. S. Dalespeth, who later played

cricket for England. He played rackets for Cheltenham in the public schools championship for three years running (1921-23) and in 1926 played first string for Cambridge in the University match.

The revival of rackets at Cheltenham is owed to the inspiration and initiative of the headmaster and Sir Ronald Prais, formerly chairman of the College governing body. Richard Morgan gained his enthusiasm for the game while teaching at Radley, and despite having attended a school without a rackets court — Sherborne — he entered the Noel Bruce cup public schools old boys' competition with David Summerscale, now headmaster of Westminster.

In 1963 they lost in the first round, 0-4, to Haileybury and ISC, and in 1964, after a walk-over in the first round, they lost 6-3 to the eventual winners, Eton.

The headmaster of Cheltenham has invited Ronald Hughes to visit the College twice a week as professional to teach the game. Hughes retired last year after 30 years as the Malvern Cricket professional. The captain of rackets is to be Toby Gordon. Morgan intends to open a public evening class at the court for local players to enjoy the game and plans to hold a Cheltenham "Gold Racquet" tournament annually.

The headmaster said last week: "The College is indebted to the Tennis and Rackets Association not only for the expert help received in the restoration of the court but also for their generosity in financial support."

ICE HOCKEY

Only Fife remain unbeaten

With Murrayfield Racers and Whitley Warriors suffering their first defeats at the weekend, only Fife Flyers remain unbeaten in the premier division of the Heineken League (a special correspondent writes).

They confirmed their position as favourites with a hard-earned victory, 7-4, over their great rivals from Murrayfield, Fred Perini contributing four goals and two assists.

Lower down the table, there

were notable achievements by three Midlands clubs. The 15 goals scored by Nottingham Panthers in defeating a depleted Dundee Rockets side, constituted a new club record in the Heineken League. Peterborough Pirates gained their first premier division home victory at the twentieth attempt, 9-4 against Street House Redcliffians.

And the two points Solihull Barons took from their 10-6 win over Ayr Bruins were the first they have gained in 18 premier division games against Scottish opposition.

Britain's fastest-growing sport welcomed another rink to the fold on Sunday. More than 1,000 fans supported saw Blackwell Bees win their first

home game in the second division, 13-3 against Midway Marauders, thanks largely to their player-coach, Jamie Crapp, formerly of Durham, Nottingham and Solihull, who scored six goals and added three assists.

HEINEKEN LEAGUE: Premier division: Fife Flyers 7; Murrayfield Racers 4; Nottingham Panthers 15; Dundee Rockets 4; Strathgordon Redcliffians 16; Ayr Bruins 4; Durham Wasps 16; Dundee Rockets 9; Murrayfield Racers 14; Whitley Warriors 5; Peterborough Pirates 8; Strathgordon Redcliffians 4; Solihull Barons 10; Ayr Bruins 6. First division: Avonmouth Blackcliffians 2; Dundee Dragons 14; Sunderland Chiefs 6; Trafford Metros 10; Sunderland Wildcats 11; Telford Tigers 21; Cardiff Devils 8; Richmond Flyers 4; Glasgow Eagles 10; Cleveland Bombers 4; Kilmarnock Rangers 1; Dundee Dragons 5; Midway Marauders 8; Slough Jets 11; Southampton Vikings 15; Lee Valley Lions 9; Trafford Metros 12; Blackpool Seagulls 2.

BOBSLEIGHING

Problems put Phipps out of first round

Nick Phipps has been forced to withdraw from the British team for this week's opening round of the Foster's World Cup series in Altenburg, East Germany (Chris Moore writes).

Phipps has a problem with his four-man sled, which needs correcting before he takes part in the Winter Olympics in Calgary.

He will continue preparing on the West German track at Winterberg for next week's second World Cup event there, which incorporates the Velites Cup. Phipps' place at Altenburg this week has been taken by Simon Meade, who finished second in Sunday's British four-man championship.

7.30 unless stated
Littlewoods Cup
Third round replay
Watford v Swindon (7.45)
Barclays League
First division
Arsenal v Chelsea (7.45)
Second division
Birmingham v Barnsley
C Palace v Plymouth (7.45)
Hull v Bradford
Ipswich v Huddersfield (7.45)
Millwall v Southampton (7.45)
Shrewsbury v A Villa
Third division
Blackpool v Bristol City
Bury v Mansfield
Chesterfield v Wigan
Fulham v Grimsby
Gillingham v Brentford (7.45)
Rotherham v Notts Co
Sunderland v Southend
Walsall v Aldershot
GM Vauxhall Conference
Kettering v Cheltenham

Fourth division
Cambridge v Hereford (7.45)
Carlisle v Leyton Orient
Darlington v Crewe
Halifax v Burnley
Newport v Bolton
Rochdale v Colchester
Scunthorpe v Wrexham
Stockport v Hartlepool
Swansea v Wolverhampton
Torquay v Tranmere
Fine Fare Scottish League
First division
Partick v Kilmarnock
EUROPEAN CUP WINNERS' CUP: Second round, second leg (First leg score in brackets): Sporting Lisbon (P) (0) v Kilmarnock (1)
UEFA CUP: Second round, second leg (First leg score in brackets): Werder Bremen (W) (1) v Sparta Moscow (USSR) (4)
SMITHSONIAN IRISH LEAGUE: Round 1: Drogheda v Sligo
CENTRAL LEAGUE: First division: Middlesbrough v Coventry (7.0)
SUNDAY MORNING CONFESSION: Swindon v Portsmouth (2.0)

TODAY'S FIXTURES

CLUB MATCHES: Abertillery v Tring (7.0); Penarth v Newbridge (7.0).
OTHER SPORT
BOWLING: CIS Insurance UK indoor singles championship (at Preston).
BOXING: British and Commonwealth heavyweight championship: Horace Nicks v Phil Lister (at Croxteth Leisure Centre, Sunderland).
ICE HOCKEY: Heineken League Cup: English final, first leg: Solihull Barons v Durham Wasps.
SPEEDWAY: British League: Bradford v Ipswich.
TENNIS: LTA Women's tournament (at Trinton).
AMERICAN FOOTBALL: Highlights from America's National Football League, Citi 10 p.m.
RUGBY UNION
TOWN MATCH: Herefordshire v Usk Eagles (at Wotton, 2.00).
BOXING: Seconds out: From York Hall, Bethnal Green, 11.30 p.m.

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Brian Thomas, Manager,
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MOTOR RACING

Mansell can find comfort in Moss

By John Blunsden

As Nigel Mansell rests his bruised body at his Isle of Man home this week and ponders on what might have been, he should get some comfort from the knowledge that it is not necessary to win the world championship in order to be the best driver in the world.

Twenty-nine years ago Stirling Moss, already three times a championship runner-up and indisputably the finest Formula One driver after Juan Manuel Fangio's retirement, was like Mansell, making a late challenge for the elusive title. But despite winning the last grand prix of the season in Morocco and setting the fastest lap, Moss still finished a point behind Mike Hawthorn. Yet Hawthorn had won only one grand prix that year whereas Moss had won four.

Moss took his defeat badly for a few days, then suddenly came to realise that there was more to life, even for a top racing driver, than the world championship points.

Achievements on the track were what mattered and he went on to record many more of them. Since that moment of realization, it has never seriously bothered him that he never took the title, in fact he has gained considerable satisfaction from repeatedly being referred to as Britain's uncrowned world champion.

It is possible that Mansell, who will find the crown eludes him but that will in no sense devalue his performances on the track. His 1987 record is quite remarkable. Not only has he won six of his 14 races, he led four more, but he retired with mechanical problems and at one point was running either first or second in the remaining four.

X-ray examination for Mansell's back

Nigel Mansell, back in England following his practice accident in Japan, has had a preliminary examination by a specialist who has diagnosed a spinal cord contusion as a result of the crash of the accident (John Blunsden writes). His back is said to be "in shock".

Meanwhile, Mansell is having considerable difficulty in breathing, and it is too early yet to determine whether or not he will be fit to take part in the final grand prix in Adelaide on Sunday week.

For Mansell, racing is all about winning, whereas the championship is a mere collecting points. Nelson Piquet, whose primary aim was to win the world championship for the third time, cannot be blamed for becoming the supreme points collector rather than the best race winner.

Every world championship race ends with one winner and 25 losers. The man who finishes second is merely the leading loser, yet he is awarded five championship points. It is fair that the winner, the only person to have achieved what all 26 set out to do, should receive only three more points than the driver he has just beaten, the loser.

Allocating 12 points for the race victor and retaining the current six, four, three, two and one for the next five places would put proper emphasis on the importance of winning over just finishing. Such a system would have produced some interesting results.

In 1984 Alain Prost would have been champion rather than Niki Lauda; in 1985 Prost would have taken the title regardless; in 1986 Mansell would have won; in 1987 Prost would have been champion despite his Adelaide mishap and this year's contest would still be open. The only consolation that it is not that on Sunday we can concentrate on who is winning the Australian Grand Prix rather than who is out there picking up points. May Mansell be fit enough to take part.

BOWLS

Evans relishes his spell in the spotlight

The rarefied atmosphere of the Preston Guild Hall, where the CIS Insurance UK singles championship is being played under the glare of television lights, does not encourage participants to relax and enjoy the game (David Rhys Jones writes).

Singles players, as a rule, are reluctant to be too demonstrative in any case, for expressions of delight or disappointment can reveal weaknesses to the opposition.

It was refreshing, therefore, to see how John Evans, in his first appearance in the cauldron, wore his heart on his sleeve, and enjoyed nearly every minute of his game against Preston's own Brian Duncan, the poker-faced crown green No. 1.

Evans, now aged 40, once played football for Torquay United, and clearly handles pressure well. His 7-5, 7-3 victory earned him a second round association with the 1985 champion, Jim Baker.

John Price, a prolific title winner from Port Talbot, bowled patiently against another crown green ace, Robert Crawshaw, a bowls maker from Walslow. Crawshaw held his more fancied opponent valiantly over the first two sets, which produced the finest bowling of the championship so far, but faded disappointingly in the third.

FIRST ROUND: Evans (Eng) 10-7 Duncan (Eng); 7-5; 7-3; Jones (Wales) beat R Crawshaw (Eng) 7-4, 7-1, 7-1.

Taking a joy-ride with Stirling Moss away from the acrimonious fumes of today to the purer air of yesterday

One man and his wheels of fortune

Almost 30 years ago Stirling Moss failed by a single point to become the first British world champion racing driver. He lost because at Oporto, in the eighth of that season's 10 races, he testified to the stewards of the meeting on behalf of his great rival, Mike Hawthorn, who had been accused of restarting his car in an illegal manner after a spin.

Moss's testimony got Hawthorn a reprieve, allowing him to keep his championship points for finishing second. A few weeks later Moss and his green Vanwall were faced with the task of winning the final event, in Morocco, and taking the extra point for recording the fastest race lap, with Hawthorn's Ferrari finishing no higher than third. Moss took his maximum but the junior Ferrari driver, Phil Hill, waved his team leader through into second place in the final stages. Hawthorn took the crown that Moss was fated never to win.

Today, of course, it is a different game as we are treated to the spectacle of team colleagues squabbling in an out of the cockpit, trying to run each other off the road, trying to get each other disqualified. Some drivers are allowed to get away with blocking manoeuvres in grand prix racing that should have been disciplined out of them in the kindergarten of Formula Ford.

Feelings are bound to run higher when millions rather than hundreds are at stake and there is no reason why motor racing could have expected to escape the atmosphere of ego-worship, jealousy, spite and rancour in which all professional sport is now conducted. As individual events, grand prix races are no less exciting than they were 10, 20, 30 or perhaps even 50 years ago. But to browse through *My Cars, My Career*, by Stirling Moss with Doug

Nye (Patrick Stephens, £19.95), is to breathe a purer air.

In this large and remarkable volume Moss outlines his career by means of a survey of the all cars he drove in competition. Applied to a Hunt or a Mansell, this method would make for neither varied nor interesting reading. In Moss's day it was different; although, come to that, Moss was different even by the standards of his own day.

Between 1947, when Moss, aged 17, began competing in a pre-war BMW sports car, and 1962, when he ended his professional career in a mangled Formula One Lotus-

Climax, he drove 84 types of car in 501 races, of which he won no fewer than 173. His appetite was phenomenal: at Goodwood in April 1961, at the peak of his fame and his powers, he took part in four different races in four different cars, winning two. That was typical.

He loved racing and loved it best when the odds were stacked against him. The victories in factory-entered cars - Maserati, Mercedes-Benz and Vanwall - still make stirring reading but pale next to the heroic victories in underpowered and privately entered little Coopers

and Lotuses against the might of Ferrari: Buenos Aires 1958, Monza 1959, Monte Carlo and the Nürburgring 1961 were the occasions on which his virtuosity found its most perfect expression.

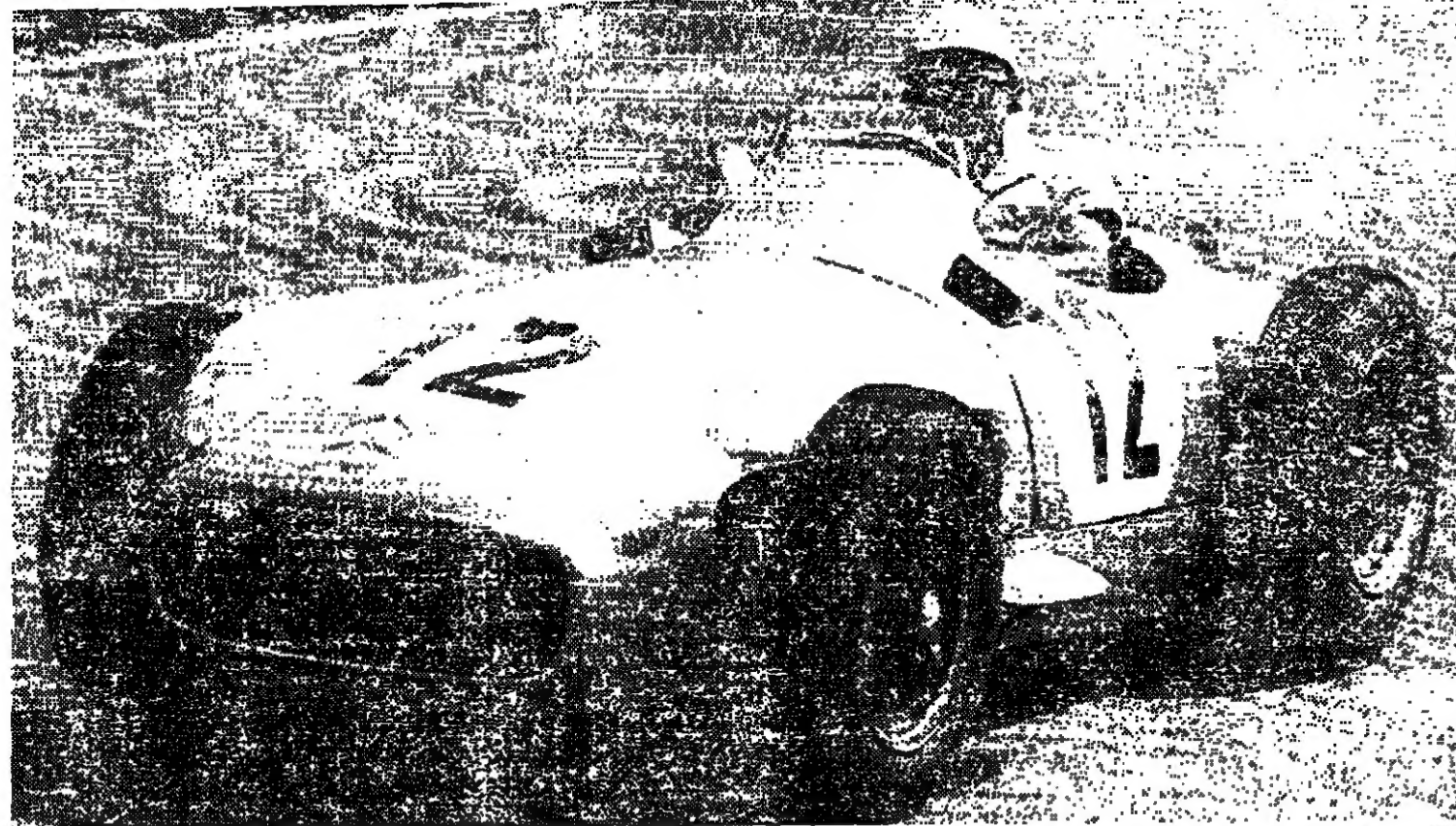
Moss and his amanuensis, Doug Nye, have relied heavily on his diaries, kept with a mixture of boyish enthusiasm and technical diligence. Anecdotes tumble over each other, with just enough mechanical analysis to support the armchair enthusiast's contention that Moss's besetting sin was an over-readiness to involve himself in the nuts and

bolts, an ultimately damaging eagerness to try new tweaks that too often proved fragile.

His judgements on the individual cars are vivid and direct. The *bêtes noires* - or perhaps white elephants - were the disastrous V16 BRM and the brutal Zagato-bodied Maserati coupé which he almost asphyxiated him at Le Mans in 1957. Among the favourites are another sports Maserati, the extraordinary "Birdcage", the elegant C-Type Jaguar, and the unique four-wheel-drive Ferguson single-seater, an experiment which appealed to all Moss's instincts.

And the dozen of them all, *Motor Sport's* Denis Jenkinson, distils a loving portrait of Juan Manuel Fangio, who won his first world championship at 41 and his fifth at 47. "Young racing drivers of today still feel great emotion when they meet this grand old man of grand prix," Jenkinson writes. For all his millions, the champion of 1957 should be so lucky.

Richard Williams



Mercanship, 1955: Moss taking Tatts Corner at Aintree during practice for the British Grand Prix in one of the 84 cars in his 501-race life

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Nye (Patrick Stephens, £19.95), is to breathe a purer air.

In this large and remarkable volume Moss outlines his career by means of a survey of the all cars he drove in competition. Applied to a Hunt or a Mansell, this method would make for neither varied nor interesting reading. In Moss's day it was different; although, come to that, Moss was different even by the standards of his own day.

Between 1947, when Moss, aged 17, began competing in a pre-war BMW sports car, and 1962, when he ended his professional career in a mangled Formula One Lotus-

Climax, he drove 84 types of car in 501 races, of which he won no fewer than 173. His appetite was phenomenal: at Goodwood in April 1961, at the peak of his fame and his powers, he took part in four different races in four different cars, winning two. That was typical.

He loved racing and loved it best when the odds were stacked against him. The victories in factory-entered cars - Maserati, Mercedes-Benz and Vanwall - still make stirring reading but pale next to the heroic victories in underpowered and privately entered little Coopers

and Lotuses against the might of Ferrari: Buenos Aires 1958, Monza 1959, Monte Carlo and the Nürburgring 1961 were the occasions on which his virtuosity found its most perfect expression.

Moss and his amanuensis, Doug Nye, have relied heavily on his diaries, kept with a mixture of boyish enthusiasm and technical diligence. Anecdotes tumble over each other, with just enough mechanical analysis to support the armchair enthusiast's contention that Moss's besetting sin was an over-readiness to involve himself in the nuts and

bolts, an ultimately damaging eagerness to try new tweaks that too often proved fragile.

His judgements on the individual cars are vivid and direct. The *bêtes noires* - or perhaps white elephants - were the disastrous V16 BRM and the brutal Zagato-bodied Maserati coupé which he almost asphyxiated him at Le Mans in 1957. Among the favourites are another sports Maserati, the extraordinary "Birdcage", the elegant C-Type Jaguar, and the unique four-wheel-drive Ferguson single-seater, an experiment which appealed to all Moss's instincts.

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Private funds for drug testing

By John Goodbody

The Government is this week set to announce a private sponsorship of over £500,000 towards the first two years of its new independent drug control programme, which was yesterday approved by the Sports Council. Colin Moynihan, the Minister for Sport, said that "keen interest" has been shown from the private sector and that he was optimistic that "the package" (totalling £1,442,500) will be funded in full.

From April 1 up to 4,000 tests, both in and out of season, will be carried out annually, with the samples being collected by independent officials and not by representatives of governing bodies. Last year, just over 2,000 people were tested.

In September the Minister told *The Times* that some British governing bodies had "made deals" to ensure that certain competitors would not be tested for drugs at important events. His revelation about corruption in the system was one of the most serious to be levelled in British sport, and came after a two-month inquiry and report by the Minister and Sebastian Coe, a vice-chairman of the Sports Council. Moynihan said that this was why he recommended to the Council that independent testing should be carried out.

Testing will be done without prior notice, although Bill Slater, a Council official, said it would be done sensitively. "We would not be waking people up in the middle of the night."

Several sports, such as rowing, athletics and weightlifting, are already carrying out random testing out of competition.

About 30 governing bodies will be subjected to this programme, and the Council yesterday reiterated the warning, first made in 1985, that anybody not adopting effective anti-doping regulations could suffer withdrawal of grants and services.

The drugs control centre at Chelsea will analyse the tests and the governing bodies notified of the results. But a drugs review panel, chaired by Sir Arthur Gold and with representatives of the Sports Council and the Central Council of Physical Recreation, plus a medical expert, will also know the results. The panel will report to the Council on the findings of banned substances.

The authors of the report said that this was the important step forward in the struggle against drug taking. Coe also emphasized the importance of a declaration last month in Athens by the Eastern European bloc that it was desirable that international federations should perform tests all year round on condition they do so without fear or favour.

What Britain has started, it is hoped that other countries will follow.

Tit for tat in pit-a-Pat finish

By Ian Stafford

It takes a great deal to create excitement on a dull and cold November afternoon in a rural corner of Surrey but the temperature at Lingfield Park yesterday was raised by day one of the last week of the run-in for the jockeys' championship.

Steve Cauthen began and ended the day three wins ahead of his rival, Pat Eddery, after each had scored one victory. The show moves to Leicester today as the two fight out the closest finish to the season since Scobie Breasley beat Lester Piggott by a short head in 1963.

Cauthen had hardly wiped the sleep from his eyes before winning the first race at Lingfield, the Willow Maiden Stakes, on the Henry Cecil-trained \$1 million debutant, Adabas. Not a great start to the day for Eddery, who trailed over four lengths behind Cauthen's odds-on favourite.

But 90 minutes later he had a winner in the Ken Butler Wines Graduation Stakes: Darnelle, the Khalid Abdulla-owned odds-on favourite.

Eddery, who rides as a first jockey to Abdulla on a three-year contract said to be worth £3 million, was set to ride at Leicester yesterday but was forced to switch when Abdulla entered Darnelle at Lingfield. After he had watched Cauthen gallop away with the first race, Eddery was probably relieved that Abdulla had provided him with a dead cert to follow.

The tit-for-tat procedure of yesterday is just about typical of the season. In June, after a triumphant week at Ascot in which he recorded 10 wins, Cauthen forged 14 ahead in the jockeys' championship.



THE GREAT RACE
Eddery clawed his way back to level before falling a further nine behind by August. By the first week of October Eddery had established what, at the time, seemed a winning lead of eight. But Cauthen is now the firm favourite to capture his third title.

It is a classic duel between two men who, at least geographically, are oceans apart. From Kentucky we have Cauthen, aged 27, whose time at Lambourn and Newmarket falls to displace his Kentucky drawl. At 5ft 7in he has had endless weight problems in his quest for supremacy and is currently on 8st 7lb. The son of a blacksmith, Cauthen was exercising horses - against Kentucky law - when he was only 12 years old. Six years later he was voted Sportsman of the Year in the United States, beating Muhammad Ali among others.

From Ireland we have Eddery, aged 35, the son of a former Irish champion called Jimmy Eddery. When he was

THE BIG RACE

STEVE CAUTHEN 192
Winners yesterday: one, Adabas (5-9).
Rides today: five - Count Nulin (1-30), Leicester (2-0), Pamel Game (2-30), in Glory (3-0), Magnus Pym (3-30).

PAT EDDERY 189
Winners yesterday: one, Darnelle (8-11).
Rides today: six - Sulcis (1-30), Leicester (2-0), Pamel Game (2-30), in Glory (3-0), Apple Ring (3-0), Fast Chick (3-30), Festival Mood (4-0).
(Five flat racing days remaining)

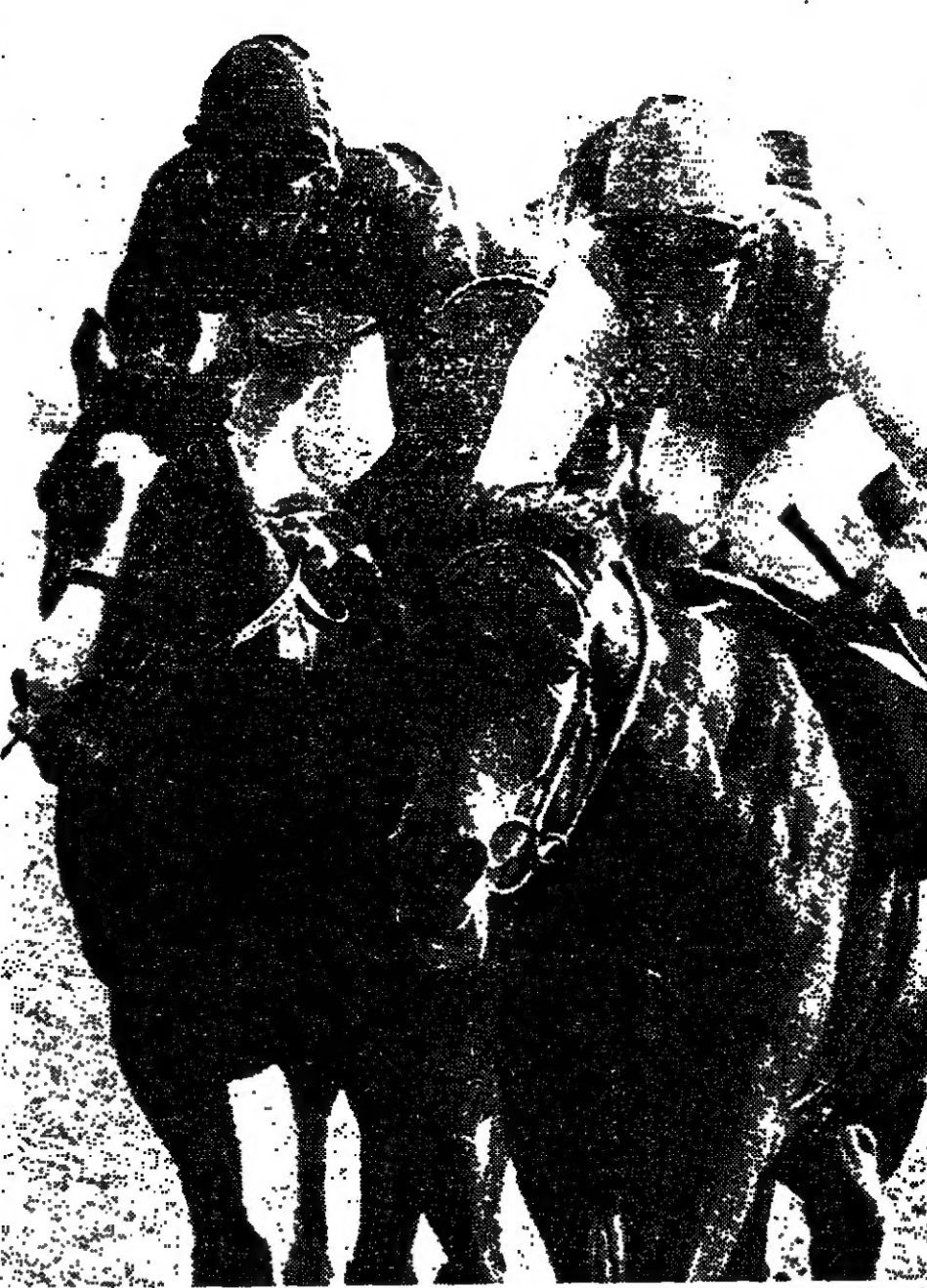
nine years old Pat used to cycle three miles each morning to a training stable near his Dublin. He is the champion and has won the title five times. At 5ft 6in he holds the evident advantage of weighing a natural 8st 3lb.

"Steve would not have gone racing as many days this season if it was not for the championship," John Hammer, the BBC commentator and Cauthen's booker of horses, said. "Pat has always been one to go racing given half a chance but, of course, the title is on his mind."

The bookies have Cauthen as their 2-7 favourite to head the table after the close of the season, at Doncaster on Saturday. Terry Ellis, Eddery's brother-in-law and manager, can see why. "All our ammunition has now been fired," he said. "All our Harwood and Tree runners have finished for the season but Cauthen has got some Cecil-backed rides left. On paper the title looks to be going Cauthen's way but there's no such thing as a sure winner."

Minutes after the last race yesterday, Eddery sprinted out of the weighing-room to a Mercedes, to be driven by Ellis to his Aylesbury home; Cauthen followed rapidly to an awaiting Jaguar, to be driven back to Newmarket.

The season began an eternity ago in March and by now both jockeys are looking for as much rest as possible. Three ahead, and having ridden 153 rides fewer than Eddery, the American will be feeling satisfied this morning, if a little cautious. "There is still some way to go," he said. "I am pleased that I am ahead but I am not assuming anything."



One for the champion's road: Eddery wins on Darnelle (Photograph: Stephen Markeson)

Butcher becomes fourth player to be charged

By Roddy Forsyth

Terry Butcher yesterday became the fourth player to be charged in connection with the Rangers-Celtic match on October 17.

Like his Rangers team colleagues, Graham Roberts and Chris Woods, and Frank McAvennie, of Celtic, he has been accused of conduct likely to provoke a breach of the peace, an offence for which the maximum penalties are three months imprisonment or a fine of £2,000 or both.

Whenever Glasgow's Procurator-Fiscal has finished with his interest in the 'Old Firm' game there will be another inquiry this time held by the Scottish Football Association.

The SFA decided on a full-scale inquest yesterday after a two-hour study of a detailed report by the match referee, Jim Duncan. At least Rangers had the consolation of hearing the SFA secretary, Ernie Walker, say there was no substance to allegations that another person connected with Rangers had been reported by the referee because of an incident which supposedly took place before the match.

The avalanche of publicity threatens to rumble on remorselessly. The Scottish footballer's friend in parliament, the Labour MP, Brian Wilson, is to table a Commons question about the prosecution of Butcher and his fellow players. The Solicitor General, Peter Fraser, will be asked to reply.

Against such a background it seems almost incidental that Rangers fly to Poland this morning knowing that the prize of a place in the quarter-finals of the European Cup will be theirs if they can produce a competent performance against Gorzlk, who trail 3-1 from the second-round first leg in Scotland a fortnight ago.

In the first half, Gorzlk's performance can aptly be described as amateur, yet after the interval they looked perfectly capable of being very troublesome for Rangers in front of goal.

The Ibrox team has frequently produced dazzling football this season only to struggle in the later stages of games. Part of the problem may well be caused by the draining schedule facing any successful Scottish club.

A League campaign of 44 games, plus cup matches, which in Rangers' case already include an extended final against Aberdeen, as well as European ties and whatever demands may be made by the national squad, is hardly the formula for Continental success. However, if Rangers can minimize the impact of the latest round of publicity attached to the club they can move on in the competition.

Ron Atkinson, the West Bromwich Albion manager, will issue a statement this morning to clarify reports of an incident involving his players during the club's trip to Portugal last week. Meanwhile, four England under-21 internationals - Mark Brennan, Jason Dorell, Dale Gordon and Robert Rosario - have been dropped for drinking before a match in Toulon in June.

Ferguson after Lawrenson

By Ian Ross

Alex Ferguson, the Manchester United manager, is ready to bolster his side's fading championship challenge by signing Mark Lawrenson, Liverpool's unsettled Republic of Ireland international defender.

Lawrenson, who is now aged 30 but still regarded as one of the finest centre backs in European football, is at present unable to hold down a regular first-team place at Liverpool. Although Kenny Dalglish, the Liverpool manager, has made it clear that he is determined to keep together one of the largest senior squads in Britain, Lawrenson is known to be unhappy at recent developments.

Ferguson sees Lawrenson as the ideal man to partner Paul McGrath, his international colleague, at the heart of a defence which has been plagued by inconsistency all season.

Four weeks ago Ferguson announced that Bryan Robson would spend the remainder of the season in defence, but if Lawrenson can be persuaded to move to Old Trafford the England captain would be allowed to resume midfield duties.

Though Lawrenson is now very much at the veteran stage of his career - after more than 600 senior appearances spanning more than twelve years - Liverpool are likely to demand, and receive, a fee of around £800,000.

Since Lawrenson was dropped from the Liverpool team in early October, he has been linked with several leading first division sides, including Derby County, Chelsea and Tottenham Hotspur, but if he is to move away from Anfield he would undoubtedly prefer a northern club.

There is no doubt at all that if players seriously transgress in future their international futures will be at stake," warned Millichip. "You may be sure the England squad will be told in no uncertain terms what is expected of them."

However Millichip added: "It is not my place to say whether law officers should or should not take a hand, because special circumstances can apply. But as a general rule football itself is better equipped to act quickly and decisively and appropriately whenever action is required."

England men warned
Bert Millichip, the chairman of the Football Association, is to spell out to England players the increasing danger to their careers, as a result of the decision to bring charges against Terry Butcher, Chris Woods and Graham Roberts of Rangers and Celtic's Frank McAvennie, following the match at Ibrox on October 17.

Millichip, a solicitor, will warn players before next week's European Championship game against Yugoslavia, that they could end up in court if they get involved in violent or provocative incidents on the field.

Only one place, however, is open to Britain in the Olympic and world championships later in the season and that is almost certain to go to Sharon Jones and Paul Ascham, who defend their British title at Bracknell on Saturday week. Abretti is looking for a new partner but Miss Coates has decided to withdraw from competition.

David Broome and his sister Liz Edgar will compete in the Paderborn Horse Show in West Germany from November 6 to 8, where they will be joined by fellow British riders, Emma Mac and Michael Whitaker.

Ticket requests raise suspicion

By David Hands, Rugby Correspondent

The Rugby Football Union is investigating clubs and schools who, they believe, may have applied for international match tickets with the intention of selling them to commercial organizations.

"We have identified some 30 applications from schools and nine from clubs which seem highly suspicious," Dudley Wood, the RFU secretary, said yesterday. "They are from schools and clubs who do not normally apply for tickets - one is from a school which now plays rugby league, wanting tickets worth £2,800."

"I have written to the headmasters of the schools, requesting a signed assurance that the tickets are for the school members, staff or parents. We are short of replies to those requests," Wood said that there was a "strong West Country bias" to the suspicious applications, though he would not name the individual bodies.

The RFU has already received an indignant blast from schools and clubs who object to commercial organizations writing to them asking whether they are willing to sell tickets, particularly for the game against Wales on February 6, for anything between £50 and £100 (the price of a prime seat at Twickenham is £16).

"The feeling of the whole rugby world is very strongly against this activity," Wood said. "There is a lot of money at stake for those hoping to get tickets but we will do everything we can to make sure tickets go to genuine supporters of the game."

The RFU has identified a certain common formula in the applications they regard as suspicious, in the number and positions of tickets applied for. The cash value of the tickets applications for the two home internationals, against Wales and Ireland, is £2.4 million, involving some 3,000 application forms from affiliated bodies, but the RFU ticket staff have been able to spot those they regard as potentially false claimants by the size of their requests.

Of that £2.4 million worth of applications, an artificial figure because clubs and schools always apply for more tickets than they want, more than half will be returned because a full ground at two internationals brings in just under £1 million (Twickenham holds 62,000, of whom 44,000 are seated). Indeed, Twickenham could almost be filled by those who apply for the 15,500 top-priced tickets.

Twickenham's capacity will be marginally increased by some 500 places this season by the erection of temporary hospitality boxes.

Corinthian dream puts London on Cup trail

By Barry Pickthall

Five former Olympic oarsmen, two doctors, a solicitor, a dentist, a graphic artist and five other friends emerged yesterday as the power behind the last-minute challenge by the Royal Canoe Club (RCC) for the America's Cup.

Each has raised £1,000 towards the \$25,000 payment on a dream that Londoners will have the willingness, resources and expertise to achieve what has so far eluded 11 British millionaires over the past 136 years - win back the 'Auld Mug'.

The syndicate, headed by Brian Hayes, the RCC's commodore and Martin Baucher, a member, was formed last week. The team as yet have no links with a designer, scientists or builder and no clues yet on who should sail their dream boat. The single ideal driving these men to part with their non-returnable deposit is a Corinthian effort, backed, they hope, by a groundswell of enthusiasm from Londoners.

The team, which includes the designer, Ian Howlett, Lawrie Smith and Rodney Partisnon, hope that Prentice will quickly give them the go-ahead to continue tank testing.

Tollhurst will not intercede, only try to negotiate that both parties agree to abide by the judicial decision to avoid a lengthy appeal which would hamper the plans of all syndicates for the next challenge.

The association also voted to allow four moveable underwater appendages so designers can develop forward rudders and rotating wings on keels.

The New York Supreme Court is adjudicating the case, but according to Walker,

Attempt to halt delays

By Barry Pickthall

When it was suggested that £20 million might be the figure needed to beat Dennis Conner at his own game, Baucher remained unshaken: "Every time we asked someone for £1,000 last week, the money was put on the table."

The mysterious Isis Corinthian YC, which also put in a late challenge, appears to have greater substance. Behind them is John Prentice, who skipped Battley for Britain in the 1975 Admiral's Cup. Prentice has taken over the reins of Richard Branson's proposed challenge after Branson lost interest when the Cup became embroiled in a legal battle.

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Helping hand

By Barry Pickthall

Bob Appleyard, the former Yorkshire and England bowler, is returning as a coach to improve the county's slow bowling. Appleyard, aged 63, took 200 wickets in his first season of first-class cricket in 1951 and claimed 31 victims at 17.87 each in Test matches.

West Indian fast bowler Winston Davis, aged 29, has confirmed that he will play for Northamptonshire again next season, international calls permitting.

Based on ticket sales, the total official attendance figure for last week's European Community tennis championship in Antwerp was \$185,733, (about £116,000) a world record for an indoor tournament.

England's Under-24 women's lacrosse team held the powerful American touring side to a 3-3 draw at Oswestry yesterday after a last minute England goal was disallowed. Di Stearn (2) and Jo Sladen scored for England.

Horace Notice, the Commonwealth champion, will become the first British heavyweight champion to win a Lonsdale belt outright since Henry Cooper, who won three, if he defeats Paul Lister in Sunderland tonight.

The Rugby League are considering disciplinary action against players involved in a fracas during the John Smith Yorkshire Cup final replay between Bradford Northern and Castleford last Saturday.

David Broome and his sister Liz Edgar will compete in the Paderborn Horse Show in West Germany from November 6 to 8, where they will be joined by fellow British riders, Emma Mac and Michael Whitaker.

Only one place, however, is open to Britain in the Olympic and world championships later in the season and that is almost certain to go to Sharon Jones and Paul Ascham, who defend their British title at Bracknell on Saturday week. Abretti is looking for a new partner but Miss Coates has decided to withdraw from competition.

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Three cheers for the Fiscal

By Edward Grayson

Barrister and author of *Sport and the Law*

Three hearty cheers for Glasgow's Procurator-Fiscal, Sandy Jessop, from every true sports lover and citizen who respects authority off the field as well as on it when the two collide, as they did at Ibrox Park two weeks ago. For the players concerned cannot say they were not warned.

At the beginning of last season they were put on notice by not only the Scottish Football Association (SFA) but also by Scotland's Solicitor-General, Mr Peter Fraser, QC. He said he would be advising prosecutions for offences on the field.

And David Will, the SFA president, chairman of Brechin City and a solicitor, said: "Having spent most of the close season stressing that every effort was to be made to stamp out violent conduct and serious indiscipline on the field, the association was appalled to learn that the first day of the new season had been marred by one of the most serious incidents witnessed in Scottish football in recent years."

Resulting from all that, Graeme Souness was suspended for three matches. Rangers were fined £5,000 and Hibernian were fined £1,000. Will emphasized: "It is a relief that we are able to record that actions by players which would have led to a riot had they occurred on the terraces did not spark off catastrophic crowd trouble."

If that had happened, there would have been a clear breach of the peace. To avoid this position, the law provides for a contingency, "likely to provoke a breach of the peace." This is what the police now say happened in the match between Rangers and Celtic a fortnight ago. And if the evidence is there, what should they do? Wait for the riot? Or, rather, wait for the curious ambiguous attitude to develop of Bert Millichip, chairman of the Football Association (and also a solicitor), who quoted yesterday: "If the football authorities are not able to deal with organizations and discipline at their own matches, it is a sad state of affairs."

It certainly is and who other than the football authorities in England are responsible for it?

Giles: pride and shame
Did Millichip read what his own former player-manager was quoted as saying in August in respect of the progress of Leeds United? John Giles's reported words were: "I get a rush of pride when I think of the great years with Leeds United. I also feel shame... now I can see clearly enough that we stretched the rules to breaking point... we went too far, too ruthless. I went too far... we did and we prospered. We never thought there might be a day when we would wonder if the price was too high."

Was any action taken against Giles by his former club chairman, Millichip, over that quotation? Did Millichip make any comment in 1983, when Chris Hutchings, of Chelsea, was prosecuted for conduct likely to provoke a breach of the peace in the crowd at Brighton?

Millichip should reflect upon what Alan Crumwell did last season as Rugby Football Union (RFU) president. When Wade Doolley broke an opponent's cheekbone in a rough house in the Wales-England international earlier this year, the RFU hierarchy wasted no time in banning from selection the offender and three other players.

Where does Millichip's responsibility lie? Where did the Wimbledon authorities' responsibility lie when they allowed John McEneaney to continue his abusive conduct which, also, could have been argued as likely to provoke a breach of the peace?

Surely Millichip as a solicitor must realize that no sportsman or sportswoman can be above the law; and that if a game cannot control itself, what are the police to do? Stand back and do nothing, or respond to Scotland's leadership, which all should applaud, however unfortunate the circumstances?

"The latest edition to be published by Butterworth next month."

There is £5,000 to be won today in The Times Portfolio Gold competition, double the usual amount as there was no winner yesterday. A Portfolio list, page 51.

INDEX
Home News
Business
Finance
Sport
Arts
City Diary
Deaths, marriages
Obituary
Crime
Education
Health
International
Law
Literature
Music
Politics
Property
Science
TV & Radio
Weather

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